Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1868. NUMBER 107.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The High Court of Impeachment—Manager Bingham Proceeds with his Argument—Does not Conclude—Will Speak an Hour To-Day.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 5, 1868.

Senator CAMERON moved to invite the members of the Medical Convention now in session in the city to seats in the gallery without tickets, saying they numbered about two hundred.

Senator DRAKE objected.

The motion was disagreed to.

Mr. BINGHAM resumed his argument. After recapitulating his arguments of yesterday, he took up the question whether or not it is necessary in this case to prove the evil intent. He read from the records of English State trials to show such proof is not needed. He would not argue the point at any length, because it was plainly settled by common law and the practice of centuries. The arguments of counsel on this question were peruile and unfit to be uttered in the presence of the Senate.

He then referred to the question of the power of the President to fill vacancies created by himself during the session of the Senate, and insisted the fact of the ultimate connection of the power of appointment with that of removal had been studiously kept out of sight by the counsel opposing him, and went on to argue with reference to all the provisions bearing on the subject that the right to appoint Cabinet officers without the consent of the Senate was no where granted to the President by the Constitution. It could not be merely filled as a vacancy by a temporary appointment, for his letter of authority appointed General Thomas for an indefinite time. To show that it was not among the President's implied powers under the Constitution to vacate and fill offices with the consent of the Senate, he read from writings of Hamilton and Webster. He further maintained that the speeches of Mr. Sherman and other Senators were not susceptible of the meaning put on them by the opposing counsel. In regard to the debate of 1789, he contended too much weight was given to the utterances of partizan debate at the time, but he argued the power of removal granted the President in 1789 was restricted by subsequent legislation. He held that President Adams removed Mr. Pickering before the Senate met, although on the same day, and the record was not clear. He asked of what avail would be the provision of the Constitution limiting the power to fill vacancies during a recess of the Senate to the issue of commissions to expire at the beginning of the next session, if the President could create vacancies at will during the session of the Senate?

Mr. Bingham challenged the citation of any law or section of the Constitution which would limit the terms of the officers thus appointed by the President by such appointments. He could keep men in office at his pleasure, without regard to the Constitution on the subject. And on the question of what are the limitations of Executive power, Mr. Bingham cited numerous authorities and quoted from speeches of Webster. With regard to the President's defense, that he sought to test the validity of the Tenure-of-Office law, he asserted there has never been a clear unequivocal decision of the Supreme Court against the constitutionality of a law of Congress, and held it was only a bold pretense of the President to take upon himself the responsibility which the Court itself had never assumed. The presumption was altogether in favor of the law's validity. To admit his possession of a discretionary and judicial prerogative would be to clothe the creature with power superior to the power which created him, and would enable him at pleasure to defy the will of the people, the Constitution and laws.

Alluding to an expression of Mr. Evarts, he denied having claimed the omnipotence of Congress. He regarded that body, equally with the President, the servant of the people, but neither Congress nor the Judiciary are answerable to the Executive. He would make no further answer to the clamor of the learned gentleman on this point, but must repel the charges against the House of Representatives, as having brought and originated impeachment in party hate, and against the Senate for having expressed an opinion on the subject which they were afterwards to judge. It was their duty to express that opinion, for they were to try the President in an entirely different capacity.

He then recited the three laws which the President was charged with having violated, claiming it had been already shown that three violations were offences. He quoted Kent that maladministration in office was also ground for impeachment. He held that it was entirely immaterial whether or not the articles were framed in the technical form of an indictment. Every child knew his offence was an assumption of power to judge of the validity of laws for himself, and to obey them or not at his pleasure, and it was not too much to say a bolder piece of effrontery was never before known. He held that the elaborate argument of the counsel to prove that the law of 1863 did not repeal the act of 1789, admitted it was in the power of the President to determine the tenure-of-office, and that the subject was not determined by constitutional provisions, and then proceeded to comment on the act of 1867, in order to show it was clear and explicit in its terms. Referring to Senator Sherman's remarks, who said he would consent to the removal of a Cabinet officer who should be so destitute honor as to refuse to resign when requested by the Senate, Mr. Bingham said the remark was natural at that time, for circumstances had not then developed the malignity and dangerous intentions of the President, besides the expression showed that the consent of the Senate was necessary. No one doubted at that time that Mr. Stanton came within the provisions of the act. The President did not, for he had acknowledged as much by suspending Mr. Stanton under the act. Now, how is the power of suspension given him? Even the wording of his message was borrowed in part from the language of the act, and this excuse was an afterthought to cover up his villainy. He held the President was reprehensible for having abused the powers granted him by the act to remove Stanton without alleging or proving the latter disqualified in any way from exercising his duties.

At this point the Senate took a recess.

On re-assembling Mr. Bingham claimed it had been already shown that the President was self-convicted on the charges contained in the first, second, third, eighth and eleventh articles, and proceeding to speak of the removal of Mr. Stanton, paid a glowing tribute to the public services, character and virtues of that calumniated officer, who had been proved faithful among the faithless, and who, in all the qualities which adorn and ennoble human nature had no superior in any age. Yet this distinguished patriot had been removed without a colorable excuse, in violation of law, to gratify the personal enmity of the President.

Mr. Bingham was glad to be able to agree with the counsel in one point of law, namely, that an unconstitutional law was no law; but insisted it cannot be considered unconstitutional until it has been so pronounced in a proper way. He would also reiterate that evil intent is to be presumed from evil acts; but the President's evil intention was not merely a matter of presumption, but of confession. To show this, Mr. Bingham read from the President's letter to Gen. Grant, in which he says, "You know that it was my purpose to prevent Mr. Stanton from resuming the duties of the office of Secretary of War," and he claimed further that every one not stupid or insane must see, if Mr. Stanton had been kept out of his office, he never could have got into the Court, and a decision could never have been obtained by the President. The defence that he wanted to obtain a *quo warranto* was mere babble in the ears of the Senate. He asked why, if the President's purpose in all he did was to secure a decision of the Supreme Court, he did not institute the proceedings? It was because it was impossible for him to do so, as he knew it would be from the beginning. He then read from Greenleaf to show the President must be held responsible for what, with ordinary intelligence, he must have seen would be the consequence of his actions. In reply to the defence that the act was not consummated, he said it had been long settled that the attempt to commit a misdemeanor was itself an indictable misdemeanor, in support of which proposition he cited legal authority. He also held that any offence under the common law was indictable in the District of Columbia, according to the laws of 1801 and 1831. According to the Tenure-of-Office law it made the removal of Mr. Stanton and the appointment of Gen. Thomas a misdemeanor, and no intelligent man could deny they were impeachable offences.

The only question which remained to be considered was the constitutionality of that law. He might simply say that was a closed question. To acknowledge now that the Tenure-of-Office act, which, after long discussion had been passed and again passed over the President's veto, and again approved on February 22d, unconstitutional, will be for the Senate to deny its decision three times made and to confess that it is the guilty party worthy of impeachment.

Mr. Bingham then referred to his own course and that of the majority of his party in opposing impeachment until it was unavoidable—until the "Gods had made him mad whom they had to destroy."

In regard to the defence based on the practice of the Government during eighty years, he denied that such practice was contrary to the spirit of the Tenure-of-Office law, but claimed that the acts of 1789 and 1792 and subsequent years all implied and assumed the power of Congress to regulate the entire subject. In regard to the declarations of the President, which, contrary to all rules of evidence, had been adduced in his defense, he said they were all made after the fact, yet he was not sorry they all concurred in showing the President's unjustifiable purpose.

Mr. Bingham then took up the charges of conspiracy and argued that the joint action of the President and General Thomas was indictable under the conspiracy act of 1661, but said that the indictment of Gen. Thomas would be useless until after the President's impeachment and conviction, since the latter would nullify it by the use of his pardoning power. In the interests of justice then, the conviction of the President was demanded. If it were urged this was a small offence, He reminded the Senators that they were not granted the pardoning power. He then reviewed the evidence of General Thomas, and claimed to show therefrom that he and the President had conspired together in reference to various matters concerning army movements and appropriations, but the conference had decided to let these matters rest until they should see whether an acquittal would not give them a better chance of success.

Mr. Bingham at this point stated it would take him an hour more to finish, and the Senate and Court both adjourned at 4:05.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The SPEAKER announced the select Committee to investigate Mr. Washburne's charges against Mr. Donnelly as Messrs. Banks, Thomas, Maynard, Griswold, Poland, Blair, (Michigan,) Beck, Dawes and Woodward.

Mr. BUTLER offered a resolution that the Committee also enquire into the allegations of Mr. BROOKS on Friday, relative to Mr. Butler.

Mr. BROOKS would not object to the reception of the resolution, if he could move an amendment extending the limit of the investigation.

Mr. DAWES replied he could present his proposition as a separate matter.

The House then proceeded to the Senate.

Upon re-assembling Mr. KERR introduced a bill amendatory of the Pension act of 1864, authorizing pensions granted in certain cases to date from the discharge or death of the soldier. Referred.

Mr. DONNELLY, on leave, introduced a bill to grant lands for the construction of a railroad from Taylor's Falls *via* St. Cloud to the Western boundary of the State.

There being no objection, Mr. BROOKS stated his reasons for objecting to the resolution offered by Mr. Dawes. He desired another allegation by Mr. Butler, which involved a question of veracity between himself and that gentleman, should be investigated viz: That in relation to the New York *Express*. He read a letter from S. T. Clarke, denying the truth of Mr. Butler's statement, and said if the matter of $600,000 in gold was to be investigated it was necessary to follow it with an investigation of the whole New Orleans Military Department.

Mr. DAWES said he offered the resolution at the request of his colleague, Mr. Butler, on whose character for integrity the remarks of the gentleman from New York reflected, and not that he believed there was sufficient ground in the charge for investigation.

Mr. ELDRIDGE desired to make some suggestions before the House should determine to act upon the resolution, but Mr. BENJAMIN objected.

The SPEAKER presented a brief message from the President enclosing certain documents which had been submitted to him relative to proceedings to which they refer in South Carolina and Arkansas. They included the constitutions of those States. Referred to Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. BROOKS asked unanimous consent to offer a resolution which he considered necessary for a proper investigation.

Mr. DAWES said if the House should rule to consider he would have control of it. The House agreed to consider Mr. Dawes' resolution, whereupon he allowed Mr. Brooks to offer his proposition, which directs the Committee to bring before them the report of the special Commissioners, Major Gen. W. F. Smith and James T. Brady, appointed by President Lincoln and Secretary Stanton to investigate the military administration of New Orleans during the war, and especially of Gen. Butler and his connection in the trade of Lakes Bergne and Ponchartrain with his brother, A. J. Butler.

Mr. DAWES thought it altogether unnecessary to instruct the Committee.

The House seconded the previous question and ordered the main question.

Mr. BRECK asked of the Chair whether, If the resolution should be adopted relative to the misappropriation of gold it would be competent to inquire into the misappropriation of spoons and other plate, provided the material be silver?

The SPEAKER replied that the inquiry was not parliamentary.

Mr. DAWES' resolution was agreed to.

Mr. CAREY rose to a question of privilege and offered the following: *Whereas*, the House in the tenth article of impeachment charged Andrew Johnson with high misdemeanor in office in making intemperate, violent and scandalous harangues, indecent and unbecoming to himself, therefore

Resolved, In view of the exhibition here on Friday, Saturday and Monday, a Select Committee be instructed to inquire as to the propriety of the Managers withdrawing the tenth article from the High Court.

The SPEAKER ruled it was not a question of privilege in its present form, but would be if the gentleman had moved that the Managers withdraw any article of impeachment.

Mr. CAREY qualified his resolution so as to request the Managers to withdraw the tenth article.

Mr. SCOFIELD moved to adjourn, which was carried.

METHODISM.

Quadrennial Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 5.—The Conference was called to order by Rev. Bishop Clark. Religious services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Ferris, of New York.

CENTENARY COMMITTEE REPORT.

The report of the Central Centenary Committee shows that while the General Conference of 1864 felt authorized to ask but for $2,000,000, the aggregate amount received is found to be $8,397,662.15, of which amount the Cincinnati Conference contributed $400,084.77, the Central Ohio $114,788,-09, the Ohio Conference $258,472.62, the North Ohio Conference $269,000.

EPISCOPAL ADDRESS.

At ten o'clock Bishop Simpson proceeded to read the Episcopal address. The address opens with an invocation of the Divine blessing upon the representatives of the Church in General Conference assembling, and a brief allusion to the interest of their assembling at the beginning of the second century of the Church in America, and at the close of the great civil war, provoked by slavery, which itself had perished in the conflict. The address referred to the death of Bishop Hamlin, who had died since the last General Conference, paying a beautiful tribute to the genius, learning and eloquence of the departed. The address regretted the impaired health of Bishop Baker, and referred to the visit of Bishop Jones to England as the delegate of this body to the Wesleyan Church in England. In reference to the organization of the Mission Conferences in the recent slave States, the address contained full information and recommended the admission of their delegates.

The membership of the Church in the South is now five hundred and fifty ministers and 117,000 members. The increase of the membership of the church at large was found to be greater during the last four years than in any former quadrennial period. The total number of churches at present is 11,121, and their value $35,885,459, and the number of communicants over one million.

The address reviewed the educational interests of the denomination, representing them in a highly flourishing condition, especially those devoted to the theological training of candidates for the ministry. The publishing interests of the church had been greatly prospered during the last four years, the increase of sales having been far greater than in any former period.

The contributions to the Missionary cause during the last quadrennial period amount to nearly three millions of dollars, and yet such are the increasing demands of this great work that the treasury is now in debt. The Mission fields were all in a highly satisfactory condition and in the most of them encouraging progress was being made, especially in India, China and Germany.

The address referred to the organization of the Church Extension Society since the last General Conference, and represented it as being in a very promising condition.

The Bishops were deeply impressed with the importance of a thorough revision of the boundary lines of the Conference, conforming them more generally to State lines.

On the subject of lay representation the address was exceedingly brief, merely suggesting that the subject would come before the Conference through petitions and memorials, and expressing the opinion that its importance demanded careful consideration.

The reading of the address occupied forty-five minutes and was listened to with marked attention by the Conference and a very large audience. The Conference ordered that eight thousand copies of the address be printed and the various portions of it were referred to appropriate Committees.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

After the reading of the address the order of business was taken up, being the reception of petitions, memorials, &c., of which a very great number were presented for lay delegation, many against it, and others on a great variety of denominational subjects.

Prof. Williams, of Delaware, O., offered a resolution requesting the Bishop to communicate to the Conference their suggestions in regard to rearranging the boundaries of the Conference. Referred.

Mr. Walden, of Cincinnati, offered a resolution requesting the book agents to furnish a copy of all our periodicals to reading rooms and public libraries on certain conditions. Referred.

Rev. Mr. Caruthers, of Erie Conference, presented a petition in favor of so amending the discipline that the Bishop shall be elected for a term of years, and inducted into office without consecration. Referred.

The Chair announced the following special committees previously ordered:

Pastoral Address—Messrs. G. Peck, Castle, Holliday, Nast, Lanahan, Lowry and Thayer.

State of the Country—Messrs. Hubbard, Paddock, H. W. Reed, Harrison, Allen, Caruthers, Bland, Stokes and W. G. Williams.

Scandinavian Work—Messrs. Sticer, Bunter, Baker, Arnold, Ferguson, French and Chafee.

Temperance—Messrs. G. Haney, Edwards, Ives, Kendall, J. C. Reed and Pillsbury.

American Bible Society—Messrs. Curry, Crane, Carrow, Cocker, Robinson, Mullinger and Young.

American and Foreign Christian Union—Messrs. Durbin, Bannister, Vancleve, Kynett, Pillsbury, Colby and Dougherty.

Centenary Report—Messrs. Ferris, Eddy, Erwin, Torsey and Walden.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

The British House of Commons and the Ministry—The Irish Church Question.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

PARLIAMENT DEBATE—THE MINISTRY AND THE COMMONS.

LONDON, May 5.—*Midnight.*—In the House of Commons to-night Mr. Gladstone referred to the Duke of Richmond's assertions in the Lords last night that the Queen left it to the Ministry to dissolve Parliament whenever they pleased. He said such a power was unconstitutional, as it left the Ministry at liberty to deal with cases which have not yet arisen. He asked for an explanation of that statement, and contradicted the one made in the Commons by the Premier.

Mr. D'Israeli, in answer, said there was no discrepancy between the statements made in the two Houses. He had offered to resign, but the offer was declined. His advice to the Queen was to dissolve the Parliament when the state of business permits. This was without any reference to the new constituences, but if the work of the House was soon completed, a new House would be elected by them.

Sir Stafford Northcote said the minority had no intention to menace the House.

Mr. D'Israeli, again rising, said the right to dissolve was only reserved in case the issue on the Irish church was pressed.

Others spoke when the debate ended.

FRANCE.

TURCO-CRETAN QUESTION.

PARIS, May 5—*Evening.*—Information from St. Petersburg is to the effect that Baron De Tallyrand Perigorio, French Envoy, has had a consultation with Prince Gortschakoff upon the subject of mediation by France and Russia in the Turco-Cretan question.

DIPLOMATIC DINNER.

PARIS, May 5—*Evening.*—Baron Budberg, Russian Ambassador to France, gave a grand dinner this evening to the Envoys of various powers represented at the Court of the Tuilleries. General Dix, United States Minister, was among the guests.

GERMANY.

A SPECK OF TROUBLE.

LONDON, May. 5.—A dispatch from Berlin says the South German States threaten to leave the Customs Diet in case the address issued by the party of German Unity should receive consideration at the hands of the Zollverien.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, May 5—*Evening.*—Consols firmer at 94@94¼ for money; 92¾@92¾ for account. American Securities quiet, but steady; Five-Twenties, 77½@77⅝; Illinois Central, 95½; Erie, 46½.

FRANKFORT, May 5—*Evening.*—Five-Twenties firm at 75⅝.

PARIS, May 5—*Evening.*—Bourse firmer: Rentes, 69 francs 42 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, May 5—*Evening.*—Cotton a shade easier, though quotations are unaltered; sales 8,800 bales. Provisions without change. Breadstuffs quiet and unchanged. Produce—Petroleum firm; ls. 4d for standard white; spirits Petroleum declined to 8d. per gallon. Sugar quiet at previous prices.

ANTWERP, May 5—*Evening.*—Petroleum closed at 44¾ francs.

Republican Convention in Virginia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, May 5.—Charles H. Porter, of Norfolk, was nominated for Congress from this district by the Republican District Convention to-day. Well posted Republicans figure up the complexion of the State Convention to-morrow as follows: Wells 114, Hunnicutt 30, Hawkhurst 40, Unknown 26. Wells it is believed will be nominated on the first ballot. About two hundred delegates have arrived.

RICHMOND, May 5.—At a caucus to-night of about forty members of the State Convention, it was agreed to support Welles for Governor, J. Clements, of Portsmouth, for Lieutenant Governor, and T. G. Bowden for Attorney General.

Arrested for Fenianism.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TORONTO, May 5.—The parties arrested yesterday are Patrick Boyle, publisher and editor of the *Irish Canadian* and President of the Hibernian Society, Owen Cosgrove, tavern keeper and Marshal of the Hibernian Society, Johnson, Secretary, and Ed. Hines, printer, on a charge of Fenianism. Other arrests in the neighborhood and in western towns are to be made. Suspicious characters are leaving for the States, and considerable excitement is manifested throughout the city.

New Hampshire Republican Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CONCORD, May 5.—The Republican Convention selected a full list of delegates to the Chicago Convention, including at large Wm. E. Chandler, John H. Bailey, E. M. Topliff and Charles J. Faulkner. Resolutions favoring Grant for President and the impeachment of Johnson were adopted.

Dispatches were recoived from Butler and Washburne to the effect that the removal of Johnson was certain.

Fat Cattle Seized at Buffalo.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, May 5.—The United States authorities seized one hundred and seventeen head of fat cattle yesterday, at International Ferry, which had been imported by a Philadelphia dealer from Toronto and invoiced at one-half of their real value.

James Graham, a well-known ticket agent, was sentenced to-day to the Auburn State Prison for four years for forgery.

Rivers and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, May 5.—River stationary with eight feet two inches in the canal. Weather warm and showery.

ST. LOUIS, May 5.—Wather cloudy and warm.

CINCINNATI, May 5.—Weather fair.

New York for Grant and Fenton.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, May 5.—The Republican delegates to the Chicago Convention met here to-day and adopted resolutions that they will vote for Grant and Fenton.

Maine Delegates to Chicago.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BIDDEFORD, ME., May 4.—The Republican Convention of the First District chose Gen. George F. Shipley and Mark H. Wentworth delegates to the Chicago Convention.

THE CAPITAL.

Public Debt Reduced $18,680,859 During April—Indian Peace Commission—Medical Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 5, 1868.

PUBLIC LEBT STATEMENT.

The debt bearing coin interest is $1,963,-378,291.80; debt bearing currency interest, $260,375,930; matured debt unpresented for payment, $7,905,283.64; debt bearing no interest, $407,953,116.94. Total debt, $2,639,612,622.38. Amount in Treasury: Coin, $106,909,658; currency, $3,217,-136.82. During the month the debt was decreased $2,106,710, and the balance in the Treasury increased $16,574,149, making a decrease in the total debt of $18,680,859.80.

INDIAN PEACE COMMISSION.

A dispatch to the Secretary of the Interior from the Indian Peace Commission, dated Fort Lawrence, May 2d, reports the arrival of three head Chiefs of the Cheyennes, and that a full delegation of Mountain Crows and Arrapahoes will be there in a few days.

MEDICAL CONVENTION.

The American Medical Association met to-day, Dr. S. D. Gross, of Philadelphia, in the chair. About four hundred and fifty delegates are present. The Convention remains in session until Friday.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

—Jeremiah Laroque, a prominent member of the New York Bar, died on Monday.

—All but one of the prisoners in the jail at Franklin, Vermont, escaped on Friday night last.

—Commander Rigely, of the Navy a native of Kentucky, died at Philadelphia yesterday.

—Lewis Lebering, a resident of Buffalo, was killed by a street car in Louisville, Ky., on Monday.

—Gov. Fenton, of New York, has signed the bill requiring the Central Railroad to forward freight by river vessels.

—The strikers at Prospect Park, Brooklyn, were dispersed by the police yesterday, to prevent an anticipated riot.

—Mary McCarl, aged sixteen, committed suicide in Memphis, on Monday night, by taking morphine. Cause unknown.

—A negro chicken thief, named Shade Polk, was shot in Memphis by a policeman, on Monday night, while attempting to escape.

—Charles McClain, of Philadelphia, starts on the 18th from Trenton on a Sergeant Bates tour to St. Louis via the Southern States.

—Charles Beeker, a detective of Newark, N. J., is charged with being implicated in a counterfeiting case, and has been held to bail for trial.

—A high government official in Brooklyn is reported to have disappeared. He was largely in debt to friends for money spent in gambling.

—Mayor Hoffman, of New York, will attend the inauguration of Gov. English, to come off to-day, with an escort of a portion of the Seventy-first regiment.

—The trestle work at the Erie Railway Depot in Jersey city gave way yesterday, letting a locomotive into the river. The engineer, M'Colt, and fireman, Carhart, were drowned.

—A man named Yowell, an agent of the American Express Company at Ladoya Station, Indiana, absconded on Monday last with several thousand dollars of the Company's money.

—At the second regular meeting of the women's club, at New York, on Monday, inaugurative remarks were made by the President, Miss Alice Cary, who presided for the first time.

—The Young Men's Christian Association of New York refused the gift of five thousand dollars included in the tax levy of that city by the Legislature, as opposed to the voluntary christian system.

—A Havana letter reports an unprovoked assault upon the American Consul, General La Rentrie, by the Havana Shipping Master, Senor Garcias, who was arrested and will undoubtedly lose his position.

—The National Manufacturers' Association have issued a call for the first annual meeting at Cleveland, Ohio, on the 27th inst., to hear the report of the committee sent to Washington, and to take action upon other matters of importance.

—The case of Desgrove, driven away from Nashville in 1861 by a Vigilance Committee, which he sues for damages, came up at Nashville yesterday, and the testimony was heard. It will be argued to-day. Desgrove resides in Brooklyn, N. Y.

—The Mississippi Central Railroad has been leased to a party of eastern capitalists, of which H. S. McCombs, of Wilmington, Del., is the head. It is understood Colonel Sam. Tate, of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, has been tendered the Presidency.

—In the United States Circuit Court at St. Louis, yesterday, John Cooper was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary for passing counterfeit money. In the same Court a suit brought by the United States against Adams Express Company, for non-delivery of $12,500, is pending. The Company admits receiving the money but contends it was delivered.

—A Fenian Convention, at Worcester, Mass., on Monday, was largely attended. Several regiments offered their services, and fifty thousand dollars were subscribed for expenses. An address to the Fenians was adopted stating that Ireland will have to be rescued by force of arms, and resolutions were adopted representing assassination as cowardly, and denouncing the murder of McGee.

—Hon. W. T. Dodge, Legrand Cannon, H. G. Marquand, O. D. F. Grant. M. W. Rhinelander and D. B. Grant, of New York, who are interested in the Big Muddy coal mines, have arrived at St. Louis, and will visit Iron Mountain and Pilot Knob to examine the iron formations in that region and obtain information in regard to recent experiments in making iron from Missouri ore with Illinois coal.

—There was quite an excitement in the Councils of Baltimore on Monday evening, owing to the fact that the three disgraced and expelled members refused to leave their seats because they were not turned out by a unanimous vote. They were then expelled unanimously, and ejected from the hall amidst great confusion. Afterwards Councils voted that the full report of the Investigating Committee be published.

—The police difficulty in Louisville, Ky., is not yet adjusted. At a meeting of the General Council, Monday night, a new ordinance was adopted placing all police matters in the hands of the Superintendent. The City Attorney is instructed to make with the attorney for the Police Board a stated case wherein all necessary pleadings shall be arranged in a spirit of frankness and liberality, with a view to the speedy and final settlement of the question.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

—Engineers arrived at New Yerk, yesterday, to the number of 3,177.

—The jury in the Cole homicide trial, at Albany, N. Y., retired yesterday afternoon and were still out at a late hour last night.

—Eighteen persons were poisoned by arsenic administered in food at a boarding house at New Orleans on Sunday. None are dead, however, the quantity partaken having been too large.

—At Galveston, Texas, yesterday, Judge Watrous opened the United States District Court, and delivered a charge sustaining the constitutionality of the Civil Rights bill, and holding that freedmen are citizens, not by virtue of Congressional enactment, but by Constitutional law, being born on the soil.

—The official report of the Board of Health of Cincinnati of the deaths in that city for the month of April states the number was 322, four of which were caused by the explosion of the steamer Magnolia, nineteen from small pox and two suicides. Dr. Wm. Clendennen has been re-elected health officer for the ensuing year.

—Judge Trigg, of the Nashville Court, has rendered a partial decision in the case of the Kentucky stockholders in the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad Companies. He sustained the law authorizing the appointment of new directors, but declared the action of the directors null and void. He said the receiver was alike responsible to the State and Company. Upon other points he was not satisfied of the jurisdiction of the Court, and asked a further argument.

BOARD OF CONTROL.

Regular Meeting—Reports of Local Boards—Teachers Recommended—The Examination of Teachers, &c.

The Board of School Controllers of Allegheny City held a regular monthly meeting on Tuesday evening, at eight o'clock, in the Common Council Chambers, City Building.

In the absence of the President, on motion Rev. E. E. Swift presided. R. B. Francis Secretary.

The meeting opened with prayer by Rev. S. F. Crowther.

At the call of the roll the following members answered to their names: Messrs. Barr, Brown, John K., Boyle, Barker, Beckert, Crowther, Dunlap, Eaton, Francis, Grouard, Kollock, Kimball, Loomis, Lea, Lockhart, Mussler, McCance, Pitcairn, Parke, Swift, Shea, Torrence, Trimble, Walton, Young, Alex., Young, Robert.

Minutes read and approved.

Reports from the different Local Boards were received, showing the schools to be in a flourishing condition, and an increase in the average attendance.

The Second Ward Board recommended the employment of two additional teachers for that school.

The Fourth Ward Board reported the resignation of Prof. C. A. Chamberlain, Principal of School No. 4, and the election of Mr. S. P. Dame to serve in his place to the end of the term. Also the election of Miss Laura M. Logan to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Miss M. Parry in the Primary Rooms of House No. 5.

The reports were accepted and ordered to be filed.

Mr. Eaton read the report of the Committee on Colored Schools, which showed the average attendance to be decreasing, caused no doubt by the opening of Avery College. The Committee also reported bills amounting to $7,75 for expenditures connected with the schools, for the payment of of which warrans were ordered to be drawn.

Mr. Francis offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Chairmen of the Standing Committees form a special Committee to complie rules for the government of the Board, and to define the duties of the Standing Committees.

After being discussed, the resolution was adopted.

Mr. John Brown, Jr., thought there should be some uniform method of endorsing teachers certificates, and therefore moved that the Board of Control deem it unnecessary to examine teachers when granting professional certificates except on history, as required by law.

Quite a lengthy debate here ensued, several of the members disagreeing in regard to the law of granting teachers certificates. Mr. Brown then moved that the County Superintendent, Mr. Douthett who was present, be heard on the subject,

The motion being agreed to,

Mr. Douthett came forward and gave a lengthy, but definite and explanatory statement of the law in regard to the matter. After which, Mr. Barr moved that the resolution be presented in writing.

Mr. Brown then presented it as follows:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this Board that the County Superintendent be not compelled to give a general re-examination to teachers applying for permanent certificates.

The resolution, as read, was adopted.

Mr. Francis presented the annual report of the Board of Control of Public Schools in St. Louis, which was received and filed.

On motion adjourned.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

Court met at ten o'clock Tuesday morning. The grand jurors were called, and a quorum answering, D. Sankey, Esq., was selected as foreman. The Court delivered the usual charge, and the jury retired to commence business.

There being no case ready for trial, the traverse jurors were discharged till Wednesday morning.

In the Bankruptcy branch, A. J. Miller, of Lockport, Indiana county, against whom a petition in bankruptcy had been filed by Wm. Maher, Esq., of Blairsville, was adjudged a bankrupt by the Court, on motion of H. W. Wier, Esq., attorney of petitioning creditors.

The case of Hood Bonbright vs. J. F. Martin, was continued at the cost of respondent.

The case of Frisbee vs. Thomas was continued, by consent, until Thursday morning.

Petitions for final discharge were filed by N. B. Snyder, of Somerset county, and J. F. Multon, Kittanning, Armstrong county.

Petitions for adjudication were filed by Joseph C. Holmes, of Williamsport, Luzerne county, and Ferdinand Jones, of Snyder county.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, May 5.—Flour—Spring higher; sales were made at $10,75a11. Wheat quiet; $2,25. Corn better and active; sales 60,000 bush at $1 in store. Oats a shade better; sales 78,000 bush western, to arrive, at 58c; 25,000 do, on spot, at 78¼c. Rye nominal Barley inactive. Seeds dull and unchanged. Pork advanced 50c. Freights 12c on corn to New York. Receipts—Wheat, 7,000 bbls; corn, 13,500 do; oats, 120,000 do; flour, 40,000 bbls. Shipments—Wheat, 123,000 bush; corn, 407,000 do; oats, 143,000 do.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE PASSIONATE SHEPHERD.

BY CHRISTOPHER MARLOWE.

"Come live with me and be my love,
And we will all the pleasures prove
That valleys, groves, and hills, and fields,
The woods, or steepy mountain yields.

"And will sit upon the rocks,
Seeing the shepherds feed their flocks,
By shallow rivers to whose falls,
Melodious birds sing madrigals.

"And I will make the beds of roses,
And a thousand fragrant posies;
A cap of flowers and a kirtle,
Embroidered o'er with leaves of myrtle—

"A gown made of the finest wool,
Which from our pretty lambs we pull;
Fair lined slippers for the cold,
With buckles of the purest gold—

"A belt of straw and ivy buds,
With coral clasps and amber studs;
And if these pleasures thee may move,
Come live with me and be my love.

"The shepherd swains shall dance and sing,
For thy delight each May morning;
If these delights thy mind may move,
Then live with me and be my love."

EPHEMERIS.

—Heller is still astonishing London.

—Napoleon III. suffers from disease of the heart.

—Marion Harland is Mrs. Terhune, of Newark, N. J.

—Menken, the Mazeppist, is in London, acting, as usual.

—Wm. B. Astor's income as returned is only $977,452 a year.

—John Brougham is playing in Philadelphia at the Walnut Street Theatre.

—There were two hundred and ninety-eight deaths in Philadelphia last week.

Chestnuts are beginning to be planted on the prairies, where they grow luxuriantly.

—The railroad over the summit of Mount Cenis will be opened for travel this month.

—Patti is not to quit the stage until 1870. She will marry, it is said, during the coming autumn.

—John C. Fremont has very rarely succeeded fully in any great project to which he has lent his name.

—Dr. Livingstone has achieved immortality. Madame Tussaud's successor has done him in wax.

—Won't Anthony Trollope come to Pittsburgh to read? He read in Birmingham and Sheffield, England.

—The bridge acress the Hudson at the Highlands is to have a span of 1,000 feet, and to be 155 feet above high water.

—Prince Achille Murat has married the Princess of Mingrelia, whose name is Salmon, and whose wealth is countless.

—A new volume of the post-humous works of Heinrich Heine, the Byron of Germany, has been published in Paris.

—The Chicago *Post* wants Olive Logan to come there. Wait until she has been there once, and then see what the *Post* has to say.

—Bierstadt is willing to take $10,000 for his "Crossing the Plains." We would be pleased if some Californian should purchase it.

—Two little girls in New Hampshire played execution the other day, and one cut off the other's hand. It is a wonder it was'nt her head.

—An exchange thinks the Abyssinian prisoners are men of sterling worth, as they cost their government a million pounds sterling apiece.

—The Grand Vizier of the Sublime Porte says that he proposes to quell the insurrection in Crete shortly. It would be interesting to know when.

—Panier hoop skirts have taken New York by storm. They will, it is supposed, be universally prevalent at the watering places this summer.

—On the 8th of March, Anderson, the Wizard of the North, gave, in London his five thousand six hundred and ninety-second magical séance.

—The Chinese put sails to their wheelbarrows so that when the wind is good they can, with the assistance of a man, make a good six miles an hour.

—Half of the coffee consumed in the United States comes from Brazil; Rio, and much of the so-called La Guayra coffees, come from that empire.

—The rain yesterday was not of the sort to render the walking on Fifth street very pleasant, but like the reign of Theodorus, it could not last for ever.

—The Baroness Ebergenyi says she is innocent. She has been treated since the beginning, not only as if she were guilty, but also already condemned.

—A young woman with the name, more unique than euphonious, of Amy Gridlestone, is to make her début at the Arch Street Theatre on Monday next.

—Among the sacred relics recently on exhibition at the Cathedral of Notre Dame in Paris, were the original crown of thorns, and a nail and a piece of the true cross.

—The Pall Mall *Gazette* says the Atlantic Cable is a nuisance. We don't like to dispute such excellent authority, nor are there many grounds on which to rest a dispute.

—Joseph Seraphim has been sent to gaol in Turin. In spite of his celestial name, he chopped up a marble statue of Italy and behaved in a very disorderly manner generally.

—Dr. John Eliotson, to whom Mr. Thackery, dedicated his novel of novels, "Pendennis," has died. He is said to have been the original of the character of Dr. Goodenough.

—The country is inundated with combination circuses and menageries. Somewheres about nine we counted, by their advertisements in the papers, in various parts of the country.

—Gounod has written a new opera which has, as yet, no name and no libretto. He has inaugurated a new system, he writes the music, and then finds words and situations to suit it.

—The All England Eleven won't come to America. The St. George Cricket Club of New York tried to get them, but the English ideas were too elevated, and the Saint George's concluded to let them alone.

—The Arch-bishop of Algeria thinks he has an opportunity of converting the Arabs. If they will turn Christians he will feed them; if they will not, he proposes to drive them into the desert to go on starving.

—Napoleon III is the name of a foreign strawberry which has been introduced to the New York market. No foreign strawberries are as good as American ones, and no American ones equal those grown at Pittsburgh.

—Robberies of the highway sort are prevailing in and about Cincinnati, so that vigilance committees are spoken of. The world turns round, and perhaps the days of Dick Turpin and Claude Duval are coming around again.

—The Pope's Canadian guard wished they hadn't gone over to Rome. Twelve cents for five days, besides full rations of hard bread, is all they get by way of compensation, and they are not happy Canadians any longer.

—The Maison Dorée is to be turned into a Theatre, to be called the Union Square Theatre. In New York whenever a house is built for something else, it is turned into a Thespian Temple; this one is to be a first class Theatre of the highest order.

—On the 20th of April, Boston had a rain-bow. Of course it was the finest rainbow ever seen, and the fact of its appearance was immediately made known to the journals in less fortunate towns where the people never saw a Boston rain-bow.

—A new hoop skirt, called the Zephyrina, has made its appearance, it is very light and airy, and a Bostonian advertises that "it makes the ladies feel as if they had nothing on." This might do for summer, but for winter it would scarcely be comfortable.

—One Boston Church spends $6,000 a year on its choir, which is more than it spends on its poor. This is supposed to be fraught with a beautiful significance, as Heaven is supposed to be popular with choirs, and not to have any poor people at all.

—Missouri is turning her attention to native wines. Some day we will have as good wines as Europe has. Who will be fortune owners of the vineyards which will produce our future Johnnesberger, Lachrymae Christi, or Vins d'Enfer, is as yet a pleasant mystery.

—A new school building has been put up in Pekin, Ill., at an expense of $40,000, and is pronounced unsafe by competent inspectors. The money was spent on show instead of strength; both are good things to have in a building, but strength is probably the more necesssary.

—Maryland pardons her gaol birds on condition that they leave the State. Missouri does the same thing. A beautiful system of exchange might be arranged between these two States, so that the stock of criminals could be kept together and not scattered over the whole nation.

—Why does not Miss Anthony or Miss Dickenson go out to Utah to preach woman's rights? The women there need a reform, and it would be pleasant to watch a revolution which would make the arrogant Brigham only one of the sixty or eighty husbands of one of his present wives.

—Miss Braddon failed as an actress before she took to her pen and did more harm than a dozen good novelists can counteract. There probably has been no author or authoress of the present age who has contributed so much towards the vitiation of task in literary matters as this astonishing woman.

—Loose bricks, covering deposits of mingled mud and rain-water, are really not pleasant, but they are just the more frequent. Than yesterday, no better day for displaying the power of these scattered fountains can be imagined, unless indeed, we should wait until the season for white trousers arrives.

—A writer in Bonner's *Ledger* wants to know why it is, young people *always* feel ashamed to acknowledge that they have no money? We would like to know why it is that rivers *always* run up stream? Young people do not feel ashamed of the lack of the root of all evil; they only have a gentle sympathy for those persons who are troubled with it.

—The colored school house at Carthage, Tennessee, was burned some time ago by incendiaries. A meeting of the white residents of the county was convened and expressed unanimous condemnation of the incendiary. As most of these white men are Conservatives, the act was particularly graceful, especially when they also resolved to contribute money for rebuilding the school house.

—A new feature has been introduced at the fairs and festivals of some of the religious bodies of Boston. Several of the most graceful of the children of the parish are taught fancy dances which they perform for the benefit of the fairs. This is very right, perhaps, but of course the White Fawn is very wrong. Perhaps these religious bodies intend these children, at some future day, to reform the ballet and the stage.

—The ghost of defunct Poland is troubling the Parisians once more. It seems that no matter how fearful the exorcism pronounced by the head of the Greek Church, the manes of this unfortunate kingdom will persist in haunting Europe. Prince Napoleon is the present champion of the Poles. It would be a hard matter to wrench the pieces from Russia, Prusia and Austria, and then weld them together so that they would stay.

—We believe that there has very rarely been a great man who was not accused of being a drunkard; insinuations of this kind are rife regarding D'Israeli; and if the idea of total abstinence had been hatched eighty years ago, we should have had George Washington handed down to us as a toper, or probably he would be accused of chopping down the cherry tree for the sake of the cherry brandy, as a child breaks his drum for the music.

—Seven skeletons have been found in France, which are supposed to belong to pre-adamite men. The discovery will of course (in the opinions of some persons,) knock the assertions of Moses and the theories of the most eminent geologists into a very complicated cocked hat. We suppose of course each of these skeletons held clasped in its bony fingers a little history of himself, dated five or six hundred years B. A., and intelligible to the learned savans who have examined them.

DENTISTRY.

$8. ONLY $8.
A FULL SET OF ARTIFICIAL TEETH FOR EIGHT DOLLARS.
FULL UPPER AND LOWER SET FOR $12.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
NO CHARGE FOR EXTRACTING WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED.
ALL WORK WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.
LAUGHING GAS FREE OF CHARGE, AT
QUINCY A. SCOTT'S
Steam Dental Establishment,
278 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.
N. B.—As DR. SCOTT is a licensee under the Goodyear Patents, he will not make any "new (bogus) rubber" sets, but will continue to manufacture the genuine article—VULCANITE. mh23:d&T

GAS FIXTURES.
GAS FIXTURES
AND
Chandeliers,
FOR GAS AND OIL.
Just received, the finest and largest assortment ever opened in this city.
WELDON & KELLY,
147 WOOD STREET, COR. VIRGIN ALLEY.
mh24:n22

DRY GOODS.
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
SPRING OPENING!
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
(Successor to J. M. Burchfield & Co.)
SPRING DRY GOODS.
SPRING DRY GOODS.
SPRING DRY GOODS.
MR. PHILLIPS respectfully announces that the extensive alterations to his
RETAIL DRY GOODS STORE
Are completed, and his establishment is NOW OPEN. He offers an entirely
New Stock of Dry Goods,
For Spring and Summer Wear, at the lowest Eastern Cash Prices.
ap3: 87....MARKET STREET....87.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
AT LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.
ap6:n23

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.
BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $350 to $1150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
mh9 No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

SECOND HAND
MELODEONS AND ORGANS,
In perfect order, from $35 to $130.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
mh12 42 Fifth st., 2d door above Wood.

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.
100 WOOD STREET.
CHINA, GLASS AND
QUEENSWARE,
SILVER PLATED WARE,
PARIAN STATUETTES,
BOHEMIAN GLASS,
And other STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, a great variety.
100 WOOD STREET.
RICHARD E. BREED & CO.
mh27
100 WOOD STREET. 100 WOOD STREET. 100 WOOD STREET.

CHARLES REIZENSTEIN,
152 Federal Street, Allegheny,
(Fourth door above Diamond.)
Glass, China Ware & Table Cutlery
AT EASTERN PRICES. Everything required in a first class store on hand. Call and examine our goods. je10:s9

CONFECTIONERIES.
HENRY W. HORBACH,
Confectionery and Bakery
No. 200 SMITHFIELD STERET,
Between Seventh and Liberty.
LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.
GEORGE BEAVEN,
Candy Manufacturer,
And dealer in FOREIGN & AMERICAN FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS &c.,
No. 112 Federal Street,
Second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City.

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS
OF
Trimmings, Notions and Fancy Goods.
We have received a very fine assortment of
White Goods,
Which cannot be beat. It consists of
STRIPED, DOTTED AND PLAIN SWISS;
STRIPED, BARRED & PLAIN NAINSOOK;
LAWNS, CAMBRICS, Etc.
GOOD IRISH LINEN, at 37½c. per yard.
GOOD DAMASK TOWELS, at 12½c.
Our Line of HOSIERY is now Complete.
200 DOZEN OF CORSETS,
Just received, selling at EASTERN PRICES.
A Fine Lot of Parasols,
IN ALL STYLES AND COLORS,
SYSTEME ALEXANDRE KIDS, at $1 per pair.
GENUINE " " $1.85 "
LIGHT COLORED KIDS, at 50c. a pair.
TRIMMED MUSLIN SKIRTS at $1.00.
SUMMER BALMORALS, at 75c. and $1.
In PAPER COLLARS, we have a full variety.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 and 80 Market Street.
ap24:d16

THE MOST EXTENSIVE STOCK
OF
STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS,
NOTIONS AND SMALL WARES,
TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY, AT
Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.
HOSIERY—all grades, domestic and foreign.
GLOVES—Kid, Lisle, Silk, Beallin, &c.
ALEXANDRE'S DUCHESS KID GLOVES.
EMBROIDERIES—new designs.
LACES—Real and Imitation.
LACE GOODS.
BARBES, COLLARS, SETS, VEILS.
INFANTS' LACE CAPS.
WHITE GOODS.
BARRED, STRIPED and PLAIN NAINSOOKS and JACONETS.
BRILLIANT NAINSOOKS.
DOTTED, REVERE and PLAIN SWISS.
PUFFED MUSLIN and IRISH LINENS.
SILK FRINGES—all shades.
GIMP HEADINGS, VEL. RIBBON.
BEAD TRIMMINGS and FRINGES.
PARASOLS—New styles.
SUN UMBRELLAS.
LADIES' and GENT'S GAUZE UNDERWEAR.
BONNETS, HATS,
SUNDOWNS, SHAKER HOODS,
RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
SILKS, LACES, NETS,
LIGHT SHADES
BONNET VELVETS,
FRAMES, MALINES,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT THE LOWEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.
my4:MWF

PERFECT FITTING
KID GLOVES.
"A. C. C."—"H. S. K."
We invite attention to our
KID GLOVE DEPARTMENT,
Which is now complete with every color and shade. In addition to our own special importation of the
Celebrated A. C. C. (Jouvin) KIDS,
We have secured the exclusive sale of the
"Harris Seamless Kids,"
The best Glove and most perfect fit.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
ap11 19 FIFTH STREET.

AT EATON'S,
No. 17 Fifth Street.
New Parasols,
Straw Goods,
And Flowers,
JUST OPENED.
ap9

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 Fifth Street,
Now offer the most elegant line of
HAMBURGS
Ever opened in Pittsburgh, to which they especially invite the attention of their customers. The designs are nearly all new and original, and about ONE-FIFTH LESS THAN REGULAR PRICES.
ap11
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH STREET,
Have just opened all shades of
BULLION AND RISTORI FRINGES.
BUGLE GIMPS AED FRINGES,
At very low prices. ap11

CRACKER BAKERIES.
MARVIN'S PATENT
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
And every variety of
SUPERIOR CRACKERS.
S. S. MARVIN,
91 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.
TRY THEM. mh24

ESTABLISHED IN 1840.
SHEPHARD'S
Steam Cracker and Biscuit Factory,
317 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of
CONFECTIONERY,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS, NUTS, &c.

HATS AND CAPS.
MARTIN LIEBLER,
DEALER IN
HATS, CAPS AND FURS,
Also, Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in TRUNKS, VALISES, &c., No. 138 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
UNIVERSAL
CLOTHES WRINGERS
At the manufacturers' wholesale and retail prices, at 26 and 28 St. Clair street
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
ap15 Sole agents for this county.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &C.
CHINA MATTING
CARPETS!
A very superior quality of
White,
Fancy Striped
And Check
MATTINGS,
JUST IMPORTED.
ALL-WOOL INGRAINS,
IN BRIGHTEST COLORS.
Prices the Lowest in this Market.
McCALLUM BROS.,
ap27 51 FIFTH STREET, above Wood.

1868. SPRING STOCK 1868.
OF
CARPETS,
JUST OPENING,
LARGE ASSORTMENT,
All Qualities
LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO THOSE WHO BUY TO SELL.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 Fifth Street,
mh10:d&wF OVER BATES & BELL'S.

71 73
McFARLAND & COLLINS
ARE NOW OPENING THEIR
NEW SPRING STOCK,
OF
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES
AND
CURTAIN GOODS,
PURCHASED LAST MONTH FOR CASH.
AND IN MANY INSTANCES AT
Less than Actual Cost to Manufacture.
These Goods could not now be replaced for the same cost, and are offered FOR CASH at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Far Below Their Present Value,
AT THE PLACE WHERE BARGAINS CAN ALWAYS BE HAD ON THE BEST STOCK IN THIS MARKET.
Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth Street,
SECOND FLOOR.
fe10:MWF&T

J. & H. PHILLIPS.
1868. SPRING GOODS. 1868.
We are now receiving from our own and other manufactories a NEW STOCK of
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
CARRIAGE, FURNITURE, TABLE AND
WINDOW SHADE OIL CLOTHS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Also, a full line of
Transparent Window Shades,
Hollands, Shade Fixtures,
Tassels, Cords, &c., &c.
WOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS will find our prices AS LOW, IF NOT LOWER, THAN CAN BE PURCHASED ELSEWHERE, and of quality and styles second to none.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
ap3:n86 26 AND 28 ST. CLAIR ST.

STEAM
CARPET BEATING
ESTABLISHMENT.
Which TEN YEARS' TRIAL in New York and other Eastern cities has proved a complete success.
ITS ADVANTAGES:
1st—Fading and Shrinkage are completely avoided.
2d—No ripping apart necessary.
3d—When freed from dust, moths or their larvae, the Carpet looks nearly as good as new, save the natural fading from wear.
4th—When perfectly clean, a Carpet will wear as long again, a desirable matter as a mere point of economy, to say nothing of looks.
ALL ORDERS LEFT AT THE OFFICE,
No. 179 Liberty Street
Or addressed to P. O. Box 473, will receive prompt attention.
GEO. L. McCLINTOCK,
mh16: PROPRIETOR.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
JULIAN ALLEN,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
LEAF TOBACCO AND SEGARS,
No. 8 SIXTH STREET, (National Bank of Commerce Building,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Branch of 172 Water street, N. Y.
ap4:n77 DANIEL F. DINAN.

EXCELSIOR WORKS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.,
No 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
jy8:n28

MERCHANT TAILORS.
P. McARDLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 93½ SMITHFIELD STREET, PITTSBURGH,
Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS
Also, GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, GENT'S CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, the latest style.
HENRY MEYER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 73 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Constantly on hand, a full assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c. ap20:n88
DUFF & CO., Merchant Tailors,
No. 34 Federal St., Allegheny,
Have just received a large and well selected stock of
FINE SPRING GOODS,
Suitable for a first class custom trade. Also, a large stock of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS. ap15

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.
JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY EBER.
JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,
BRASS FOUNDERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.
Corner of Pike and Walnut Streets,
PITTSBURGH.
my15:z30

DYERS AND SCOURERS.
H. J. LANCE,
Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,
DYER AND SCOURER.
STRAW GOODS CLEANED OR DYED.
KID GLOVES AND LADIES' PLUMES CLEANED OR DYED

PROPOSALS.—Sealed Proposals will be received by the Water Committee of the City of Pittsburgh, until 7 o'clock P. M. of

Tuesday, May 12th,

FOR THE FOLLOWING, VIZ.:

AN ENGINE AND PUMP,

at the Lower Works, suited to present building, and of equal capacity to the engine erected at the Works in 1866.

Sealed Proposals will also be received for furnishing at Lower Works,

FIVE BOILERS,

Each 42 inches by 26 feet, with two 16-inch Flues, Smoke Stack, Steam Pipe, Steam and Mud Drums.

ALSO, FOR

FOUR BOILERS,

At Upper Works, each 40 inches by 26 feet, two 15-inch Flues, Smoke-stack, Steam Pipe, Steam and Mud Drums.

Proposals will also be received at same time for

LAYING WATER PIPE

During the present season, on such streets and alleys as may from time to time be directed by the Committee.

Details of the proposed work, and specifications of the machinery, can be procured at the office of the Water Works, or at the Lower Works, after the 28th inst.

TERMS—Monthly Cash settlements.

The Water Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids, if deemed by them advisable.

JOSEPH FRENCH,
ap28 Superintendent Water Works.

SECURITY AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELING COMMUNITY.
J. B. HARRIS' SAFETY FIRE JACKET,
Car Heater and Moderator,
For SMOKE AND HOT AIR FLUES, dispensing with the use of Stoves and Fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached.
Having obtained of the United states Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended. It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues, or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c., wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired. I will sell, on applications, rights to manufacture or to use the above invention; also, territorial rights, to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges, either by State or county.
J. B. HARRIS.
Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
fe28:s40

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.—The undersigned hauing secured the sole Agency for the sale of the celebrated
COPLEY POT CLAY.
Are now prepared to furnish it in any quantity to those wishing to procure this superior article. During fifteen years' use of this Clau, we have arrived at such proportions as we believe makes it a better article for pots than any in the market, we having secured an average stand af SIX, EIGHT and TEN MONTHS. We will furnish receipes for the proper tion of the mixture af this Clay to persons purchasing. The Clay is ground and moulded in lumps for delivery.
DITHRIDGE & SON,
Fort Pitt Glass Works,
Washington Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! *Just published in sealed envelope. Price, six cents.* A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c., by Robt. J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, to CHAS. J. C. KLINE & Co., 127 BOWERY, NEW YORK, POSTOFFICE BOX 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents.
myö:D&wT

WASHINGTON MILLS,
WASHINGTON STREET,
Near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator
W. W. ANDERSON,
Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR and CHOPPED FEED. Orders delivered in either city free of charge. Grain of all kinds chopped, and Corn shelled, on short notice.

WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Works,
Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.
FRED'K ATVATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c. Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable.

ICE! ICE! ICE!
WM. KREBS, Ice Dealer,
No. 55 DIAMOND ALLEY, Pittsburgh.
Orders left here or at Hand Street Bridge will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. ap7:o3

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
SOAP STONE,
PLASTER, CHIMNEY TOPS,
WATER PIPES.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap16:o7f 25 Wood street.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING AND STEAM PACKING, wholesale and retail, at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
ap15 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, May 5, 1868.

CATTLE.

The supply in market was fully up to last week. The principal part being from Chicago and Ohio. The greater part were good fat steers. There were in the yard on Monday morning 595 head, of this number 524 head were choice fat cattle, and 71 stockers. Several of butchers cattle laid over, and several of extra were shipped, the 71 head of stockers went off ily. We note sales as follows:

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. sold retail 36 head good Illinois steers at 8¼ to 9c; also, 33 head do at 8¾ to 9¼; 44 head stockers at 5½ to 6½; 20 head Ohio stockers to C. P. Markle at $60 per head; 7 head at $45.

Greenwalt & Kahn sold 36 head Chicago cattle at 8 to 9¾.

Hazlewood & Blackstock 34 head Illinois steers at 8½ to 9¾.

Trauerman & Marks 70 head good Chicago steers at 8 to 9¼.

N. Carr for D. Sherrick 16 head good steers at 8 to 9¼.

Crouse & Haas sold 34 head Chicago steers at 8 to 9¼.

M. Verner sold 35 head Chicago fair steers at 7,20 to 9.

Myers & Needy sold 72 head good Chicago cattle at 8¾ to 9¼.

Hartman & Shamberg sold 34 head Chicago steers at 8 to 9¼.

Vanatta & Maylone sold 17 head, averaging 1,300 pounds, at 9¼; 18 head, averaging 1,125, at 8,70 per cwt.

L. Shamburg sold retail 10 head fair to good steers at 7¾ to 9¾.

L. Shamburg bought 16 head choice Illinois stock, as good as in market, at 9 to 9¾ per cwt.

Hedges & Taylor retailed 27 head good Illinois steers at 8½ to 9 per cwt.

SHEEP.

The market was light of stock, and as might be expected, was dull and the sales confined to few dealers.

Emerick & Co. wholesaled 99 head clipped at $6,40 per 100 lbs. Same parties retailed 105 head at $5 to $6,75 per 100 lbs; and 64 head of fair quality mutton at $6,75 per 100 lbs.

HOGS.

The sales were light, and only a few small lots retailing to butchers. G. Emerick retailed 100 head at $8 to $11. J. Rothchilds retailed 23 head at prices ranging from $9,75 to $11 per cwt.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 5.—Cotton, no change; sales 1500 bales at 32¼a36 for middling uplands. Flour, receipts 4,204 barrels; market unsettled and irregular at 5a10c, lower; sales 8,200 bbls. at $8,65a9,20 for superfine; State and western $9,75a10,40, extra State $9,70a10,80, extra western $12a13,50, white wheat, extra, $10a14, R. H. O. $11a12,50, extra St. Louis $12,50a16 for good to choice, and closing more steady. California lower; sales 759 sacks at $12a13,75; Rye Flour quiet. sales 250 bbls at $8a9,85. Corn Meal quiet. Whisky nominal. Receipts Wheat 146,214 bushels; market 1a2c. lower with fair business for export; sales 147,000 bushels at $2,38a2,40 for No. 2 Spring, $2,50a2,51½ for No. 1 do., $2,45 for No. 1 and 2 do mixed; $2,30 for inferior mixed Spring, $2,56 for Washington, $3 for Canada and California, 5,000 bu State at $1,80a1,85. Barley dull. Barley malt dull. Corn—receipts 82,489 bu and 1c better, the demand being chiefly for home use and speculation; sales 86,000 bu at $1,15a1,17 for new mixed western afloat; $1,18 for high mixed nearly yellow; $1,14a 1,17 for old mixed western afloat and in store; $1,14 for kiln dried; $1,20 for southern yellow. Oats—receipts 90,000 bu and 1 a2c better, with a fair speculative demand; sales 68,000 bv at 87c for western in store; 87½a88c for do. afloat. Rye dull. Coffee quiet. Sugar firm; sales 600 hhds at 10¼a12c for Cuba. and 11½a13c for Porto Rico. Molasses quiet; sales 140 barrels of Muscovado at 49a51c. Hops quiet and unchanged. Petroleum steady at 14a14½c for crude, and 29½c for refined in bond. Pork dull and lower; sales of 1,900 bbls at $29a29,37 for new mess, and closing at $29,12; regular $,28,25. old do closing at $28,00, regular $23,50a24,12 prime, $20,25a25,75 prime mess. Beef steady; sales of 270 bbls at $15a15,20; new plain mess $20,50a24,75; new extra mess, also 100 tierces at $37,00a39,00 prime mess $41,00a44,00 on private terms. Rye dull and lower; sales India mess. Beef hams quiet; small sales at $35a37. Cut meats steady; sales of 315 packages at 13½a13¾c for shoulders; 17¼a 18c for hams; middles quiet and firm. Lard firmer; sales of 335 bbls at 18¼a19½c; small lots at 19¾a20c, for new. Butter lower, at 40a44c for Ohio, and 44a46c for State. Cheese quiet at 12a17c. Freights to Liverpool firmer and more active; 60,000 bush at 4½d per sail; 5½a5¾c per steamer, and 4,000 bbls flour per steamer at 1s 6d.

LATEST—Flour closed more steady with a better export demand for low grades. Wheat steady with a fair export demand at $2,30 for No. 2; $2,50 for No. 1 spring. Rye dull and heavy at $1,80a1,83. Oats quiet and steady at 87a88c for western afloat. Corn steady at $1,15½a1,16½ for new and old mixed western afloat and in store. Pork closed dull and heavy at $29a29,50 fer new mess, cash and regular. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats in fair request and steady. Bacon dull and unchanged. Lard quiet and very firm at 19¾a19¾c for fair to prime. Eggs quiet and steady at 23a24c.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, May 5.—Tobacco sluggish, with buyers and sellers apart; lugs quoted at $4,25a7,50; common to medium leaf 88a 18; good shipping do $12a14; bright $20a100. Cotton; nothing doing. Hemp; stock light and prices firm, at $1,35a1,50 for undressed and $2,40a2,60 for dressed. Flour firm, especially for the best grades of fall, but the demand is light and prices unchanged. Wheat very firm and more active, at $2,75a 2,85 for prime to choice fall and $2,07a 2,15 for spring. Corn firm at 87a91c. Oats more active and higher at 76a78c. Barley; very little doing; small sales of choice spring at $2,60. Rye sold at $1,75, but holders generally ask higher figures. Provisions quiet. Pork sold at $29, 29,50, 29,75a30,00, including 1,000 bbls, all May, at $30. Bulk Meats nominal at 13¼c for Shoulders, 16c for ribbed Sides, and 17¼c for clear do; 100,000 lbs loose Shoulders sold at 13c. Bacon; Shoulders 14¼c, clear Sides 18¼a18½c. Lard firmer; tierce held at 20a21c. Whisky steady at $2,20. Cattle inactive at 4a8¼c for gross inferior to extra. Sheep steady at $2,75a 7,50 per head. Receipts—1,000 bbls flour, 8,500 bus wheat, 5,000 bus corn, 6,800 bus oats.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 5.—Flour more active and firmer at $9,75a11 for spring extra. Wheat in better demand and firmer at $2,18 for No 1; No. 2 opened at $2,09a2,10, advanced to $2,12a2,12¼, receded to $2,11, and closed with buyers at $2,12; this evening the market was firm at $2,12 for No. 2. Corn is active and 2a2¾c higher at 92a93¼c for No. 1; 91a92c for No. 2; new at 90a92c, and rejected at 88¼a89½c; closing at 92¾a93 for No. 1, and 90¼c for new. Oats are active and excited and 1a1½c higher; sales at 70a71c. Rye is more active and unsettled, with sales of No. 1 at $1,85a1,87, and No. 2 at $1,85. Barley is neglected and nominal. Provisions are firm and inactive. First class brands of Mess Pork are held at $29. Lard is firm and inactive at 19a19¾c. Bulk meats are in fair request and moderately active. Freights quiet and unchanged. The receipts for the past twenty-four hours were—7,493 bbls flour. 29,160 bus wheat, 57,827 bus corn, 25,926 bus oats, and 71 head of live hogs. The shipments for the same period were—10,704 bbls flour, 39,698 bus wheat, 358,179 bus corn, and 61,108 bushels oats.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 139¼@139¼.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 5, 1868.

GOLD AND MONEY.

The Money market continues easy at 7 per cent. on call, with liberal offerings. The failure of H. J. Messenger, banker, of this city, and President of the Bank of Ontario at Canadaigua, the Bank of Canton, and Messenger's Bank at Cortland, is announced, but creates little attention. It is said to have been caused by carrying several houses in the grain traiu. The effect upon the Banks named is not known. Sterling quiet, but steady, at 110@110¼ for prime bills. Gold opened at 139¾, fell to 139 1-16, and closed steady at 139¼@139¼. Loans made at 5@6 per cent. for carrying. Export to-day, $1,000,000.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments steady but without activity. There was some demand for export. Henry Clews & Co. furnish the annexed 4:30 quotations: Coupons of 1881, 113@113¼; do of '62, 108@108½; do of '64, 106¾@106¾; do of '65, 106¾@106¾; do new, 108⅞@109; do of '67, 109¼@109¾; Ten-Forties, 103@103¼; Seven-Thirties, 107¼@107¾.

Stocks opened buoyant with an advance and closed steady at a decline of one per cent. on Central and Erie, compared with the highest point of to-day. Western shares firm; border State bonds firmer. Miscellaneous stocks more active and steady.

5:30 PRICES.—Cumberland, 30¾@33; Canton, 50¾@51; Wells, 21½; American, 59½; Adams, 62¼; Merchants Union, 31@31½; Quicksilver, 29¼@29¾; Mariposa, 5@6; Pacific Mail, 91@91¼; Atlantic, 34@34¾; Western Union Telegraph, 37¼@38; New York Central, 128¾@128¾; Erie, 70@70½; do preferred, 75; Hudson, 137@138½; Reading, 90@90¼; Wabash, 51; St. Paul, 64@64¼; do. preferred, 76; Fort Wayne, 104½@104¾; Ohio and Mississippi, 30⅞@31; Hartford and Erie, 14½@15; Michigan Central, 118¼@118¾; Michigan Southern, 83¾@84; Illinois Central, 46@47; Pittsburgh 82@82¼; Toledo, 105¾@106; Rhode Island, 94½@94¼; Northwestern, 65¾@65¾; do. preferred, 76¾@76¾; Missouri Sixes, 88½; New Tennessees, 66¾.

MINING SHARES

Dull; Gregory 275a280; Walkill 40c.

SUB-TREASURY RECEIPTS.

Receipts sub-Treasury $433,760; payments $2,823,280; balance $99,886,625. The Assistant Treasurer bought $60,000 in Seven-thirties at 7¾, and sold a small amount of gold.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, May 5.—Flour firm with a steady demand for good favorite city and country brands; we quote: XX city spring at $11,50a12; country do at $10,50a11,50; XX city made amber at $14; XXX city made white at $15,50, and XX red country made at $11,50a12,75. Wheat is firm and unchanged at $2,75 for red winter No.1; $2,60 for No. 2 do; $2,45a2,59 for Milwaukee spring by car lots. Corn in fair demand at 98c for No. 1 shelled on spot, and 93c for do seller June. Oats dull and lower at 76c for No. 1 State from store. Rye is scarce and firm at $1,95 for No. 1. Barley in demand but none offering. Petroleum very firm at $4,85a4,90 per bbl for crude; 24a25c for refined in bond, and 34a35c for do free.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, May 5.—Flour steady. Wheat firm; sales white at $3,14½a3,30; red $3,00a3,15. Corn firm; white $1,10a1,14; yellow $1,20a1,25. Oats dull and unchanged. Rye dull at $2,00a2,05. Pork quiet at 30. Bacon firm and tending upwards; rib sides 17; clear do 16; shoulders 14½a15; hams 21 a22½. Lard firm at 20a20½.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 5.—Live Hogs opened 15a 20c better, but fell back on the arrival of a heavy train, the market closing quiet. Beef Cattle are dull and declining.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, May 5.—26 box chimneys, Semple & Fry; 5 bxs cheese, J H Bennett; 15 do do, J B Canfield; 6 sks aags, C P Markle; 19 bxs cheese, W H Kirkpatrick; 11 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 4 cases tobacco, McGinnis & Co; 6 pumps, Levi Griffith; 19 sks flour, D L Walker; 8 bxs cheese, A J Braden; 126 jugs molasses, 7 bxs maple sugar, 2 kgs do, F C Shoe; 3 rolls leather, G N Hoffstott; 4 bxs c heese, A & J Kerr; 3 do do, S P Shriver; 1 car hoops, A McClintock; 2 bxs white glass, C Ihmsen & Son; 75 pkgs white fish, Little, Baird & Patton; 60 do do, J Connori 5 cars old rail, Jones & Laughlin; 15 bbls lime, 1 car stone, W W Wallace; 12 bdls wheels, M McWhinney; 1 car middlings, P Schott & Bro; 700 bbls flour; T C Jenkins; 100 do do, S Lindsay Jr & Co; 100 do do, Watt & Wilson; 100 do do, J B Doe; 100 do do, D Wallace; 250 pigs lead, J B Canfield & Son; 73 do do, T H Nevin & Co; 23 bdls picks, Lippincott & Co; 10 bbls scrap iron, Coleman, Rahm & Co; 1 car do, Mullen & Maloney; 1 organ, H Kleber & Bro; 50 bbls spirits, Shipton & Wallace; 64 cks scrap iron, Anderson, Cook & Co; 100 bbls flour, Keil & Ritchart; 1 car middlings, T S Finch & Co; 7 rolls leather, Hartman & Lare; 196 slabs, spelter, John Gray; 21 bbls flour, Shomaker & Lang; 10 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 9 do do, J Wood, Son & Co; 7 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 2 do do, Robinson, Rea & Co; 2 do do, Moorhead & Co.

PITTSBURGH COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD, May 5.—59 sks oats, Bingham & Laing; 1 anvil, Kirkpatrick, Herron C Co; 1 bbl eggs, J S Newmyer & Co; 4 sacks rye, McHenry & Hood; 3 bbls eggs, W H Graff; 10 bbls tallow, Jas Swearengem; 2 bbls scrap iron; Lloyd & Black; 20 empty boxes, A Martin; 33 sks rye, McHenry & Hood; 6 bdls hoes, Whitmore, Wolf, Duff & Co; 101 bxs brooms, McElroy & Co; 12 sks oats, Meanor & Harper; 100 bbls flour, C B Leech; 2 cases torpedoes, 1 tc sausage, E H Myers & Co; 1 bx bacon, White, Orr & Co; 102 tcs grease, F Sellers & Co; 1 hhd tobacco, J Fullerton; 1 car grain, M Steel & Son; 1 car staves, Schade & Weigel; 1 do do, Miller & Crist; 1 do do, H Geyer; 1 do do, C Albright; 2 do do, J Painter & Son; 50 flour, E B Thomas; 50 do do, C B Leech; 100 do do, D Wallace.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R., May 5—1 car blooms, Anderson, Cook & Co; 1 car potatoes, Baker & Patterson; 2 cars iron ore Shoenberger & Blair; 50 bxs starch, S P Shriver & Co; 50 do do, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 25 do do, J H Bennett; 25 do do, Jas Connor; 15 do do, Wm Cooper & Co; 25 do do, Haworth, McDonald & Co; 25 do cheese, 25 hlf bbls fish, E Heazleton; 10 bbls fish, S Cooper; 192 bgs corn, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 2 bbls eggs, Head & Metzgar; 2 cars lumber, J M Seibert & Co; 12 sks rye, Dan Wallace; 6 bbls flour, Totten & Co; 1 car grain, McHenry & Hood; 92 sks rye, W J Meek; 11 coils rope, Godfrey & Clark; 50 bbls oil, Wm McCutcheon; 1 oar stone, J L L Knox.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, May 5—160 bbls oil, O B Jones; 1 car scrap iron, Coleman, Rahn & Co; 1 car pig iron, McKnight, Porter & Co; 4 caddies tobacco, E M Young; 14 bbls rye, D Wallace; 3 sacks rags, 5 bxs butter. 4 do eggs, J Hilty; 4 bx eggs, 2 do butter, J C Cuddy; 1 bx butter, bbl eggs, L J Blanchard; 1 bbl eggs, J R Hatfy; 1 do do, J Seibert; 38 sacks oats, S Marsfield; 6 sks rye, 1 bx butter, 1 bll eggs Keil & Ritchart; 70 sks oats, Adams & Austin; 26 sks rye, T C Jenkins; 12 sks potatoes, J D Case; 4 cars marketing, owners.

ALLEGHENY STATION, May 5.—1 car staves, J M Hemphill; 68 sks oats, R Knox & Son; 31 do rye, J Craig; 1 bag coffee, Haworth, McDonald & Co; 1 bbl eggs, 1 box butter, R & A Carson; 61 sks oats, 12 do rye, J Herbert; 1 car bran, T Smith; 20 bxs starch, Hahn & Hadley; 13 bbls dry apples, S Dyer; 20 bxs starch, Kohen & Bro; 50 bbls flour, 87 bgs rye, 12 do millfeed, Stewart & Langenheim.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, May 5.—Sales 209 hhds. leaf at full rates; lugs 5¼a7¾; common to medium leaf 8a12; fair to selected 18a21. Cotton 30¼. Flour, sales superfine $8,75a9; fancy $12,75a13,25. Wheat $2,55a2,60. Oats 80. Corn 88a90. Lard 20a20¼ in tierces. Bacon shoulders 14½; clear rib and sides 16¾; clear sides 18¼. Bulk meats, shoulders 13¼; clear sides 17¼. Pork, mess 29, prime mess 27. Whisky nominal.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, May 5.—Flour dull and unchanged; choice Iowa extra, $9,62a10,50; medium, $9,25a9,50; common, $8,75a9. Wheat active and unsettled at $2,19 for No. 1, and $2,09¼ for No. 2. Oats buoyant and higher at 69c for No. 2. Corn firm and higher at 92c for new shelled. Beceipts—2,200 bbls flour; 11,509 bush wheat; 5,000 do oats; 800 do corn. Shipments—2,000 bbls flour; 14,800 bush wheat; 2,000 do oats 200 do corn.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, May 5.—Petroleum excited; sales of 2,000 bbls crude at 17½c; refined, 30a30½c. Flour dull; western extra family, $10,50; Ohio, $11a12,50. Wheat in light demand and declined; red, $2,80a2,85; white, $2,20. Rye steady at $2. Corn quiet; mixed western, $1,20. Oats unchanged. Mess pork, $30,00, for city packed. Beef, $27,50.

Detroit Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

DETROIT, May 5.—Flour; choice brands unaffected by the decline at least, superfine in fair demand at $13a13,50, very choice held at $13,60a13,75; spring in fair demand for home trade at $10a11,00. Wheat dull and no sales.

RIVER NEWS.

Both rivers were falling slowly last evening with eight feet in the Monongahela, and seven feet ten inches in the Allegheny. There is every appearance at present, however, of another rise, as considerable rain fell during the day, and the indications are favorable for a continuance of it. Telegrams from Oil City reported the Allegheny at a stand, with twenty-eight inches in the channel at that point,

The arrivals include the Bayard. from Parkersburg; New State, from Louisville, and Julia No. 2, from Zanesville. The Bayard and Julia were the only departures.

The Argosy, Capt. Vandergrift, with Mr. W. H. Scott, in the office, is the regular packet for Cincinnati to-day, leaving at noon.

The R. C. Gray, Capt. Anderson, is now in turn for Louisville, and will be the first boat out for the latter point.

Glass House used to be regarded as the worst place in low water between here and Cincinnati; the improvement was made there last summer by which steamers now take the other side of the island, Glass House is seldom mentioned, and steamers experience but little difficulty in ascending and descending at that point. White's Dam, however, has got to be an eyesore to steamboatmen, and may justly be regarded as a Glass House No. 2. The channel here has been obstructed by the sinking of several barges loaded with coal and iron, some of which have lately been removed, but it is still a dangerous place in low water. It, like Glass House, will doubtlest receive attention this summer.

The J. N. McCullough, Capt. George D. Moore, is the regular packet for Parkersburg to-day, leaving promptly at noon.

At a meeting of steamboat captains and owners on Monday, a resolution re-establishing the "turn system" was adopted, and hereafter the St. Louis boats will load in turn. This is an excellent movement, and if faithfully adhered to, connot help being productive of much good. For the last two or three months there has been entirely too much rivalry, and as a consequence, freights were put down to a point for which there was no necessity in the wide world, and it appeared that the more a boat got the more money she lost, as it was taken at a figure that would scarcely pay for the labor of loading and discharging.

The Kate Robinson, Capt. Robinson, is now in turn for St. Louis, and will doubtless get out this evening. She will take Upper Mississippi freight, in connection with the Northern Line Packet Company.

Captain Dan. Mussellman, a well-known St. Louis steamboat man, did at Barley Springs (Arkansas) on Friday. He was thirty-nine years of age, and was born at Danville, this State.

The Silver Lake and Importer were advertised to leave St. Louis for Fort Benton on Saturday last.

We are glad to see the Memphis *Avalanche* advocating the repeal of the ordinance enforced in that city, which prevents steamboats from feeding their passengers while in port, without first taking out a license to keep a hotel.

The Marshal of Ironton, Ohio, wanted to arrest John Kerker, mate of the Fleetwood, when John knocked him down. On the boat's return to Ironton, Capt. Holloway, the clerks and mates were arrested, taken before a justice and held in $500 each to answer.

The Paducah *Kentuckian* publishes the following serious charge against the officers of a Cincinnati boat:

As the steamer Champion, a Cincinnati and St. Louis packet, passed down on her last trip, a deck hand fell overboard. A passenger who witnessed the occurrence, at once informed the Captain, who very coolly remarked, "that he missed nobody," and did not even stop his boat. It was afterwards ascertained that a man was overhoard. One of the pilots was heard to remark that it was only "a damned Irishman," and it made no difference. Such inhuman conduct on the part of the Captain of the Champion, greatly excited the indignation of the passengers, who remonstrated with him at the time. This fact is enough to cause an investigation by the owners. A well-known gentleman of this city, who was on board, gave us the above information.

The St. Charles arrived at Cincinnati on Sunday, and the J. N. McCullough left there the same day for Pittsburgh.

The St. Louis *Republican* says: We take the following from an Illinois exchange, and have Captain Abrams' word that it was an actual occurrence. It shows what opposition and dull times have brought steamboats to: The following incident is said to have actually occurred, as the Belle of Pike was on her down trip last Saturday evening, at Jones' Ferry: Capt. Abrams was standing on the promenade deck, when the boat was hailed by a small boy on shore, and, after landing, the following dialogue ensued: Capt.—"What is wanted?" Small boy—"I say, Cap., take this letter to St. Louis, and put a three-cent stamp on it, and put it in the post office." Capt.—"Hand it to the man on the plank." Boy hands the letter to "an American citizen of African descent." The Capt. taps the bell—the boat rounds from the shore, and proceeds as if nothing unusual had transpired.

A Louisville telegram, under date of Sunday, says: River rising, with seven feet nine inches in the canal, and five feet nine inches on the falls, in the pass. Clear and bright this morning, with rain this evening. The Sam J. Hale, Lorena, and Mary Davage passed down. No other arrivals except the local packets. The Lorena and Mary Davage added freight here. The Alice V. left for St. Louis, having been detained all night taking cement at the mills at the foot of the falls. She had a large amount of cement engaged for her on this side of the river, but she being detained, it was damaged by the heavy rain that fell yesterday morning.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI.

THURSDAY PACKET—AT 12 M.

The new and splendid side-wheel steamer

J. N. M'CULLOUGH,

G. D. MOORE.....Commander.
D. MOORE.....Clerk.

The above elegant side-wheel steamer will leave regularly as announced, connecting at Cincinnati with Packets and Railroads to Louisville, Nashville, Memphis, New Orleans and St. Louis. Also to the Upper Mississippi and Missouri rivers.
Freight or passengers receipted through either by rail or river.
Especial attention given to Orders and Way Business.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
ap23 JAS. COLLINS, CHAS. BARNES. } Agents.

GHRIEST & HASLETT,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants,

AND GENERAL

STEAMBOAT AGENTS,

Cor. Market ahd Water Sts., Pittsburgh.

We are the authorized agents for the "NORTH-WESTERN UNION PACKET COMPANY," between St. Louis and St. Paul; also for the "ST. LOUIS & QUINCY PACKET COMPANY."
Freights RECEIPTED THROUGH by either of the above lines at the LOWEST RATES. Shippers entrusting goods to our care can rely on having them handled with care and delivered with dispatch.
We are also agents for steamers to Cincinnati, Louisville, Memphis, New Orleans, and all other points on the Western waters. ap23

CINCINNATI

PACKET LINE.

For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Pomeroy, Galliopolis, Big Sandy, Ironton, Portsmouth, Maysville and Cincinnati.

ST. MARYS.....T. C. SWEENY, Master.

MONDAYS, 5 P. M.

ST. CHARLES.....C. A. DRAVO, Master.

FRIDAYS, 5 P. M.

The above elegant side-wheel steamers will leave regularly as announced, connecting at Cincinnati with Packets and Railroads to Louisville, Nashville, Memphis, New Orleans and St. Louis. Also to the Upper Mississippi and Missouri rivers.
Freight or passengers receipted through either by rail or river.
Especial attention given to Orders and Way Business. BARNES & COLLINS
ap20 GHRIEST & HASLETT, Agents.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING,

Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharfboat, foot of Wood street, DAILY, at 12 M.

MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS.
J. N. McCULLOUGH.....GEO. D. MOORE, Master.
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
BAYARD.....A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.
Freight will be received at all hours by
ap6 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

FOR ST. LOUIS.—The steamer

KATE ROBINSON.....Capt. Robt. ROBINSON,

WEDNESDAY, 6th inst.,

Will leave as announced above, giving through receipts to Keokuk, St. Paul and intermediate ports by the N. L. Packet Company.
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
my5 Agents.

REGULAR WEDNESDAY PACKET FOR CINCINNATI.—The fine steamer

ARGOSY.....Capt. VANDERGRIFT,

W. H. Scott, Clerk, leaves Pittsburgh for Cincinnati every WEDNESDAY, at noon.
C. BARNES,
JAS. COLLINS, } Agents.
mh21 JOHN FLACK.

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated
CITY OF PARIS. CITY OF ANTWERP.
CITY OF BOSTON. CITY OF BALTIMORE.
CITY OF LONDON.
Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to

WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.,

72 FIFTH STREET, (Chronicle Building,)

Nearly opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh.

ROBINSON.

No. 20 FIFTH STREET,

HAS RECEIVED

ANOTHER LOT

OF

PURE MAPLE SYRUP.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF DRAYS, HACKS, &c.

Notice is hereby given to all owners of Drays, Carts, Carriages, Buggies, &c., whether resident or non-resident in the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at the Treasurer's Office of the City of Pittsburgh FORTHWITH, in accordance with an Act of Assembly, approved March 30th, 1860, and and an Ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 16, 1860.
All Licenses not paid on or before MAY 15, 1868, will be placed in the hands of the Chief of Police for collection, subject to his fee of 50 cents for the collection thereof, and all persons who neglect or refuse to take out Licenses will be subject to a penalty, to be recovered before the Mayor, double the amount of the License.
The old metal plates of preylous years must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or pay 25 cents therefor.

RATES OF LICENSE:

Each One Horse Vehicle	$ 7 50
Each Two Horse "	12 00
Each Four Horse "	15 00
Each Two Horse Hack	15 00

Omnibuses and Timber Wheels drawn by Two Horses, Eighteen Dollars each. For each additional Horse used in any of the above vehicles, One Dollar.
SAMUEL ALLINDER,
City Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, February 18, 1868.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PITTSBURGH, April 1st, 1868.

IN PURSUANCE of the 21st Section of an Act relating to Allegheny county, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the amendment to said section, approved the 30th day of March, 1866, I hereby give notice that the Duplicates of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships WILL BE OPEN and I will be prepared to receive the

County, State, Poor, Work-house and Bounty Taxes, for 1868.

On and after the 1st day of May, 1868, said taxes can be paid at this office until the 1st day of August, with a

Deduction of Five Per Cent. Discount

for prompt payment, to any persons paying the WHOLE AMOUNT of their taxes.
There will be no deduction allowed during the month of August. There will be TEN PER CENT. ADDED to all taxes remaining unpaid on the 1st day of September, 1868.
J. F. DENNISTON,
mh31:n69 Treasurer of Allegheny County.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY, MEDIUM and LIGHT ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. ap13:z2

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

M. STEELE.....J. A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.

No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

JAMES B. MEANOR.....JOS. HARPER

MEANOR & HARPER,

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

329 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.

Consignments solicited.
REFERENCES—J. G. Martin, Cashier Mechanics' National Bank; J. S. Dilworth & Co., R. T. Kennedy & Bro. ja31:124

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHARD.

KEIL & RICHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c., &c.,

349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh.

my24:b37

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 396 PENN STREET.

ap18:x39

ALEX. M'BANE.....J. B. ANJER.

McBANE & ANJER,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 141 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh. je5

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

For the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 16 MARKET STREET, corner of First, Pittsburgh. fe22:u8

SHOMAKER & LANG, Wholesale dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Carbon Oil, &c., Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. nos:n55

JOHN I. HOUSE.....EDW. HOUSE.....WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

H. RIDDLE, No. 183 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., Commission Merchant and Wholesale Dealer in Country Produce, Groceries and Pittsburgh Manufactures. Cash advanced on Consignments, and paid for Produce generally. au21

ROBT. KNOX.....ANDREW KNOX

R. KNOX & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, MILL FEED and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No 79 DIAMOND, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City ja17:r87

DAV. CRAWFORD, COMMISSION MERCHANT IN PIG METAL, BLOOMS, ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK AND CLAY, &c. Warehouse and Office, Nos. 366 and 368 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited. oc3

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 112 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

J. B. CANFIELD & SON, COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS, and Wholesale Dealers in Western Reserve Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and Oils, Dried Fruit and Produce generally, Nos. 144 and 146 Front street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja12:r58

PROFESSIONAL.

JOS. A. BUTLER,

ALDERMAN AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, 126 WYLIE STREET, near Washington, PITTSBEFGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, Collections, and all other legitimate business executed promptly. mh20:n9

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 98 FIFTH STREET.

ap6:n90:d&e PITTSBURGH, PA.

SAMUEL McMASTERS,

ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh15

EUSTACE S. MORROW,

ALDERMAN,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

OFFICE, NO. 73 PENNA. AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. my29

A. AMMON,

Justice of the Peace,

CONVEYANCER, REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE AGT.

CARSON STREET, EAST BIRMINGHAM.

Collection of Rents solicited and promptly attended to. my3:y60

WILLIAM H. BARKER,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, CONVEYANCER, &C.,

Office, CARSON STREET, nearly opposite the Railway Depot, SOUTH PITTSBURGH.
Business entrusted to his care promptly attended to. my1:y61

JOSEPH M. GAZZAM.....J. R. BUTTERFIELD.
G. M. M'MASTER.

M'MASTER, GAZZAM & BUTTERFIELD,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,

And Solicitors in Bankruptcy,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

OFFICE, 98 GRANT STREET,

Opposite the Cathedral.

je15:TTS

DANIEL McMEAL, M. D.,

PRACTICING PHYSICIAN,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,

No. 59 Grant St., near High.

ap29:x71

J. S. FERGUSON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 87 Fifth Street,

SECOND FLOOR, FRONT ROOM. ap4:w73

W. A. LEWIS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 99 Diamond Street,

mh5:u8 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN W. RIDDELL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office, 116 Diamond Street,

(Opposite the Court House,)

fe15:t44 PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. C. MACKRELL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

No. 89 Grant Street,

my24:b25 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN A. STRAIN,

ALDERMAN,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, 113 FIFTH STREET, opposite

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, T. P. HOUSTON, JOSIAH KING, N. P. REED, Editors and Managers.

OFFICE:

GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST

OFFICIAL PAPER

Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

Terms—Daily.		Semi-Weekly.		Weekly.	
One year	$8.00	One year	$2.50	Single copy	$1.50
One month	75	Six mos	1.50	5 copies, each	1.25
By the week, (from carrier.)	15	Three mos	75	10 " " and one to Agent.	1.15

WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1868.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, *issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each week forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year,* $1.50; *in clubs of five,* $1,25; *in clubs of ten,* $1,15, *and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.*

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE: *Second page: Poetry and Ephemeris. Third page: Financial Affairs in New York, Markets by Telegraph, River News and Coal Shipments. Sixth page: Finance and Trade and Home Markets. Seventh page: Agricultural Department.*

GOLD closed yesterday in New York at 139¾.

THE election in Florida began on Monday last and concludes this evening. A Republican triumph is generally anticipated.

THE meeting of the owners of franchises of the Chartiers Valley Railroad will be held at Philadelphia on Monday, the 11th instant, instead of the 12th, as stated in these columns yesterday.

WE HAVE excellent authority for stating that the recent visit of Gen. GRANT to Philadelphia was entirely on private business, having no political objects or significance whatever.

AN OFFICIAL census of Detroit shows a population of 66,385. A census of Cleve- taken three years ago footed up 62,573. Each of these cities have recently claimed a population of at least 80,000. Cleveland has lately annexed four new wards with some 6,000 inhabitants to its municipality and its pretensions may therefore have some foundation.

RHODE ISLAND buried its last slave on the 26th ult. The census of 1860 reported eighteen slaves in New Jersey and two in Kansas. Of course it is to be understood that the obligation to service, as defined in this designation, was purely nominal, representing rather the dependence of aged and helpless retainers than the maintenance of an offensive institution.

TEXAS does not hold an election for a Constitutional Convention until June 15th. It is understood that Gen. BUCHANAN, commanding the District, has postponed this action until the very latest possible day, in the view of efficiently obstructing the participation of that State in the Presidential canvass. In the meantime, Texas sends a full delegation to represent her Republicans at Chicago.

IT IS understood that the new Tax-bill will be ready for report to the House as soon as impeachment shall be disposed of. Final action upon the bill at the present session will be strenuously opposed by influential members who argue that, special provisions having been already made for urgently pressing questions, such as those concerning the whiskey-tax, and the tax on manufactures, the present session should not be protracted until August in the elaborate discussions which must attend the general measure.

TELEGRAMS from New Orleans and the Republican press of that city concur in representing the result of the Louisiana election as a sweeping Republican triumph, the Democrats having only one of the four Congressmen and fourteen out of the thirty-six State Senators. On the other hand, a delegation of leading Republicans of the State are now in Washington to ask a Congressional correction of certain monstrous frauds alleged to have been committed in the Rebel interest, one consequence of which "is thought to be a Rebel majority of one or two in the upper branch of the State Legislature. Should this prove to be true, the Legislature will fail to adopt the Constitutional Amendment, and thus keep the State out of the Union. The whole matter is to be laid before the Reconstruction Committee."

We have no data upon which to attempt the reconciliation of these conflicting reports, but incline to favor the former one, of a thorough Republican victory, as the most reliable.

THE STATE TREASURER.

General W. W. IRVIN, the new State Treasurer, assumed the duties of the office at Harrisburg on Monday last. The gentleman is a citizen of our adjoining county of Beaver. He has long been known to his neighbors of that county and of Western Pennsylvania, in both public and private relations, for his ability, experience and integrity, and, to the people of the Commonwealth, his efficient and most satisfactory discharge of his public duties as Commissary General during the Rebellion, and as President of the Board of Claims, established for the adjustment of accounts against the State, has exhibited his peculiar qualifications for the present post in the strongest light.

General IRVIN succeeds a gentleman whose faithful and capable administration of the Treasury has given marked satisfaction to the people of Pennsylvania. His suggestions, ever practical, has ever been heeded and followed by the State authorities, and the people recognize the value of his services in promoting the most acceptable and wise legislation. We need only specify his agency in procuring the repeal of the tax on real estate and in arresting those extravagant appropriations to local charities which at one time seriously threatened embarrassment to the Treasury, and the additional fact that the State debt has been decreased six millions during his term of office. Mr. KEMBLE retires with the grateful acknowledgments of the people, and with the far more grateful consciousness of a high trust faithfully discharged.

THE ENGLISH MINISTERIAL CRISIS.

Mr. D'ISRAELI insists that his Ministry has proved in the main a success. His speech, on Monday night in the Commons, recapitulates its triumphs in the face of the opposing majority which attended its entrance to power, and, interposing the special sectarian plea against the decisive vote by which the Irish Church question was carried against him, declares that his resignation is not agreeable to Her Majesty and, challenging the House to pass a vote of want of confidence, announces in plain terms that he should try to carry this Parliament over other pressing questions, and would then go to the country in another election.

This bold defiance aroused a bitter temper in the House, Messrs. GLADSTONE and BRIGHT denouncing his course as unconstitutional and impracticable. There can be little doubt that the opposition will accept the Premier's challenge, and will precipitate a speedy solution of the ministerial crisis by an address to the Queen. The matter at issue is one which enlists Her Majesty's personal feelings to a peculiar degree. She is known to be a devotee. Her entire reign has demonstrated the sincerity and zeal with which she has regarded her royal obligations, as she understands them, as Defender of the Faith. Her highest duty, in her own eyes, is to uphold the Established Church, Upon no other question, of political interest or State importance, would her constitutional timidity and desire for the quiet of the Empire, allow her to offer any serious obstacle to the demands of a majority of her Commons, constitutionally expressed. But, upon this question, which directly assails the Church establishment in Ireland, and indirectly impeaches the principle of Church and State throughout the Empire, Mr. D'ISRAELI will have the Royal confidence and encouragement to the last practicable moment. It is evident, therefore, that England is on the threshold of a struggle between Prerogative and the People, between the Crown and the Commons, between Freedom and Restrictions in religion, between the immemorial policy of the Empire and the advancing influences of the new era of Popular Liberty. That struggle is not likely to be protracted, nor its issue doubtful, for the concessions now refused by the Crown will be extorted and maintained as Public Rights before another year rolls by.

THE GOOD OPINION OF OUR OPPONENTS.

The sensational reports from Washington printed in the journals of this city yesterday afternoon, and representing several prominent Republican Senators as sure to vote for the President's acquittal, afford only another proof of the implicit confidence reposed by our political opponents in the impartial and faithfully judicial integrity of the majority in the Senate. The whole course of this trial has been marked by Democratic confessions, every day reiterated, that leading Republican members, almost a score of whom have been from time to time individually named, being unable to see sufficient grounds for a conviction, were likely to respect the solemn obligations of their oaths and to acquit the accused, regardless of partizan considerations. This high testimony to the elevated moral principle of gentlemen who were partizans, politicians and Senators before they become constitutionally the judges of an impeached Executive, could only have been extorted from the sincere convictions of their political opponents, and must in fact be accepted as a most exalted and disinterested tribute to the judicial integrity of the Senators who have thus been honored with such special mention.

No such tribute has been paid to the judicial fidelity of the Democratic Senators. Not one of these twelve apostles of JOHNSON and Democracy has even been suspected of entertaining a doubt as to the final direction of his vote. Whether by a happy accord upon the intrinsic merits of the case, or because of the unfaltering attachment of such politicians to their partizan interests above and beyond all other considerations whatever, it has never occurred to the acutest and most uncharitable observer of the trial to impute against these united twelve the faintest intimation of a possibility that a solitary Senator of them all could be induced, by any accumulation of proof, to convict the guiltiest criminal in the land if arraigned by a Republican majority.

The intrinsic truth or falsity, of these repeated assertions that Republican Senators incline to disregard partisan considerations, is a matter which neither adds to nor impairs the value of the tribute thus paid to them by the opposition. It is high praise enough that Mr. JOHNSON and his Democratic friends are agreed as to the disposition of the Senatorial majority to consider and decide the grave issues before them without political bias and with a sole reference to their true merits. We appreciate the compliment, even while we dispute the most of the specifications.

It may be possible, for example, that Senators FESSENDEN and SHERMAN, with four or five other Republicans, are prepared to vote for Mr. JOHNSON'S acquittal on all the charges, but it is nevertheless exceedingly improbable. It is quite unlikely that their conclusions of opinion in either direction have been already made known to the irresponsible news-mongers with whom the Capital swarms. It is far more creditable that these Senators and others composing the Republican majority, with perhaps two or three exceptions, have, each for himself, reached a common conclusion to convict, some of them on one portion of the articles, and some on another portion, and that a comparison of views will be found an absolutely indispensable preliminary to an effective concentration upon the leading issues. We have no doubt that many, if not all, of the Senators have, according to the habits of professional life, prepared brief or written opinions, carefully, clearly and comprehensively stating their views of the case, and that the fact of such a general preparation has transpired without the slightest revelation as to the character of the opinions expressed. Of course the wildest conjectures are made, in the gossip of the curbstone or lobby, and immediately telegraphed as "startling sensations" to the country. Such, we are confident, were the rumors of yesterday.

POLITICAL TRICKERY.

We have expressed no preference as between the several distinguished Republicans who have been named as candidates for the Vice Presidential nomination at Chicago. We have even forborne to press the claims of a very prominent candidate from our own State, by any arguments or recommendatory eulogy which should imply the least disparagement of the personal or political qualifications of any of his competitors. Indeed, in the line of our duty as faithful journalists, we have conceded the greater probability that the choice of the Convention would ultimately fall upon some one of the candidates not a citizen of Pennsylvania. And, whether the nominee be WADE, COLFAX, WILSON or CURTIN, we propose to give our most cordial support to the action of the Convention.

In the interests of fair-play, however, we protest against the evident inclination in certain quarters to deal unjustly with Mr. WADE. He is accused of having already pledged the official patronage of his temporary Presidential office. This he denies, in strong, unequivocal terms, and he is entitled to the benefit of the denial, which is uncontradicted by a scintilla of proof. He is accused of an intention so to use the influence of his Executive position as to control, by its undue appliance, the action of a few purchaseable delegates. We believe this charge also to be false. The latest slander of his enemies appears in a telegram from Washington to a Cincinnati journal, which charges that the advocates of a new tariff "raising the rates from fifty to one hundred per cent." will push it through Congress "with the assurance that WADE, if made President, will sign it." This story is entitled to no confidence whatever. Mr. WADE is not the man to give such "assurances" in advance. The story is intended to injure him with that large body of western Republicans who oppose the principle of protection, and it will not altogether fail of its intended effect. It will be extensively copied in those journals which care less to advance the interests of other candidates than to damage him, and their readers will never see its contradiction. Mr. WADE has no rival who would give to this disgraceful sort of warfare the slightest countenance, and we protest against it quite as much in their interests as his. We regret that their respective supporters should seem to forget that this sort of thing does not pay in the long run.

PRISON DISCIPLINE.

For want of space, we have delayed until now, suitable notice of the last annual report of "The Philadelphia Society for alleviating the miseries of Public Prisons." Dissenting from some of the cardinal principles which the society recognizes and labors to enforce, we have the highest admiration for the self-denial and perseverance with which its main objects are prosecuted. Many of its active members are men of abundant pecuniary means, who by reason of retirement from business, have time on their hands which they devote to works of benevolence, rather than to the lower forms of self-gratification. Such a choice between courses indicates the possession of elevated moral instincts and conceptions, and a commendable spirit of self-sacrifice.

The report eulogizes what is known as the Pennsylvania System of Prison Discipline; that is, the system of solitary confinement. Both observation and reflection lead us, if not to reject that system entirely, to accept it subject to important limitations. In order not to be misapprehended let us somewhat amplify a few points.

1. The system is not carried into effect for want of sufficient accommodations, and cannot be until large sums of money shall be expended on the existing establishments or in the erection of new ones. Take the Western Peuitentiary as an example. Professedly, and in the contemplation of law, conducted on the solitary system, the greater part of the cells contain more than one occupant. The Keeper has no alternative but to disregard the law. Prisoners are brought to him, whom he cannot turn away, and for whom he cannot provide as the statutes make it his duty to do. This condition of affairs involves all, or nearly all, the evils attributed to the congregate system, with none of the advantages claimed for the solitary one. If the Keeper by law and the arrangement of the prison, could assort, so to speak, the men and women committed to his keeping, he could do much better than the existing system allows.

2. We do not assent to the leading proposition of the Society that "the work of self-examination needs solitude and silence." Nor yet to the tacit assumption that prisoners are generally inclined to enter seriously upon that work, even under the most favorable circumstances. Solitude and silence are unnatural in point of fact, and of unhealthy tendency, physically, mentally and morally. Philosophers, who are supposed to be well-ballenced and self-reliant, may bear the strain of protracted vigils and ceaseless meditations without damage to any portion of their powers—though we doubt—but, about the worst thing that can be done with ordinary mortals, and especially with those who are inclined to vice or crime, is so to situate them as to turn their reflections in upon themselves. The evils commonly attributed to Monasticism have their origin just here, and not in the deliberate intentions of those who participate in that system, or exercise control over it. The solitary confinement of criminals, in like manner, tends not to good, but to mischief. What a bad man most needs is to get away from himself; to have his thoughts abundantly occupied by proper objects; and to come under the dominion and guidance of characters greatly superior to his own. Nor should it be forgotten that a frequent form of mental disease consists in an intense longing for seclusion and introspection; which is a condition so essentially abnormal that it ought be carefully avoided, particularly in all cases where mental or moral infirmity is reasonably presumed to exist in unusual amount.

3. The history of the human race proves conclusively that punishment, no matter how judiciously administered, has little or no tendency to make bad persons better. If there was a remedial power inherent in it, all that could be needful would be to learn how rightly to apportion and apply it, and then reformation would be rendered both speedy and certain. But the fact is, that punishment ordinarily indurates, making bad worse.

4. Owing to the introduction of machinery individual and solitary labor has largely ceased to be self-sustaining. The steam engine tends more and more to congregate workmen, compelling co-operation. Resistance to this tendency is useless, for it has become absolutely uncontrollable. It may, indeed, be possible to pick out a few employments in which criminals can still be employed, solitarily, with profit; but machinery will soon be devised to conduct all these processes with greater celerity and cheapness. Besides, it is on all accounts desirable that while criminals are in custody such of them as are not instructed in useful callings, should be so instructed. What they require are laudable employments which require men to associate with each other.

5. The failure of all Penal Systems now on trial, or heretofore used, will soon compel a searching revision. It would be most unsafe to predict what the approved system of the future will be.

—Our readers already know that under authority of law the Governor appointed Mr. MAHLON H. DICKENSON, of this Society, a Commissioner to visit the Penal and Pauper institutions of this State. His expenses were paid by this Society. He promptly entered upon the duties assigned him, and although he has not yet made a full report of his examinations, he has presented detached and isolated facts calculated to excite uncomfortable reflections. Take some specimens:

"The 'Black Hole' in Calcutta has a world-wide reputation. The jail of Indiana county is deserving of a like notoriety. Brute beasts would pine away and die in such a place. Nothing having life could exist there any length of time, the place is in such a bad condition that if is impossible to keep it clean. Of all the jails I ever visited, this is the dilthiest. The county has no Poor House, and consequently, no place for the insane. There are two insane persons in this jail at the present time. What a place for an insane man!

"In Franklin county, David Wagamer, a native of the county, eighty years of age, has been an inmate of the Almshouse twenty years, and all that time has been chained.

"I saw in the Almshouse of Adams county, a man said to be insane, who was chained fast to a fifty-six pound weight, which he is obliged to drag about with him when he moves. In the insane department of the house, there was found another man who was held by an enormous chain to a heavy weight brightly polished by long and constant use.

"In a row of badly constructed cells divided by board partitions, I found men and women, some of them chained down to the floor, with chains heavy enough to secure an ox, all of these chains polished brightly by long use, through years of terrible torment. Some of these poor creatures have been confined in these wretched dens for more than twenty years—as the Steward *believes*, though there was no record of proceedings; all was traditionary, no one knew or cared for the wretched creatures.

"Mr. D. was taken to the cell of a poor crazy woman, who was declared to be the worst patient she had had in prison. *He assures us she had had* several illegitimate children. She is white, about thirty-five years of age. Two of the children were mulatto, a colored man drives the team of the place. She had others by white men.

"An idiotic woman was pointed out who had lately given birth to a child. When asked who was the father, the Steward said he could not tell, but supposed it was somebody who came in off the turnpike."

We will proceed no further. Such things happen in Pennsylvania. For very shame we drop the curtain on what lies behind.

THE regular Washington correspondent of the New York *Times* pays a justly discriminating tribute to the sterling merits of the argument of Hon. THOS. WILLIAMS in Impeachment, as follows:

Mr. Evarts' speech stands out most prominently, of course, because of its great length, its great merit and the reputation of the speaker. But those who desire to read all that is truly interesting and truly valuable in this trial, should not omit a careful perusal of the speech of Manager Williams. It was probably prepared with more care than any other that has been delivered, and while it abounds in strong legal positions, it also abounds more in the literature of the law than any other. Owing to an unpleasant voice, Mr. Williams' delivery really detracted from the merits of his speech; but it will stand the test of the highest criticism, as a literary as well as a legal production.

THE Albany *Evening Journal* comments with freedom upon the recent intimations that the Democracy contemplate the nomination of ADAMS, HANCOCK, or any other man for the Presidency who has not been prominently and faithfully identified with the most advanced sentiment of the party. The *Journal* says:

Such a nomination would involve the Democratic party in an entire surrender of all the positions it has held during the past eight years; and it is just now in no temper to make such concessions. We shall be surprised if the New York Convention does not on the other hand boldly take advanced ground, and select a candidate conspicuously identified with its most ultra opposition to the war policy of the last Administration, and the reconstruction measures of the present Congress.

POPULATION OF RUSSIA.—A late number of the *Russian Messenger* gives statistics of population in Russia. The number of inhabitants has doubled within the past sixty-two years, and at this rate will amount to one hundred and fifty millions by the year 1900. The average length of life is thirty-two years for men and thirty-one for women. Russia has more young persons under the age of twenty, in proportion to her population, than any country in Europe, and has less between the ages of twenty and sixty.

The Mauritius Hurricane.

Official dispatches from the Island of Mauritius to the English Home Government give detailed accounts of the disastrous effects of the cyclone which swept over that Island early in March. The annexed extract will give to our readers a vivid idea of the terrific power of a tropical hurricane:

In Port Louis, out of upwards of fifty vessels in the harbor three alone escaped without damage, seven were dismasted, and thirteen driven ashore, including the Union Company's steamer Mauritius, which is expected to be abandoned. The three principal dock companies are stated to have each sustained losses to the extent of $100,000. In the town itself three churches, two Protestant (one of iron and one of stone) and one Roman Catholic, were reduced to ruins, and hundreds of houses were destroyed.

But it is on the railways that the greatest amount of damage has been done, every station on both lines having been unrooted with the exception of the central terminus. Two spans of the Grand River iron viaduct, each measuring 126 feet in length, and weighing, I believe, nearly as many tons, were actually lifted off the piers and hurled into the ravine below, where they lie at an angle of at least ten degrees to the direction of the railway. At the workshops on Plaine Lawsun the havoc was even greater; not only the whole of the wooden buildings having been leveled with the ground, and the goods wagons which were standing on the line turned over on their sides, but the huge iron doors of the engine repairing-shed having been burst open, though shored up by every means from within, with such violence as to cause the crown of the arch above them to give way, and the massive stone walls and the girders of the roof to fall, burying the whole of the machinery and one of the large eight-wheel locomotives in the ruins. A better illustration of the force of the wind cannot, perhaps, be given than the fact that I saw yesterday one of the wings of these doors, above a ton and a quarter in weight, lying twisted and shattered on the grass on the other side of the line of rails leading past the workshops, and at least twenty feet from its original position! It has been fortunately decided beforehand not to attempt to run trains during a cyclone, so that no accident happened as regards the traffic.

The Southern Elections.

Georgia is at length known to be Republican on every ticket—Constitution, Governor, Senate, House, and four out of seven Representatives in Congress. Bullock's majority will exceed 7,000, the white vote for him being much larger than was expected. The Constitution has 15,000 majority, and there will be a majority of 16 on joint ballot in the Legislature. There was a most determined struggle, a heavy vote, and a most gratifying result. Georgia will soon be in the Union as she ought to be.

Louisiana has adopted her Radical Constitution by 17,803 majority, chosen H. C. Warmouth (Radical) Governor by a still greater majority, with the entire Republican State Ticket, elected three Republican Representatives to Congress out of four, with 22 Republicans to 14 Democrats in her Senate, and 60 Republicans to 41 Democrats in the House. The bolting Republican ticket received very few votes. The State will, of course, be soon represented by two Republicans in the U. S. Senate.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Abyssinia.

The successful termination of the English war with Abyssinia and the death of King Theodore gives value to the opinions of Bishop Gobat, as expressed several years since, to a gentleman now residing in Philadelphia. The Bishop is a Swiss by birth, and has been supported by the British and Prussians for some years as the head of the Episcopal Church at Jerusalem. He spent ten years of his life as a missionary in Abyssinia. His opinion was that the Abyssinians only needed to be relieved from the intolerable despotism of their rulers and to be brought into some correspondence with western nations to rise rapidly in the scale of civilization. He rates their abilities highly, and says that they are keen and logical in their intellectual processes; fine mechanics, brave soldiers, and capable of a higher development than any other African race. They are desirous, too, of a more intimate correspondence with the world than has been allowed them.—*Phila. North American.*

A WASHINGTON LETTER says: "It is rumored that the President has paid Mr. Evarts from the Secret Service Fund of the State Department; and it is positively asserted that Mr. Evarts' speech, of the third day, was prepared by Secretary Seward, and the conclusion or defense of Mr. Johnson personally, was inspired or dictated by the President, who coolly announced to Mr. Evarts that he was not satisfied with the first part of his argument."

Another letter to the New York *Times*, says: "Speculation as to the result of the trial is not so rife as early in the week. After much investigation, discussion and feeling, the opinion has settled down to the fact that but two of the Republican Senators are sure to vote for acquittal on every article. The impression also prevails that the conviction will be on four of the eleven articles—the first, second, third and eleventh—those charging violation of the Tenure-of-Office act, violation of the Constitution in removing Mr. Stanton outright, violation of the law of 1863 in the *ad interim* appointment of General Thomas, and obstructing the legislation of Congress by trying to defeat the operation of the Reconstruction acts."

THE bill before Parliament, by which the telegraph lines are to be placed under the control of the Postmaster General, establishes a uniform tariff upon messages sent to any point in the United Kingdom, whatever the distance, of not exceeding one shilling for twenty words, and sixpence for every additional ten words, names and addresses not counted. Payments may be made in postage stamps, and messages with the requisite stamps affixed may be deposited in the letter boxes. The rates fixed by this bill are a great reduction on former rates, and even less than those for the transmission of messages on the Continent, where the telegraphic lines have always been the property of the government. The transmission of twenty words in France, for example, costs two francs, or nearly twice the proposed rate for England,

A NOVEL application of sleeping car conveniencies is about to be made by the New York and Philadelphia delegates to the Chicago Convention. Nine of Woodruff's silver palace cars have been chartered, which will convey the delegates from New York and Philadelphia to Chicago without change. The cars will then be shifted to a side track, and during the stay of the occupants in Chicago, will be used, instead of over-crowded hotels, to sleep in.

THE Manchester *Guardian* of April 5th says: "Mr. Adams, the American Minister, is preparing to leave England; but it is possible that his departure may yet be delayed a short time should news arrive of the conclusion of the impeachment of Mr. Johnson; and should difficulties arise in the way of nominating a representative of the Republic in England on the part of the new President. Nothing seems to be known as to the matter."

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE.

The Present Phase of Political Complications—Peace to be Preserved.

[Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BERLIN, April 15, 1868.

It is now more emphatically affirmed that Count Bismarck has declined the Emperor Napoleon's proposals respecting a Russo-Prusso-French cooperation in the east. At the same time he refuses to renounce the idea of a nearer connection with Southern Germany for the most unequivocal recognition of the situation in the North. He assures France that for the present he has no intention to extend the Federal institutions across the Main, and yet he makes it plain that this is an internal question concerning which no arrangement can be made with foreign powers. He does not say to France in so many words, "this is our own family business—it is none of yours,"—for diplomatists are supposed to use a different phraseology from that of ordinary mortals, but the meaning is precisely the same, and is well understood. And it is suggested that to this intimation he has or might have added that should France be embroiled in other quarters his countrymen would doubtless force him to seize the opportunity to realize all that is possible of their unity-ideal. Napoleon is, therefore, for the present foiled in his efforts to make an immediate and propitious beginning of his long-planned work in the east; he will doubtless deem it to be too venturesome to strike a bargain with Russia independent of Prussia, for this would too much deepen the risk of the speedy accomplishment of German unity. As far as men can forecast the future it seems clear that the German destinies will eventually give this unity, and the question with Napoleon is, of course, how to delay this, the seemingly inevitable, or how to make it less a menace than now. It is now evident that this inspired the late offer of cooperation at Berlin.

Russia is of course in ill humor at Prussia's refusal to join in a plot so nearly and deeply effecting the former's interest, and some of her statesmen affirm that she could easily effect the agreement with France irrespective of this Government: but, even if all this were not mere talk, Prince Gortschakoff and the more temperate of his colleagues would hardly approve of such an arrangement, for there are many and important reasons why Russia, while courting equally France and Prussia, should especially desire to keep a good understanding with the latter, the nearer and less uncertain power. And then, further, Russia is by no means certain as to how far France would go with her in the East. It is affirmed, however, that Gortschakoff hold the opinion that the time will come when Prussia will be less able to maintain the situation, both in Germany and the East. The Russians hope that if Prussia will not by pledge of her position allow France more Freedom to act elsewhere that the latter will attack Prussia, and thus enable Russia to gain what she seeks in the East.

But for the present Bismarck's sagacious policy will preserve the tranquility of Europe. The war cries of the French press indeed attracted little attention here. Even the *National Zeitung* gave the matter only a few lines, simply remarking that the French journalists were again behaving like women with hysterics. H.

THIS HOUSE FOR RENT.—The Washington *Chronicle* says: About four o'clock on Monday morning, one of the watchmen employed around the White House discovered a large placard affixed to the door of the main entrance. His curiosity was naturally excited, and upon perusing the paper he read the words: "This house for rent, as the present occupant will be ejected on or about the 1st of May. For particulars, inquire at the Senate." Considering that it was rather an unusual circumstance that the occupant of the residence should advertise his premises for rent prior to his removal, the watchman called upon one of the President's private secretaries, and innocently inquired whether he had posted up the placard. Of course he was answered in the negative, and was instructed to remove the same. The affair has created considerable merriment on all sides.

BEWARE

Of that remorseless and insidious destroyer of the human race,

CONSUMPTION.

Check and conquer its advances, lest you fall the victim. When attacked with any of its preliminary symptoms, no matter how slight, be on your guard and promptly use the remedy ere too late.

DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP

Is an old, well tried, certain and standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain or Oppression in the Chest or Lungs, and all Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. Its sure and certain efficacy has been fully tested and endorsed for many years by numbers of well-known citizens in our midst, and their certificates are on record. Have you a cough which has gradually increased from a slight one to one of permanent standing? Lose no time, but procure a bottle of DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP, which will surely relieve you of the dangerous premonitory symptoms and effect a permanent cure. Do you spend miserable days and long sleepless nights of torture and pain from attacks of Asthma or Difficulty of Breathing? Dr. SARGENT'S Cough Syrup will act promptly, relieve you, and gradually restore you to your freedom of pain, and sound, pleasant sleep. Are your lungs sore and irritated, indicating inflammation? This is one of the most dangerous symptoms, and should be promptly removed. Dr. SARGENT'S Cough Syrup will heal the soreness, allay the inflammation, and restore the lungs to their prestine health and vigor. This Cough Syrup is pleasant and agreeable to take, while powerful and sure in its action. For sale by all Druggists in the country.

BITTERS.

The human stomach seems to require a tonic stimulant. From time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary, tonic bitters have been used. Formerly men made their own bitters, and few thought of eating breakfast without first taking their "tansy." Those were days, however, when prohibitory laws were unknown, and, in consequence, liquors were pure. Dealers could then afford to be honest and sell nothing but the unadulterated. Now, however, what with government tax and court fines, poke-berry juice and alcohol must pass muster for "old rye" and "pure bourbon." People have come to fear poisoning more than malarial diseases and dropped their "tansy." Right here is where HOSTETTER & SMITH, of Pittsburgh, have proven benefactors. Years ago they commenced the manufacture of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, laying it down as a rule, that has since been conscientiously followed, to use nothing but the purest liquors, manufactured expressly for them. By strict adherence to this rule they have won public confidence and reaped their reward in a large, profitable and steady business. Their BITTERS is known all over the country. They are the pioneers of the business, and have the largest manufactory in the world. Nor has success in their case, as in too many instances, rendered them careless; their BITTERS is as pure and good to-day as was the first distillation. We heartily recommend them as a tonic.

As a specific for dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, nervousness, general debility, and remittent and intermittent fevers its efficacy has never been questioned.

There are many worthless imitations; we earnestly caution the public against them.

ANOTHER CURE OF DEAFNESS.

I lost my hearing during the last year. Part of the time I was totally deaf. In April of this year I was induced, from an advertisement, to make application to DR. KEYSER, 130 Penn street, Pittsburgh. After having tried various medicines from doctors, without any benefit, I have been under Dr. Keyser's treatment now for nearly two months, and am entirely restored to my hearing, so that I can hear a pin drop.

JOHN SCANLAN,
Coal Bluffs, Washington Co., Pa.

ANOTHER CURE.

A man called to-day at Dr. Keyser's office to inform him of a great cure made by his LUNG CURE, or PULMONARY RESTORATIVE. Of these cures are made with the Doctor's preparations, he desires it to be distinctly understood that most of his great cures are made in accordance with the established laws that govern the science of medicine, in which he has been engaged for the past twenty-five years. Last week he was also in receipt of a letter from a clergyman in the State of Ohio, detailing another most wonderful cure.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT CONSULTING OFFICE FOR LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 130 PENN STREET, FROM 9 A. M. UNTIL 3 P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHEAP GUNS FOR THE PEOPLE.—*The GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS have been removed to No.* **179** *SMITHFIELD STREET, where will always be found the most complete assortment of* **Guns, Pistols, Ammunition and Sporting Material, &c.,** *in the city. All kinds of Guns and Pistols carefully repaired. Cash paid for ARMY RIFLES and REVOLVERS. Send a stamp for Illustrated Circular. Agents wanted in every town in the United States. Address,* **J. H. JOHNSTON.** **179** *Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.*

☞ **FOR ASSEMBLY,**

VINCENT MILLER,

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my6:p76:F

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, May 5, 1868.

☞ **THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** Bank have declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT.

from the earnings of the last six months, payable on or after the **11**th inst.

The Government Tax will be paid by the Bank.

my6:p80 H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, May 5, 1868.

☞ **THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** BANK have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the **14**th inst, free of U. S. tax.

J. E. BRADY, JR., Cashier.

my5:qp2

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, May 5th, **1861.**

☞ **THE PRESIDENT AND DI-** RECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on its capital stock, out of the profits of the last six months, which will be paid to Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the **15**th instant, free of Government, State and Local taxes.

my6:p81:F W. ROSEBURG, Cashier.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, May **5**, **1868.**

☞ **DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD** OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a DIVIDEND of

FOUR DOLLARS

upon each share of the capital stock, out of the EARNED profits of the last six months, free of Government and State taxes, payable to Stockholders on and after the **12**th inst.

my6:p84 WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

NOTICE

TO PLUMBERS.

At a meeting of the Water Committee, held May **4**, **1868**, the following instructions were adopted and notice thereof directed to be given in the official papers of the city, as follows, viz.:

On after the May **15**th, inst., no LEAD PIPE lighter than that known as EXTRA STRONG will be allowed in making the connections between the ferrule and the stop cock at the curb line, and the delivery is instructed not to drive any ferrule having a lighter pipe than the above attached to it.

By order of the Water Committee.

my6:p85 JOSEPH FRENCH, Superintendent.

CHEAP FRAME DWELLINGS.

TWO FOUR ROOM DWELLING HOUSES.

SITUATE ON

Washington Street, Allegheny City,

Will be sold separately if desired on the most reasonable terms. LOTS **20** by **130** each.

APPLY TO

STEEL & WILSON,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents, No. **66** Smithfield street. my5

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

BENJAMIN F. CRISWELL, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March **2**d, **1867**, having applied for a discharge from all his debts and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all persons who have proved their debts, and others interested, to appear on the **30**th day of MAY, **1868**, at **10** o'clock, A. M., before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register's Office, No. **93** Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third Meetings of Creditors of the said Bankrupt, required by the **27**th and **28**th sections of said Act, will be had before the said Register, at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District.

my6:p78

LACE CURTAINS,

CORNICES, LOOPS, &c.,

A large assortment for sale by

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 Fifth Street.

my6:

SPRING STOCK

OF

CARPETS!

WE HAVE IN STORE THE most complete assortment of CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS we have ever opened, embracing the newest styles and designs of the best FOREIGN and DOMESTIC MANUFACTURERS, imported and selected with special reference to the Pittsburgh Market. Many of the patterns are confined to our house exclusively for this city. With the advantages of Direct Importation, we are now able to offer early the newest and choicest patterns of BRUSSELS, from the most celebrated English looms, and at prices within the reach of almost every householder. A special but limited importation of ENGLISH INGRAINS, of extra quality, and in rare and beautiful designs, will be found especially choice and desirable for Chambers.

Our Stock of COMMON ALL-WOOL CARPETS, purchased before the Carpet Weavers' strike, will be sold at the same rates as previous to the last advance, and will furnish CARPETS to the multitude at the lowest prices since the war. A good CARPET FOR 25 CENTS A YARD.

N. B.—Those having Parlors or Drawing Rooms to furnish are specially invited to examine the unusually large number of patterns particularly adapted to that purpose, which we offer in WILTON and TAPESTRY VELVETS and BRUSSELS at low prices.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & COMPANY,

No. 28 Fifth Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of an order issued out of the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania, I will expose at the CUSTOM HOUSE, Pittsburgh, Pa., on TUESDAY, the **12**TH DAY OF MAY, **1868**, the following described property, to-wit:

THIRTY-ONE BARRELS OF STOCK ALE.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal.

MARSHAL'S OFFICE, May **4**, **1868.** my6:ps6

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, May 6, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this Office until **3** o'clock P. M. on TUESDAY, **12**th inst. for GRADING and PAVING the following Streets, Avenues and Alleys, viz:

JUNIATA STREET, from Sedgwick street to Beaver Avenue.

PARK STREET, from Grant Avenue to Sturgeon street.

MIDDLE STREET, from North Avenue to Knoll street.

KILBUCK STREET; from East side of Craig to West side of Corry street.

UNION AVENUE, from Ohio Avenue to Church street.

OHIO AVENUE, from Grant Avenue to the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad.

GRANT AVENUE, from the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad to Lincoln Avenue.

MADISON AVENUE, from the terminus of the present pavement, at the old city line, to the point of intersection of said Avenue with East street.

BLAIR'S ALLEY, in the Second Ward.

LINDSAY'S ALLEY, in the Second ward.

Also, for the PAVING of ALLEGHENY AVENUE from Western Avenue to the River. Profiles and Specifications can be seen in the office of CHAS. BAVIS, Esq., City Engineer.

R. B. FRANCIS, City Controller.

my6:q79

FIRST-CLASS

Allegheny City Residence

FOR SALE.

THAT FINE MANSION,

Located on the corner of Western Avenue and Bidwell street, lately owned and occupied by J. P. Lyon, Esq., one hundred feet on Western Avenue, by two hundred and twenty-seven feet on Bidwell street.

For location of the ground, as well as the improvements thereon, this Residence is well known

To Rank Among the very First and Most Desirable

In the two cities. Possession immediately.

For particulars, as to description, price, terms, &c., apply to

GEO. H. HOLTZMAN.

my5:p72 **146** WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

LEAD AND BLOCK TIN PIPE,

SHEET AND BAR LEAD,

AND ALL KINDS OF

Plumbers', Gas & Steam Fitters'

MATERIALS.

No. 167 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

ap29:ws

LINDEN GROVE.

LINDEN GROVE having been fitted up in the most superb style, with a large and elegant Platform, beautifully shaded, large Dining Room and two excellent bars, is now ready to rent to

PICNICS, PARTIES,

Sunday School Celebrations, &c.,

ON THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

Parties holding Picnics, &c., will find it to their advantage to secure the Grove.

The Grove is easily accessible, being but a few steps from the Oakland Railway Station, whose cars run regularly every fifteen minutes.

☞ For terms, &c., apply at the

OFFICE OF THE OAKLAND RAILWAY CO.,

OAKLAND STATION.

my4:p64

NEW DRY GOODS STORE,

No. 52 St. Clair Street.

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.

WILL OPEN ON

MONDAY, May 4th,

WITH AN ENTIRE

NEW STOCK OF GOODS,

SELECTED WITH GREAT CARE.

At Prices as Low as can be Found West of the Mountains.

☞ Many kinds, just from Auction, at GREATLY REDUCED RATES from prices one month ago.

my4:

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETO- fore existing between the undersigned, under the name of

SCHOMAKER & LANG,

Was dissolved by mutual consent, on May **1**st, by the retirement of WILLIAM SCHOMAKER, who has sold his interest in the firm to the remaining partners, who will continue the business at the same place, the name of

WATT, LANG & CO.

WM. SCHOMAKER,
WM. F. LANG,
JOHN WATT.

Having sold my interest in the firm of SCHOMAKER & LANG to my late associates, I cheerfully solicit for them a continuance of the patronage of my old friends and the public generally.

WM. SCHOMAKER.

WATT, LANG & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Groceries, Flour, Grain, Provisions,

Cheese, Fish, Carbon Oil, Salt, &c.

172 & 174 Wood Street,

my5:p73 PITTSBURGH.

STRAW GOODS!

HATS AND CAPS,

IN GREAT VARIETY,

SELLING LOW, AT

M'CORD & CO.'S,

my4 **131** WOOD STREET.

BLACK SILKS,

FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES, AT

WHITE, ORR & CO.'S,

25 FIFTH STREET,

my2

A NEW SUMMER RESORT.

THE LAKE HOUSE, Stoneboro, Pa.,

(On the line of Jamestown & Franklin Railroad, one hour's ride from Franklin.) This house is large, new and commodious, well furnished, has billiard rooms, ten-pin alleys and covered promenades. It is on the banks of the most charming Fairy Lake in America, abounding in fish, and admirable for sailing purposes, surrounded with sulphur springs, romantic scenery, &c. It is the best summer resort in the State. Address,

S. T. KENNEDY, Proprietor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO THE REPUBLICAN VOTERS

OF THE

22d CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The undersigned, working members of the Union Republican Party, in the Seventh Ward of the City of Pittsburgh, believing that sufficient efforts have not been made to place in the field a candidate for Congress, in the Twenty-second District, who is most fitted by sound political principles, capacity, practical experience and connection with the great interests of this District, to succeed with credit the long line of able Representatives we have heretofore sent to the Assembly of the Nation, do most respectfully, but earnestly, urge upon the Republican Voters of the different election precincts of this District to co-operate with them in sending to the coming Congressional Convention delegates uninstructed for any candidate, to the end that they may be able to take advantage, without embarrassment, of any circumstances that may arise up to the last moment favorable to the nomination of the best person attainable for Representative of a District second to none in the State in the number and importance of the interests to be protected.

The great questions of Finance and Currency, Taxation and the Tariff, questions which vitally effect every voter, the poor and rich alike, should not be allowed to simply drift into hands that have never largely, in the practical affairs of life, met these great questions face to face.

John Wandless,	Charles A. Kelsey.
A. C. McCallum,	Geo. Norris.
Amos Stiff.	Thos. B. Cook.
Robert Sproul,	Walter Whitehead.
Robert King,	Henry Herr.
Wm. Nesbitt,	Wm. C. McCarthy.
John Beatty.	Jas. Courtney.
Wm. Love,	Jas. Kane.
Jas. Shannon,	Henry Hackmaster.

GRAND OPENING!

OF

NEW GOODS!

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

STRAW GOODS,

Such as BONNETS, HATS, CORDS and TASSELS, ORNAMENTS, &c.

Ribbons, of all descriptions;

Artificial Flowers,

Bonnet and Hat Frames;

Crapes, Illusions;

Silks and Satins;

Velvets and Laces;

Parasols, Sun Umbrellas.

ALSO, a full line of

White Goods, Embroideries,

Hosiery and Gloves;

French Woven Corsets,

SKIRTS, HANDKERCHIEFS,

LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS, CUFFS, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ROSENBAUM, STEINHART & CO'S

PHILADELPHIA EMPORIUM,

No. **76** MARKET STREET.

my4:n20

CITY OF PITTSBURGH

WATER LOAN.

Proposals for Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars,

Of the "Water Extension Loan Bonds," will be received at the office of the City Controller, Fourth street.

These Bonds will bear SEVEN PER CENT. INTEREST with Coupons attached. The Coupons are payable semi-annually, at the Office of the City Treasury, and the Bonds payable in Twenty-five years. A SINKING FUND FOR THEIR ULTIMATE PAYMENT IS PROVIDED FOR, AND THE COUPONS ARE BY LAW MADE RECEIVABLE FOR WATER RENTS; and the revenue arising from the Water Tax is pledged for the payment of the interest and the retirement of the Bonds at maturity.

The Bonds are, BY ACT OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY, FREED FROM STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

It is a well known fact that Bonds issued for water purposes, in all large cities, have proved *safe and very desirable investments.*

No bids under par will be acted upon. The Bonds are to be issued in denominations of **$1,000**, **$500** and **$100**.

By order of the Finance Committee.

ap22:p94 **THOMAS STEEL**, Controller.

WARD'S CLOTH LINED PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS. TO BE HAD EVERYWHERE.

Trade supplied in Pittsburgh by T. K. McKNIGHT & BRO., **134** Wood street; PATTERSON & BULLOCK, **77** Wood street; MACRUM & CARLISLE, **19** Fifth street; McCANDLESS, JAMISON & CO., **103** Wood street.

Manufactured by S. W. H. WARD, **387** Broadway, New York. my5:p99

168. **168.**

NEW GOODS.

NEW ALPACCAS.

NEW MOHAIR.

BLACK SILKS.

HOSIERY and GLOVES.

F. SOUCY,

☞ No. 168 Wylie Street. ☜

168. **168.**

(xp30:n40)

NOTICE.

Fifth Street Sidewalk Extension.

IRON CURB AND SIDEWALK.

We desire to call the attention of parties about to widen their sidewalks, according to ordinance, to our Patent Iron Curb and Pavement. The same will be laid in front of the Opera House this week and will speak for itself. The following is an extract from a letter of the City Engineer and Regulator: "I consider it superior to stone, and if laid in Fifth street, will add greatly to its beauty, and I would recommend it to property owners.

"H. J. MOORE, City Engineer."

Address

THE ATLAS WORKS.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President. ap22

AT HEADQUARTERS!

New Goods and New Styles of

BOYS' CLOTHING.

VERY LOW PRICES!

GRAT & LOGAN,

No. **47** ST. CLAIR STREET.

GREAT SALE.

Tremendous Sacrifice in Looking Glasses.

Preparatory to moving, I offer my elegant stock of fine GILT, PIER and MANTLE GLASSES, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES; also, miscellaneous styles of BEDROOM GLASSES, all of which must be sold by the **1**st of June,

Regardless of Cost.

Those who are in want of fine Parlor Glasses and a first-class article of fine gilt work, will do well to give me a call.

J. LYONS, **110** Wood street.

ap8-MWF

MARBLE & SLATE MANTLES,

AT THE

PITTSBURGH STEAM MARBLE AND SLATE WORKS.

Office and Warerooms—**319** and **321** LIBERTY STREET. Mantle Wareroom on second floor.

Persons wanting Marble or Slate Mantles will find it to their interest to call. Workmanship not excelled in any place, and prices as low as in Eastern cities. Marble Mantles or Furniture Slabs which have become discolored by smoke, oils or acids, can be Marbleized and made to look as well as new.

There is no other place in Western Pennsylvania where Slate Mantles are manufactured.

All kinds of Marble Work done in the best manner. Marble Cutters supplied with Sawed Marble at Eastern prices, carriage added.

W. W. WALLACE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATEMENT

OF THE

REAL ESTATE SAVINGS BANK,

On the 30th Day of April, 1868.

ASSETS.

Bond and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate	$327,525 68	
U. S. 5-20 Bonds at par	70,000 00	
U. S. 1881 Bonds at 104	26,000 00	
Office Furniture	418 60	
Cash	44,290 40	
Total		$468,234 68

LIABILITIES.

Amount Due Depositors	$430,255 83	
Amount Due Depositors, interest, May 1st, 1868	10,569 82	
	$440,825 65	
Balance Contingent Fund	27,409 03	
		$468,234 68

The above is a true statement.

A. A. CARRIER, Treasurer.

The undersigned, Auditing Committee, have examined the books of the Bank, the Bonds, Mortgages and Securities, and counted the Cash, and find the foregoing statement correct.

NICHOLAS VOEGTLY, JR.,
WM. H. SMITH,
H. CHILDS.

President—ISAAC JONES.

Trustees.

Hon. THOS. M. HOWE.	Hon. J. K. MOORHEAD.
ISAAC JONES.	C. G. HUSSEY.
W. B. COPELAND.	JACOB PAINTER.
HARVEY CHILDS.	NICHOLAS VOEGTLY.
WM. H. SMITH.	

INTEREST ALLOWED on Deposits in this Institution, at SIX PER CENT. PER ANNUM, payable to depositors in May and November, which, if not drawn, will be added in the principal and COMPOUNDED.

Accountant—R. C. PARKE.
Solicitor F. BRADFORD TODD.
OFFICE, **63 FOURTH STREET.** my6:p17

FRESH STOCK,

LOW PRICES.

DARK FAST COLORED PRINTS AT 8c.

LIGHT PRINTS AT 12½c.

YARD WIDE BLEACHED MUSLIN AT 12½c.

HEAVY UNBLEACHED MUSLIN AT 12½c.

600 SUNDOWNS at 62½c, a bargain.

WHITE CORSETS AT 50c.

COLORED CORSETS AT 50c

KID GLOVES (Colored) AT 75c.

COTTON AND LINEN DIAPER.

IRISH LINEN.

SHIRTING CHECK.

SACKING.

CASSIMERES FOR MEN'S WEAR.

CASSIMERES FOR BOYS' WEAR.

LADIES' SACKING CLOTH.

BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS.

WOOL DELAINES.

IRISH POPLINS.

GROS GRAIN SILKS.

BONNETS, HATS,

RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c.

A very large and well selected stock at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

Wholesale and Retail,

AT WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

my5

OWNERS OF DRAYS, WAGONS,

CARTS, HACKS, OMNIBUSES,

And every description of CARRIAGES, are required to call at the OFFICE OF THE CITY TREASURER and TAKE OUT THEIR LICENSES, on or before the **1**st day of May next.

For each and every Wagon, Cart, Car, Dray, Buggy or Carriage, drawn by one horse, the sum of	$ 5 00
For each and every one of the above named vehicles, drawn by two horses, the sum of	8 00
For each and every one of the above named vehicles, drawn by four horses, the sum of	10 00
For each and every Hack drawn by two horses, the sum of	10 00
For each and every Omnibus and Timber Wheels, drawn by two horses, the sum of	12 00
For each additional horse attached to any of the above named vehicles, the sum of	1 00

SEC. **3**. It shall be the duty of all Livery Stable keepers in said city to make a return to the City Treasurer, within twenty days after the passage of this ordinance, and annually thereafter on or before the **1**st day of May of each and every year, of the number of vehicles of every description, owned and used by them in their business, and the kind thereof, and the same return shall be made under oath.

SEC. **4**. All owners of Carts, Drays, Wagons and other vehicles, who shall neglect or refuse to procure a license as aforesaid, shall be subject to a penalty of not less than ten per cent. for every thirty days the same remains unpaid after the **1**st day of May of each year. All Livery Stable keepers failing to make the return required in the 3d Section of this ordinance, shall, in addition to the foregoing, be subject to a penalty of not exceeding fifty dollars, all of which penalty shall be recovered before the Mayor, or one of the Aldermen of said city, by summary conviction; and it shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to seek out all persons who have failed to comply with any of the provisions of this ordinance and report the same to the City Treasurer, for which service he shall receive the sum of fifty cents in each case, to be taxed and collected as part of the costs, upon conviction as aforesaid.

The penalties for non-compliance with the ordinance will be strictly enforced after the above date.

D. MACFERRON, City Treasurer.

Allegheny City, April **1**st, **1868.** my1:p50

F. W. C. FELD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

GLUE, CURLED HAIR,

Tanners' Scraps, Ceroons, Cattle Tails,

BONES, NEAT'S FOOT OIL, &C.

Office and Warehouse, No. **335** LIBERTY ST., 3d door from Wayne,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

MWF

NOTICE.

All persons who are indebted for Paving the following streets, in the Lawrenceville District:

ST. MARY'S AVENUE;

FOSTER, CHURCH, DAVIDSON, BELLEFONTAINE, BOROUGH, EWALT, DRAVO, WAINWRIGHT and ALLEN STREETS; and

LAFAYETTE and HAZLETT ALLEYS,

Are notified to call at the TREASURER'S OFFICE, of the City of Pittsburgh, and pay immediately and save further costs. ap28:

DRY LUMBER.

16 AND 18-INCH SHINGLES,

Shaved and Sawed—extra quality.

DRY FLOORING BOARDS,

And all kinds of LUMBER, at

C. C. BOYLE & CO.'S,

Yard, above Suspension Bridge, Allegheny City. mh28:n50-WS

FOR SALE,

250 bbls. very superior West Va. Oil.

Gravity guaranteed not over 36°.

BUFFUM, KEHEW & CO.,

No. 3 Perry's Block,

ap20:p38 **Cor. Hancock St. & Duquesne Way.**

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

Near to the Allegheny River.

SAW MILL, TWO DWELLING HOUSES, TWO BARNS, with good FARM, and about **800** acres timber land. This property will be sold low. Cash **$2,500**—balance on time to suit buyer.

FARM OF **120** ACRES, will be sold for twenty dollars per acre. Improvements comfortable frame house and good barn; **50** acres of the land clear.

FARM OF **150** ACRES, near the line of railroad; very well located for raising stock; improvements are good and substantial; **100** acres of the land in meadow and grain.

CITY PROPERTY.—Will sell a good brick house, containing five rooms, at Sixteen Hundred Dollars, and would rent for the amount in six years.

A LARGE LOT OF GROUND, having a river front, and very convenient of access.

TANNERY, convenient to the city, and having a well established custom or local trade connected therewith; a good dwelling and forty acres of land.

FOUR LOTS in Sharpsburg, near the railroad; would make a good coal yard.

HOTEL FOR SALE.—That fine Hotel property, situated at the Blairsville Junction, containing fourteen rooms and the necessary outbuildings, with three acres of garden and fruit trees. This well located hotel will be sold low, as the proprietor wishes to retire from business.

FOR RENT.

Two new Brick Houses, **8** rooms each.
Two new Brick Houses, **11** rooms each.
One new Frame House, **4** rooms.
Two new Brick Houses, **3** rooms each.
One new Frame House in Wilkinsburg, having six rooms and a large lot, well suited for a garden.

FOR LEASE OR SALE—**3** Lots on Morton street, Ninth Ward; **7** acres that can be divided into acre lots.

5 Lots in Oakland.

FOR RENT—**3** large Houses, suitable for Boarding Houses.

WANTED—**3,000** feet of Flagging **3** to **4** inches thick.

TO LOAN---$50,000,

IN SUMS OF **$5,000** AND UPWARD.

APPLY AT

D. P. HATCH'S REAL ESTATE OFFICE,

No. 91 Grant St., Pittsburgh.

ap27:p18

FOR SALE.

A RIVER BOTTOM FARM OF **76** ACRES, **19** miles from the city, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Youghlogheny river, one-half mile from Elrod's Station, on the Connellsville railroad; near churches, schools, stores, &c., in the flourishing villages of Boston and Green Oak. The improvements are a two-story brick house of six rooms, hall and cellar, a good frame bank barn with stabling underneath, and other outbuildings; a well of good standing water at the door, and several standing springs of water on the farm, and an orchard of **700** trees of selected fruits of apples, cherries, pears, peaches, quinces and grapes. This property being located near the line of the railroad, within one hour's ride of the city, makes it very desirable for gardening or a dairy farm; it is also a good and beautiful location for country homes near the city, lying immediately on the river, on the opposite side from the railroad. The West Newton Accommodation and other trains on the railroad afford certain and frequent opportunities of daily communication to and from this city. Will be sold as a whole or in lots of one acre or more, to suit purchasers.

Also, A FARM OF **173** ACRES, situated in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., near the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Houston Station. The improvements are a two-story frame house, with six rooms and good cellar, a frame bank barn **40** by **60** feet, and other outbuildings. There is on the place a young apple and peach orchard; **120** acres cleared land, divided into fields of convenient size, a large portion of which are well set in clover and timothy; the residue of said tract covered with good timber. It is well watered and underlaid with coal and limestone, and is convenient to churches, schools, stores, mills and blacksmith shops. A real good bargain is offered in this excellent farm; and with it will be sold all the personal property on the premises, consisting of horses, cows, stock cattle, hogs and poultry, harness, gears, wagon, plows, farming implements and household and kitchen furniture. Together will be sold very low and on easy terms, to a responsible purchaser.

Also, a desirable and very fertile Tract of Land of **158** ACRES AND **25** PERCHES, in Elizabeth Tp., Allegheny county, Pa., on the line of the Hempfield railroad, and one and one-half miles from the Connellsville railroad at Suter's Station. On this farm are **40** acres of superior white oak timber, which alone is now worth one-half the price asked for the whole tract. The improvements are a log house, frame barn, good fencing, and an apple orchard of good fruit. It is well watered and underlaid with limestone and flag stone of a superior quality, with stone coal for the use of the farm.

Also, The best FARM in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., of **250** ACRES, about six miles south of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad at Bolivar Station. The improvements are two large hewed log dwellings; one of the largest and best frame barns in the township; two apple orchards, in good bearing condition; corn crib, wagon-shed and other outbuildings. The whole farm is under a high state of cultivation; fencing all in first rate order, and the land of the best quality of limestone soil, about **200** acres of which is cleared and the residue of the tract in good timber, such as white oak, rock oak, hickory, walnut and beech. This property will be sold very cheap and on good terms, as the owner wishes to engage in other business. For particulars enquire of

G. H. TOWER, 164 Fourth Street.

ap14:p42

FOR SALE—That very desirable two-story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, containing **7** rooms, with finished attic, situate in the Second ward, Allegheny, No. **31** Monterey street. The lot is **20** feet front by **110** feet in depth. Will be sold on favorable terms, to facilitate settlement of the estate of John Chambers, deceased. If not sold before THURSDAY, May **14**th, **1868**, it will be offered at Public Sale on that day.

Enquire of JOHN DEAN, No. **29** Stockton Avenue, Allegheny, or S. B. W. GILL, No. **104** Fifth street, Pittsburgh. ap29:p87

LOTS FOR SALE—SEVERAL BUILDING LOTS on Observatory Hill, Second Ward, Allegheny City, are offered for sale—cheap. The location is a very desirable one, commanding a fine view of both cities, is easy of access, and there is abundance of stone on the ground for building purposes. Apply soon at the paint shop of McCOWAN & SNYDER, Allegheny Diamond, at THIS OFFICE, or on the premises, near the Observatory Building. mh25:n8s

FOR SALE.—HORSES.—At HOWARD'S LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, one fine FAMILY HORSE; a bay; three DAPPLE GREY HORSES; one LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIRST STREET, near Monongahela House.

Horses bought and sold on commission.

ONLY $1700 for a NEW FRAME HOUSE of hall and four rooms, and ¾ acres of ground, situate on Coal Hill, in the Borough of South Pittsburgh. Immediate possession.

Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS,

ap29 Real Estate Agents, **85** Smithfield St.

$3,500 WILL PURCHASE a good two-story Brick House, of hall, five rooms, cellar and finished attic. Also, a Brick House of two rooms and lot of ground, No. **18** Franklin street; both houses rent for **$420** per annum.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,

ap29 **85** Smithfield street.

51. **51.**

GROVER & BAKER'S

ELASTIC STITCH

AND

LOCK STITCH

SEWING MACHINES

WITH LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,

At the New and Elegant Sales Rooms

OF THE COMPANY,

51 FIFTH STREET.

Also, NEEDLES, ATTACHMENTS, MACHINE SILKS and COTTONS, THREAD, MACHINE OIL, &c., &c. The citizens of Pittsburgh are respectfully invited to call.

Applications for Agencies solicited. Circulars or samples by mail on application. Correspondence to be addressed to

GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.,

51 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.

mh20:n12

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,

FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28:n83

JOHN PECK, Ornamental Hair HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. **92** Fourth street, one door from Wood, Pittsburgh.

Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gantlemen's WIGS, TOUPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞ A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2:n3

BAKERY FOR SALE,

WITH OR WITHOUT THE PROPERTY;

Or would rent for a term of years. Enquire at

WARD'S,

ap20-MWF No. **40** Palo Alto St., Allegheny

INDIA RUBBER HOSE, from 3-4 to 3 inch calibre, at India Rubber Depot.

ap15 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NOTICES.

☞ **PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO.**

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

A general meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Company will be held at their office, in the City of Pittsburgh, on

Friday, the 15th day of May, proximo,

At **11** o'clock A. M., to accept or reject the ordinances lately passed by the Mayor and City Councils of Baltimore, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting. By order of the Board,

JNO. H. PAGE, Jr., Secretary.

Pittsburgh, April **28**th, **1868.** ap29:p40-WFM

WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS,

To travel through Ohio, Michigan, West Virginia, and Western Pennsylvania, for the sale of SOLAR LIGHT, a regularly inspected article, and cannot be exploded. A liberal commission will be paid. Will sell any of the above States or parts thereof, and furnish the Light at cost. For particulars call on us or send for circular. DAVIS BROS. & CO., Office No. **8**, Cleveland Ins. Buildings, Cleveland, O. my4:p24

WANTED—To employ, a few GOOD MEN, to sell, by sample, the combined PLUMB, LEVEL AND BEVEL. Nothing like it in use. Will pay from **$75** to **$150** per month and all expenses; or will give a commission, from which twice that amount can be made. Also want Traveling Agents for Ashbaugh's WONDER OF THE WORLD.

J. C. TILTON,

ap29:p38 No. **10½** St. Clair street.

WANTED—A GOOD GERMAN GARDNER. A sober, industrious married man, with a small family, to take charge of and live on a garden farm within nineteen miles of the city. There is a good brick house of six rooms, kitchen, hall and cellar, for the gardener to occupy, and to whom liberal wages will be paid, for one that is competent and trustworthy. For particulars inquire of

G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,

ap8:o15 No. **164** Fourth St., Pittsburgh.

AGENTS WANTED.

GRANT;

THE LIFE OF.—A new and standard work, by Hon. J. T. HEADLEY, the popular Historian. Send for Circular and see our terms.

Address or apply to A. L. TALCOTT & CO.,

ap20:o87 **60** Market street Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT,

The FOUR STORY STORE AND DWELLING HOUSE, No. **91** Federal street, Allegheny, at present occupied by T. H. KLAGES, jeweler. There is plate glass in the store windows, and the Second, Third and Fourth Stories are well adapted for a dwelling; with gas and water throughout the house.

my5:p98 A. WATTLEY & Co.

TO LET,

ROOMS, with Steam Power.

Enquire at GROVE & OLNHAUSEN'S,

ap29:p35 **833** Penn Street.

ROOMS TO LET.

OUR TWO LARGE FRONT ROOMS,

Well furnished, with or without board, suitable for man and wife, or young gentlemen. For further particulars apply at

No, 129 SECOND STREET.

my5:p96

AUCTION SALES.

BY SMITHSON, VANHOOK & M'CLELLAND.

SUBURBAN

RESIDENCE AND GROUNDS.

PRIVATE SALE.

That very desirable TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE at ROMEWOOD STATION, of **11** rooms, Bath Room and Closet, Hot and Cold Water throughout the building, with all other modern improvements. The grounds consists of **14** acres of ground, beautifully laid out, ornamented and under the highest state of cultivation, with **500** young bearing fruit trees of every description; Spring House, with never failing spring; Stable and out buildings complete. Rare opportunity to secure a country residence with city conveniences. Inquire of

SMITHSON, VANHOOK & McCLELLAND,

my5 Auctioneers.

LIBRARY

OF

CHOICE LITERATURE.

Friday Evening, May 8th, 1868,

At **7½** o'clock P. M., will be sold at the Masonic Hall Auction Rooms, **55** and **57** Fifth street, a valuable private Library, embracing the choicest authors, in Biography, History, Travels, &c.; also the writings of Dickens, Bulwer, Caroline Lee Hentz, Mrs. Southworth, Dumas, &c.; Shakespear's Works, Beaumont & Fletcher's Works, 2 vols.; Statesman Manual, **4** vols.; Waverly Novels, Cyclopedia of American and English Literature, (separate;) Dryden, Burns, Moore, Milton, Byron, and Homer's Poetical Works, **18** vols. Rousseau and **74** volumes of Voltaire's Works (in French,) together with other valuable and interesting works.

SMITHSON, VANHOOK & McCLELLAND,

my6:ps5 Auctioneers.

FURNITURE, PIANOS,

CARPETS AND GROCERIES.

AT AUCTION.

On THURSDAY, May **7**th, at **10** A. M. and **2** P. M., at MASONIC HALL AUCTION ROOMS, **55** and **57** Fifth street, will be sold new and second hand Furniture, embracing Dressing and Plain Bureaus, Wardrobes, Washstands, Parlor Dining Room and Wood Chairs and Rockers, several Extension Tables, High and Low Post, Cottage and French Bedsteads, Hair, Cotton and Husk Mattrasses, Card, Side, Breakfast and Dining Tables, Tete-a-Tetes, new Secretary Desks, Sewing Machines, Queensware, Kitchen Utensils, Parlor and Cook Stoves.

GROCERIES, &c., at **11** A. M.—**5** half-Chests Teas—boxes Ground Coffee; **1** Case good Indigo, **10** thousand Cigars, in quantities to suit.

CARPETS AND WINDOW SHADES.—At **2** P. M., large lines of new Carpets, without reserve; Fancy Window Shades, with Trimmings.

Housekeepers and Grocers should attend this sale, as bargains can be had—the goods being sold without reserve.

At a private sale two large French Plate Gilt Frame Mirrors, at one-third their value.

SMITHSON, VANHOOK & M'CLELLAND.

my5 AUCTIONEERS.

BY PALMER & PHILLIPS.

PALMER & PHILLIPS,

AUCTIONEERS

And Commission Merchants,

OPERA HOUSE AUCTION ROOMS,

No. 60 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

**BOOTS,

IRON WORKS.

AS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, P.

u29:e26

GRAFF, BYERS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar, Hoop and Sheet Iron,

WROUGHT IPON,

Iron Welded Tubes for Gas, Steam, Water, &c.

ALSO,

OIL WELL TUBING.

Office, 98 Water and 132 First Streets.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

u29:e26

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.

LLOYD & BLACK,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Best Common, Refined, Charcoal

AND

JUNIATA BLOOM IRON.

MERCHANT BAR, ROUND and SQUARE IRON.
HOOP, BAND, T and ANGLE IRON.
BOILER PLATE and SHEET IRON.
MOWER AND REAPER BARS.
CYLINDER and GUARD or FINGER IRON.
SMALL T RAILS, 20 and 16 lbs. to the yard.
WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES for same.
FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk.
COAL SCREEN IRON.
NAILS AND SPIKES.

Warehouse and Office at the Works, GREENOUGH STREET, (a continuation of First street,) adjoining the City Gas Works, Pittsburgh.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, PITTSBURGH.

ap24:d6

STEEL WORKS.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

ap16:o67

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES, BOYD & CO.,)

Manufacturers of the

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,

SQUARE, FLAT and OCTAGON, of all sizes; SAW PLATES, HOE, FORK and SHEET CAST STEEL; CAST STEEL for

Reaping and Mowing Machines, Steel Plow Wings, Axles, Circulars, &c., &c.

Cast and Common Plow & Spring Steel.

Office—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STREETS, two blocks above the Monongahela House.

oc23:d9

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR. | REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

HARDWARE.

NEW HARDWARE HOUSE.

LINDSEY, STERRIT & EUWER,

Manufacturers and Importers of

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

337 LIBERTY STREET,

CORNER OF WAYNE,

One Square Below Union Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

☞ Agents for FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

F. MUSSMANN,

FIFTH ST., bet. Tunnel & Chatham Sts.,

Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done carefully on short notice. je26:d50

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 2 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED

no9:n69

NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. SMITH

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

fe16:t10

THE KNAP FORT PITT FOUNDRY CO.

CHARLES KNAP, President.
J. M. KNAP, Vice President.
O. METCALF, Sec'y and Treas'r.
J. K. WADE, Engineer.
J. G. KNAP, General Manager.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES B. MURRAY, of Lyon, Shorb & Co.
A. E. W. PAINTER, of J. Painter & Sons.
C. B. HERRON, of Spang, Chalfant & Co.
THOS. S. BLAIR, of Shoenberger & Co.
WM. METCALF, of Miller, Barr & Parkin.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Rolling Mill and Blast Machinery.

RETORTS and CASTINGS, of every description.
ERNEST'S NAIL MACHINES. fe24

L. O. LIVINGSTON. W. H. BURT. W. A. ROBINSON, JR.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.
All JobWork promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PETENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r92

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

PITTSBURGH.

Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.

oc15:t28

BERLIN FOUNDRY.

PRICE & SIMS.

Office and Warehouse, 29 Wood Street.

Manufacture and keep constantly on hand

Thimble, Skein and Pipe Boxes,

WAGON BOXES, DOG IRONS,

SUGAR KETTLES, HOLLOW WARE,

And Castings generally. ap26:y8

CENTRAL FOUNDRY AND ROLL WORKS,

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

FULTON MACHINE WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Manufactory of STEAM ENGINES, all sizes and of the most approved patterns, for stationary purposes; STEAMBOATS and STEAM FERRY BOATS. A variety of 10, 13 and 16 horse power ENGINES, which will be sold at very reduced prices.

P. F. GEISSE, Wellsville, O.

Fifty miles below Pittsburgh, on the Ohio river, and line of C. & P. R. no9:h2

IRON BROKERS.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

124 First Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Doughamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal

PIG IRONS.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.

COPPER.

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bel Copper, Presled Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools.

Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 120 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14.c34:dwT

BREWERIES.

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY.

JOS. SPENCER....JAS. M'KAY....ROBERT LIDDELL.

SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.,

MALSTERS AND BREWERS

Of Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. oc14

CARPENTERS & BUILDERS.

WILLIAM J. DICK,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

No. 32 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, opposite High street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 143 Grant street.

Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction warranted. ap25:o67:dWF

ENGINES, BOILERS, &C.

FORT PITT BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:189

E. W. MORROW....JAS. B. BARNHILL....JAS. BLAIR.

O'HARA BOILER WORKS.

MORROW, BARNHILL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Agitators,

TANKS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, WROUGHT IRON BRIDGES, SHEET IRON WORK, &c.

Cor. Liberty and Second Sts.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

REPAIRING promptly done. jy4:b2

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 20, 22, 24 AND 26 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacurers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.
Repairing done on the shortest notice. ja5:c21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

ROLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH.

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks.

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &C.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

CHEAPEST PLACE in the city

TO BUY THE

TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,

Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.

je2 P. C. DUFFY.

OILS.

WESLEY WILSON & CO.,

NATURAL LUBRICATING

OIL,

Settled in tank, and prepared expressly for RAILROADS, and ALL CLASSES OF MACHINERY.

QUALITY GUARANTEED UNIFORM.

☞ Proposals for quantities solicited.

No. 167 Wood Street,

"BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING."

ap28:p19

WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BUILDING, DUQUESNE WAY,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

WARING, KING & CO.,

127 Walnut Street.

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products.

Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL' BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.

Philadelphia Office—127 WALNUT ST.

ap1:w20

JACOB WEAVER, Jr. & CO.,

Oil Commission Jobbers,

No. 3 DUQUESNE WAY, will buy and sell Crude and Refined Oils, Lubricating, Tar, Benzine and Cooperage. Our long experience in the Petroleum trade enables us to offer unusual facilities and inducements to operators. As heretofore, we are determined to make it the interest of buyers and sellers to give us a call. Parties having Oils for sale are cordially invited to bring their samples.

ap6:n94

H. M. LONG & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,

Brand—"LUCIFER."

Office, No. 2 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.

J. C. BUFFUM....C. A. KEHEW....W. H. WHITEHEAD.

SOHO OIL WORKS.

Manufacture and have for sale all kinds of

LUBRICATING OILS.

No. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET.

BUFFUM, KEHEW & CO.

FINANCIAL.

FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY,

No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

D. Hostetter, James Gordon, D. Wallace, E. Fawcett, Jno. C. Risher, Robt. H. King, Andrew Miller, James M. Bailey.

SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.

D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

KEYSTONE BANK,

No. 293 LIBERTY STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, (authorized,) : : : : $200,000.

DIRECTORS.

H. J. Lynch, John Murdoch, Jr., William Espy, Samuel Barckley, Wm. H. Hamilton, Henry Bockstoce, Geo. T. Van Doren.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

TRANSACTED.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canada.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

H. J. LYNCH, President.

GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

☞ STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,

Cor. of Wood and Sixth Sts.

A. PATTERSON.....President.
JOS. H. HILL.....Cashier.

CAPITAL, : : : $500,000.

DIRECTORS:

A. Patterson, Wm. H. Brown, Chas. Lockhart, Allen Kirkpatrick, W. S. Haven, George W. Cass, James McCandless, Wm. Douglas, Wm. Reed.

DISCOUNTS DAILY, AT 11 A. M.

ap9:o22

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:s82

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:a1

WESTERN SAVINGS BANK,

No. 59 Fourth Street.

CHARTERED 1866.

Interest paid on Time Deposits

ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM

ONE DOLLAR UPWARD.

DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK, WITHOUT INTEREST.

Discounts Daily at 13 o'clock.

President--THOMPSON BELL.

Vice President--A. M. MARSHALL.

DIRECTORS:

THOMPSON BELL, JOS. DILWORTH, J. J. GILLESPIE, A. M. MARSHALL, JOS. ALAREE.

Stockholders to whom we make reference:

Wm. Forsythe, Wm. Caldwell, Willis Dalzell, D. W. C. Bidwell, E. M. Fulton, Joseph Dilworth, Rev. David Kerr, Henry Lambert, A. M. Brown, Thomas Ewing.

E. W. CLARK & CO. BANKERS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

No. 35 SOUTH THIRD ST.

PHILADELPHIA,

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

7 3-10s Converted Into 5-20.

STOCKS AND GOLD

Bought and sold on commission, here and in New York. TIME PAPER NEGOTIATED.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY. Accounts of Banks and Bankers received on favorable terms.
ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE AT MARKET RATES.

fe24:188

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS.

SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.

The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 73 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

CHAS. A. MILLER,

LITHOGRAPHER,

NO. 80 FOURTH STREET, APOLLO BUILDING.

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles. ap18:z56

REMOVAL.

I HAVE REMOVED MY

BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE

TO THE

Corner of Fifth and Wood Streets,

Formerly occupied by the NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.

PH. R. MERTZ.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

7-30's CONVERTED

INTO THE

NEW 5-20 COUPON BOND.

☞ **Interest Allowed on Deposits.**

☞ MONED LOANED ON GOVERNMENT BONDS, and other approved collateral, at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, May 5, 1868.

The gold market exhibits signs of depression; the market began to get weak with the increase of cash gold offered to loan, and speculative buyers keeps the market down to its legitimate demand which is light after the payment of Five Twenties coupons to foreign holders. The probability of the President's acquittal may stimulate purchasers for a rise, but the market will back the support from the speculative importers who were the main cause of the speculative fluctuations.

Governments were rather weak, and with the downward tendency of gold and the tightening of the money market, are likely to take a slight downward turn before the approach of the July exchanges of Seven Thirties, when, in all probability, a large amount of bonds will be offered for sale in preference to conversion. When New York dealers in government securities caused the friends and the public in general to exchange their Seven Thirties, they do it as much for the sake of the public as for their own: they will not be able to furnish bonds fast enough and do not care for them in at high rates, when it is doubtful that they can get their outlay back again.

The stock market is firm, with little doing; outside of the regular speculators litlte is bought for investment, the market being too high to count on safe returns. In local securities little will be done until after dividends have been paid.

Money seems to be easier, except in the way for small sums to supply the wants of the middle trades-people and property owners, who bought part cash and part short payment. Business is sluggish, but premises to improve.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

Gold, 139¼; 1881 bonds, 113; 1862 5-20s, 107⅞; 1864 do, 106¾; 1865 do, 106¾; Consols, 108¾; 10-40s, 103; 7-30s, 107¼.

Railroads—Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 82½; Fort Wayne, 104½; North Western, common 65¼; North Western—preferred, 76¾; New York Central, 128½; Erie, 70¾; Old Southern, 84½; Ohio & Mississippi, 30⅞; Merchants Union Express, 31½; Western Union Telegraph, 37¾. Mining Shares—Corydon, 28; Quartz Hill, 1,05; Quicksilver, 29¾.

—The directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have declared the usual cash dividend of three per cent. and a stock dividend of five per cent. out of the earnings of the company for the last six month, both of which are payable to stockholders, clear of national and State tax, after the 30th of the present month. This is equal to sixteen per cent. on the par value of the stock, thus showing it to be one of the best, if not the very best investment in the country.

—Eighty-two millions of insurance capital met in council at Chicago recently, and by a vote of sixty-seven millions against fifteen millions, it was decided to dispense hereafter with all the aid of solicitors in obtaining risks, and to await business as it offered at their respective desks. The saving thereby is computed to be 15 per cent., and the offices confine their dealing to proper and legitimate limits.

—The Burlington and Missouri Railroad Company has just negotiated a loan of $3,000,000. The bonds issued are eighteen millions of land mortgage bonds, having twenty-four and a half years to run, with interest at 7 per cent., and twelve millions of 5-10 bonds, drawing interest at 8 per cent. The whole loan was taken by stockholders road in question at 85.

—The Washington *Star* says: The statement of the public debt to be issued on the 5th inst., will show a decrease of the same of $8,000,000 or $10,000,000, which is the heaviest decrease for some time past. During the month of April the expenditures on account of the various departments of the Government, especially the War Department, which is generally very heavy, have been much less than usual; while the receipts from customs have been quite heavy and the receipts from Internal Revenue about the same as usual. The amount of coin now on hand is over $84,000,000, besides $23,000,000 in currency. During the month several millions of dollars in gold have been sold, as there was more coin on hand than was needed to meet the requirements of the Government.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Gold	139¼
U. S. 6's, 1881	113⅛
" 5-20's, 1862	108
" 5-20's, 1864	106½
" 5-20's, 1865	106⅜
" 10-40's	103
" 5-20's, Jan. and July, '65	108⅛
" " " " '67	109¼
" June 7-30's	107¼
" July 7-30's	107¼
May Comp., 1865	118½

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 5.—The Dry Goods market is dull, but prices steady and generally the goods are selling below cost; no change of moment in quotations.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, May 5, 1868.

The general markets continue moderately active, and while the operations in the leading articles are mainly of a local character, there is nevertheless a fair volume of business, in the aggregate, and prices, as a general thing, are firm but unchanged. The weather is all that could possibly be desired for vegetation, and from almost every quarter the advices in regard to the growing crops are very favorable.

ASHES—Firm but unchanged; sales of Soda Ash at 4½c for common; 5c for regued, and 11c for Pearls.

APPLES—Scarce and in fair demand but unchanged; sales in a regular way at $5 to $7 per bbl, as to quality.

HAY—Weighmaster McNulty, at the Allegheny Diamond Scales, reports sales of 39 loads of Hay at $20 to $26, and 2 loads of Straw at $18 per ton.

GRAIN—No Wheat in market, and there is not enough doing to establish quotations. Oats firm and tending upward; sale of 300 bushels in store at 83c, and small sales at 85c; some holders are asking 85c. in elevator. Corn firm but not quotably higher; we now quote at $1,05 to $1,10, on wharf and track. Rye is quoted firm at $1,95 to $2—sale of 1 car on private terms. Barley is nominal at $2,50—none in market.

FISH—Are quoted as follows: No. 3 Large Mackeral at $8¼ per half bbl; No. 3 Medium, $6¾; Lake Herring, $4; White Fish, $8, and Baltimore Herring (new) at $10.

CHEESE—Sales of Western Reserve at 14c; York State Dairy, at 16c, and Goshen, 18 to 19c.

EGGS—The supply is in excess of the demand, and prices are barely maintained at 21 to 22c.

POTATOES—Peach Blows are reported firm at $1,50 per bushel. Jersey Sweets, $8,75 to $9 per barrel.

BUTTER—Under the influence of increased arrivals, the market is very duil, and prices are now drooping; we now quote at 35 to 38c and 40c, for good, prime and choice.

FLOUR—The market is firm, with a steady local demand, and prices are well maintained but unchanged. We are quoted sales of the following brands: "Mad River" and "Carey's," $12,75; "Pride of the West," $12,50; "Golden Eagle," $12,25; "White Star," $11,75; "Tonka" and "Winona," $11,75; "Falcon & Clark," $11,50; Medium grades of Spring Wheat are quoted at $11,50 to $12. Rye Flour is selling at $9,75 to $10.

DRIED FRUIT—The demand is rather better, and prices are firmer. We now quote Apples at 7 to 7½c, and Peaches at 12½ to 13½c, as to quality.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm, with a regular jobbing demand, and prices are firm and well sustained. We quote as follows: 14½ to 14¾c for Shoulders; 17 to 19c for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 20c for Plain Sugar Cured Hams, and 21c for Canvassed do. Lard, 20c, in tierces, and 21c, in kegs. Mess Pork, $29,50 for old, and $30 for new.

LARD OIL—Is quoted firm by manufacturers at $1,25 for No. 2, and $1,55 for No. 1.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, May 5, 1868.

CRUDE—The market was again firm and somewhat excited to-day, though compared with yesterday, prices are no higher. We can report sales of 2000 bbls to be delivered between now and August 1st, seller's option, at 12c; 500 to be delivered within the next fifteen days, at 12c; 3000 at Tidioute, at $3,85 per bbl; 5000 bbls on Oil Creek, to be delivered within ten days, at $4; and 2000 bbls deliverable on cars at Oil City, at $4,50. An Oil City telegram reports the market firm and excited on the creek at $4, and $4,50 to $4,60 at Oil City, delivered on Allegheny Valley cars. In regard to production, a telegram from a reliable party at Titusville says that the daily yield during April was 8,650 barrels, and 9,100 barrels at present, and increasing. This telegram, of course, is only the opinion of one man, but it is generally regarded as being as near correct as it is possible to get at it. This shows that the production is steadily increasing, and while old wells are continually giving out, new ones are more than making up for the deficiency.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil is also very firm and somewhat excited, and prices are firm and well sustained, notwithstanding Antwerp is reported off a quarter of a franc. We can report sales of 500 bbls for the last half of May, at 31c; and 500 bbls on spot, at 25½c, delivered free on board of cars here. May may be quoted at 31c, delivered in Philadelphia; June and July at 30½c, and it was rumored that there had been a sale from August to December, at 31c, a big price, though it may be true. All the year, buyer's option, is nominal at 33c, the last sale reported being at that figure. The market is in a peculiar condition at present. Sale of 100 bbls residuum at $4,75.

ARRIVALS—Capt. James Wilkins received 160 bbls of Kanawha oil. No other arrivals reported.

OIL SHIPMENTS PER A. V. R. R.

Clark & Sumner, 108 bbls refined to P. Wright & Sons, Philadelphia.
Nat. Ref. Co., 503 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.
E. Jageman, 224 do do, Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
McKelvy & Bro., 171 do benzole to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
Buffum, Kehew & Co., 55 do tar to W. P. Logan, Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPMENTS FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

H. M. Long & Co., 24 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Hutchinson Oil Co., 96 do do. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
G. W. Holdship, 189 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Union Ref. Co., 138 bbls ref. to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
McKenna & Rogers, 5 do do to A. P. Phipps, Philadelphia.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, May 5.—Flour dull at $11a11,50 for family. Wheat quiet at $2,65 for No 1, and $2,60 for No 2. Corn in fair demand at 92a93 for ear; shelled at 94. Rye quiet and held at $2,05 for No 1, and No 2 at $2. Oats quiet at 80 for No 1, and No 2 at 78. Barley quiet and prices unchanged. Mess Pork dull at $28,50. Bulk meats quiet at 13¼ for shoulders, and 15 for sides. Bacon quiet but firm; 14¼c for shoulders; 17¼a18c for clear rib and clear sides. Hams quiet and unchanged. Lard active and prices higher, closing with holders asking 19¾a20c. Cotton quiet; middling is held at 30¾a31c. Butter quiet at 40a45c. Eggs drooping at 18c. Gold 139 buying and 136½ selling.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, Mar 5.—Flour quiet; receipts of 3,015 bbls. Wheat unchanged; receipts of 3,736 bus, with sales of amber Michigan at $2,71. Corn; receipts, 200,600 bus; 2c better, with sales of No. 1 and Michigan at 93½a94c; seller, last ten days in May, at 94c, and buyer, this week, at 94½c. Oats 2c better; receipts, 3,600 bus, with sales of No. 1 and Michigan at 75c. Rye; sales of No. 1 at $1,65. Seeds dull. Pork; sales of mess at $28. Lake freights dull at 3c to Buffalo by steam.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette]

MEMPHIS, May 5.—Cotton firm and quiet; receipts of 59 bales; exports 38. Flour quiet. Pork $30. Bacon firm; shoulders 14½c; clear sides 18½c. Lard 20a21c. Corn $1,02. Oats 80a82c. Hay $17. Bran 34c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

A Mac-a-Check Christian.

This reader of the Scriptures and fulfiller of the prophecies is a queer character, and affords his neighbors much amusement. He exhorts sinners, shouts at meeting, drinks bad whiskey, is exceedingly quarrelsome, and in fear of no one but Mrs. Choptanks, who rules him with a rod of iron, and sometimes with a fire-shovel.

He had her arrested once and fined for an assault and battery. He was, he testified, at his devotions when she assaulted and battered him grievously with a long-handled fire shovel. It was God's mercy, he claimed, that he escaped with his life. His head was broken, his nose mashed, his eyes blacked, and he had, he said, internal injuries that might yet prove fatal, and bring Mrs. C. to the gallows.

At this Mrs. C. smiled grimly, and snapped her fingers.

Choptanks was, certainly, severely punished, and it seemed a fearful outrage to come down on the head of the family when at his prayers. The neighbors testified that on the night of the assault they were attracted, while passing Choptank's house, by his voice in prayer. He has a powerful voice, and was lifting it up so as to be heard at a great distance. He seemed to be praying for his wife, when the prayer suddenly ceased, and they heard the cry of "murder! help! help!" and, rushing in, found Choptanks on the floor, Mrs. Choptanks standing over, and beating him with the flat side of the shovel on that part of the person where the body ends and the legs begin, and where Choptanks located his internel injuries.

The reason for this violent attack seemed so mysterious that Mrs. C. was called on for an explanation, which she gave with great emphasis and volubility:

"Ever since that beast," she cried, "jined meetin' he's bin usin his privileges in abusin' me, his lawful and injured wife, in his prayers. He daren't open his ugly head any other way—an' so he gits down upon his hippercritical knees, an' pretendin' to pray, pitches into me. Why, on that very night, Squire, he was a hollerin' so that the people on the road from meetin' stopped; and he was a hollerin' 'Oh, Lord! look down on this black-hearted woman, meanin' me; 'convert her from her evil ways, change her adulterous heart.' Do ye 'spose I was goin' to stand that? Not much, you bet! I jist lit onto him with the shovel, and the Lord didn't hear a decent woman abused much after that; and but for these hippercritical people who puts him up to this sort of work a purpose, I'd a fixed his flint for good, mind I tell ye."

Mrs. Choptanks, in a little mill with Mr. C. would not have secured many backers, being light weight by the side of her "manbeast;" but, as the great Napoleon remarked when accounting for the astounding defeat of Pakenham by the riflemen of Kentucky, who, by-the-by, ran off at an early stage of the engagement, "The *morale* is half." Mrs. C.'s eye means business, and the baser animal quails before his superior. —*Letter to Cin. Com.*

Regarding Men and Manners.

Fanny Fern, in the *Ledger*, has some plain, common sense talk regarding the intercourse of intimate friends, which she thinks is much more reasonably conducted among men than by women. Thus, in order to avoid offending a female friend who may chance to call while a lady is occupied, the latter may not send down word that she is engaged, but must resort to a "white lie," and say that she is "out." Fanny once excused herself to a female visitor because she had an article to write. The visitor, as soon as Fanny had gone, turned to another with the mild remark: "I suppose she said that to get rid of us—don't you?" Fanny says the intercourse of men with each other has always aroused her admiration. If one wants to read or write in another's company, he does so, and no offence is taken.

If one has to leave, he often says no more than "I'm off," or "Good-by, old fellow." Sometimes it is only a touch of the hat, or a hand laid on the other's shoulder in passing, and no black eyes follow, no locks of hair fly, nor do any hard words or looks result in the future.

Further fancies follow, regarding the possible conduct of females in imaginary emergencies. We quote:

If ladies smoked, which the gods forbid! do you suppose one lady would allow another to stop her in the street and light a cigar from her lips, when she was never introduced? When she didn't even know who her dressmaker was, or where she bought her bonnets? Good heavens!

Did you ever notice if there is anything unexpected occurs in the mutual path of men through the same street, how naturally and frankly they accost each other, though perfect strangers, and converse about it, and go their several ways, to their tombstone, after it. Not so sweet woman! Catch her speaking to "that nasty thing!" How does she know "who or what she is?"

Children are so delicious about the matters. I saw two little girls the other day trying to crack a nut upon the sidewalk by pressing in turn their tiny little shoes upon it. Despairing of success, they said to a gentleman passing, "Man, man, crack this nut for us, will you? His handsome face was luminous with fun as he pressed his polished boot down upon it, to the delight of the youngsters and myself. Now these little girls wouldn't have thought of asking a lady to do that, or if they had, do you think she would have stopped to do it?

The Art of Flying.

The Brest (France) papers say that a Captain L Bris, who has been engaged for a long time in constructing a gigantic bird, by means of which he is to fly through the air, is soon to begin his experiments.

The inventor is now engaged in placing the body of his bird in the Transatlantic Station. He has contrived a car to carry his bird to the platform of the artillery polygon, where the wings will be attached. Each wing will be 8½ yards long, and will be moved by means of 72 pullies, tied by silk threads, connected with a tourniquet. After the first experiment the bird will descend to the esplanade of Port Napoleon, and thence the inventor proposes to fly. He will be provided with a parachute to provide for his descent, and precautions will be taken to receive him at sea in case he cannot make his descent upon land.

VENTILATION.—A Boston architect writes to the *Transcript* and repudiates the idea that the exhaled breath falls to the floor. He says it is heated and rises, and then he comes to the point of his letter, and says:

A room can never be properly ventilated from the base.

There must always be a supply of fresh air equal to the amount consumed.

It is of no use to open an outlet without a corresponding inlet.

Construct the flue tight from the room up to the roof and there give it vent.

No one would for a moment suppose a chimney to "draw," that was perforated with holes above the inlet; it must be tight throughout its course, to draw well, and so must a ventilating duct.

It should be smooth inside. It should be ample, and the outlet and inlet so arranged as not to create a draft.

What will Become of Johnson's Cabinet.

Gen. Nettleton, of the Sandusky *Register*, writes to his paper from Washington, as follows:

There is no doubt whatever that the removal of Johnson will be instantly followed be the resignation of all his Cabinet Ministers, except Mr. Stanton, who will also retire to private life very soon after the new Administration is in running order. Mr. Seward will leave a position in which he has rendered the nation much valuable service, but in which he has also buried the bright honors that once clustered about his name, and proved to his former worshipers at least, that, during all the years in which he has championed right principles and battled for human freedom, the good cause has always been second to self. So soon as the right ceased to be a ladder on which William H. Seward could climb to higher official stations, it ceased to be of any use to him. Next week he will leave Washington and public life, to spend a disappointed and regretful old age among those at Auburn who know, and loved, and followed him in his better days.

Mr. McCulloch will leave the Treasury and connect himself with a leading New York banking house, to which he will carry the presumed prestige of his name in place of much ready capital, as he is not rich. Mr. McCulloch, during his administration of our financial affairs, has made the reputation of a solid, sensible, business man; but as a politician he has wretchedly failed. He is not known to possess any political ideas of his own, and he followed Johnson in his suicidal course in order to avoid removal from his position. He will never be heard of again after he leaves the Cabinet.

Secretary Welles, the dear old innocent, would make friends with the new administration and ask to be retained at the helm of the Navy Department, if he thought the somersault would be successful, but under the circumstances he will undoubtedly pack his valise and go ashore as soon as Mr. Wade takes command of the old ship. No one can look upon Gideon and ever after feel malice towards him. There is not enough of him to furnish a target for ill feeling of any kind.

Stanbery, although not now a member of the Cabinet, is still regarded as one of the President's family, since he will certainly be reinstated in case of Johnson's acquittal. At the close of A. J.'s official life it is understood that Mr. Stanbery will open a law office in Washington and devote the rest of his life to the management of great cases before the Supreme Court—a grave into which many of our public men finally fall. Stanbery, the Ewings and the Blairs sleep in the same bed and are afflicted with the same distemper. To them a venerable wrong is better than a new born right.

It is difficult to say what will ever become of Post Master General Randall. Polite, dapper and well preserved, he ought to be a hotel landlord, but to this he is believed not to aspire. He might employ his time for a year or two in writing a history of the Philadelphia Convention, but as that would be writing his own obituary, it is too much to ask. I understand he will spend some years abroad, and, on the whole, that is probably best. Randall is an undoubted victim of misplaced confidence. He readily believed, in 1866, that a new party was about to spring from the ashes of Republicanism, and hoping to be one of the leaders of the new movement, and not from any dislike to the great party which had saved the Republic, he went off with Johnson. He has since repented in sack-cloth and ashes, and would now gladly come back into the fold.

Mr. Browning, Lincoln's friend and present Secretary of the Interior, will next week step quietly out of one obscurity into another. He has attracted no attention in the Cabinet and will not in private life.

AN eminent German oculist has recommended that for the use of mechanics and others whose work exposes their eyes to minute flying fragments of stone or metal, and to sparks, mica should be substituted for glass in the manufacture of spectacles. Mica, it is said, has the advantage of being a non-conductor of heat, and will keep the eyes cool, is light, transparent and tough, and, moreover, cheap. If this suggestion proves available, it will be a beneficence to many whose living depends upon their eyesight.

POLITICAL.

☞CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT.

Gen. J. S. NEGLEY

Is a candidate for nomination before the Union Republican Convention.
mh17:d&T

☞CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT.

THOMAS HOWARD, Esq.,

Is a candidate for nomination, by the Union Republican Congressional Convention. mh31:d&T

☞FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

LEVI BIRD DUFF,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap17:o92-d&T

☞FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Gen. A. L. PEARSON,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh24:n24-d&T

☞FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

WILLIAM C. MORELAND,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh27:n43:d&T

☞ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

JOHN W. RIDDELL

Will be a candidate for Assistant District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap10:d&T

☞ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

J. B. FLACK,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh26:n42-d&T

☞FOR ASSEMBLY.

Col. WILLIAM ESPY,

Of Scott township, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. my4:p69-d&T

☞COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

PHILIP HOERR,

Of Lower St. Clair township, (late of Co. B. 62d P. V.,) subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap22:o65-d&T

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. ap28:p28

☞MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.—An Essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Penn'a
ja30 lo77

WALL PAPER.

WALL PAPERS!

For HALLS, PARLORS,
CHAMBERS and KITCHENS,
In GREAT VARIETY,

For sale CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST, at

No. 107 Market Street, near Fifth.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

my4

WALL PAPERS--1868.

Unsurpassed in beauty and quality.

W. P. MARSHALL,

No. 87 Wood Street, near Fourth.
mh20:n8

TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF

PENNSYLVANIA.

HARRISBURG, DEC. 18, 1867.

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS

OF THE

LOANS

OF THE

Commonwealth of Pennnsylvania,

DUE JULY 1ST, 1868.

THE FOLLOWING LOANS

Due July 1st, 1868,

WILL BE REDEEMED, WITH INTEREST, TO DATE OF PAYMENT, ON THE PRESENTATION AT THE

FARMERS' & MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK,

OF

PHILADELPHIA, VIZ:

Loan of March 27th, 1839, due July 1st 1868.

Loan of July 19th, 1839, due July 1st, 1868.

INTEREST ON THE ABOVE LOANS WILL CEASE ON THE 1ST OF JULY, 1868.

FRANCIS JORDAN, Sec'y State.

JOHN F. HARTRANT, Aud. Gen.

W. H. KEMBLE, State Treas'r.

Commissioners of Sinking Fund.

PITTSBURGH, ALLEGHENY & MANCHESTER PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.—FOR SALE OR LEASE, that part of the Railway of said Company extending from the lower line of their property on Strawberry Lane, in McClure township, down to the terminus at Woods' Run. Parties wishing to purchase or lease the above described part of said Railway will apply within ten days from the 24th inst., as no proposal will be entertained after the 4th day of May prox. Proposals to be handed to the undersigned.

D. S. H. GILMORE,
Superintendent, *pro tem.*,
ap22:o98 No. 23 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

PERCEVAL BECKETT,

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.

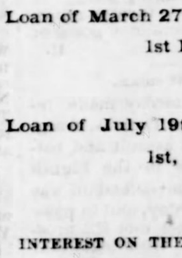
(Late of P. F. W. & C. Railway.)

Office, No. 79 FEDERAL STREET, Room No. 2, up stairs. P. O. Box 50, ALLEGHENY CITY. MACHINERY, of all descriptions, designed. BLAST FURNACE and ROLLING MILL DRAWINGS furnished. Particular attention paid to designing COLLIERY LOCOMOTIVES. Patents confidentially solicited. ☞An EVENING DRAWING CLASS for mechanics every WEDNESDAY NIGHT. ap4:n98

COLGATE & CO.'S

FRAGRANT

TOILET SOAPS.



Are prepared by skilled workmen, from the best materials, and are known as the STANDARD by dealers and customers. Sold everywhere. de27:WF

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,

STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND AUCTIONEERS,

Are prepared to sell at Auction STOCKS, BONDS, and all kinds of SECURITIES, REAL ESTATE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms.

Particular attention paid, as heretofore, to the sale of Real Estate at private sale.

Sales af Real Estate in the country attended.

Office, No. 115 FOURTH STREET. oc23

CHEAP FARMS FOR SALE.

I have now for sale several of the finest FARMS in Westmoreland and Indiana counties, on remarkably easy terms, so easy that any one desirous of buying can purchase on time altogether. Call and examine for yourself.

G. M. PETTY.
mh4 No. 80 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR RENT.—A large two-story double House, containing 10 rooms, including double parlor, with marble mantles, and all the modern improvements; 1 acre of ground, filled with fruit, grapes, berries, &c. Situated near Minersville, at the termination of the Wylie street Passenger cars. This is one of the handsomest locations in Allegheny county, and in a good neighborhood. Apply at W. A. HERRON'S Real Estate Office, 87 Grant street. mh25

FOR SALE & TO LET.--Houses and Lots for sale in all parts of the city and suburbs. Also, several FARMS in good locations. Also, a small WOOLEN FACTORY, with 20 acres of land, and good improvements, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Business Houses to let on good streets. Private Dwelling Houses for rent in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
ja22 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

CHEAP BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—100 cheap BUILDING LOTS in the flourishing village of Allentown, adjoining the Birmingham line, ten minutes walk from Carson street or by the Pittsburgh and Brownsville Road; delightful and healthy location. During last year 50 buildings were erected on these grounds, besides a large school building. The above lots are large sizes, and will close them out at very low prices, say from $200 to $300, and only requiring the small sum of $10 paid down; the balance can be paid at the rate of $10 per month (if preferred). Call and examine our plots of the ground, at corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets. [my5] B. McLAIN & CO.

2,000,000 ACRES OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE,

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

au14: St. Louis, Missouri.

WHITE LEAD AND COLORS.

CHROME YELLOW,

FOR

HAM PACKERS,

AND

McCOY'S VERDITER GREEN,

FOR SALE BY

HARRIS & EWING,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Corner of Liberty and Wayne Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,

PITTSBURGH

White Lead and Color Works,

MANUFACTURERS OF

WHITE AND RED LEAD;
ZINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEAD;
McCOY'S VERDITER GREEN,
And all colors, dry or in oil.

OFFICE, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.

Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street, and 49, 51 and 53 Lacock Street, Allegheny.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Western District of Pennsylvania, ss., at Pittsburgh, Pa., May 2d, A. D. 1868.

To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JEFFERSON VARNEY, of Allegheny City, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

JAMES W. MURRAY, Assignee,
my5:p70 Attorney-at-Law, 116 Fifth street.

WESTERN DISTRICT of PENNSYLVANIA, ss.

At Pittsburgh, the 31st day of March, A. D. 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of ALBERT CONKLE, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

JOHNN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
ap1:n75-w Att'y-at-Law, 89 Grant street.

WESTERN DISTRICT of PENNSYLVANIA, ss.

At Pittsburgh, the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JAMES E. SHIELDS, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
ap28:p30-w Attorney-at-Law, 89 Grant street.

LEGAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application has been made by the undersigned to the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County for a CHARTER OF INCORPORATION of

"The German Independent Beneficial Society of Allegheny City,"

And that the same will be granted on the first MONDAY of June next, unless exceptions are filed thereto.

W. M. MOFFETT,

Attorney for Association.
March 24th, 1868. mh25:n32-w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of WILLIAM DAVIS, deceased, late of the City of Allegheny, (formerly of East Birmingham,) are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them, properly authenticated for settlement, to

THOS. VARNER, Executor.
Baldwin Tp., April 4th, 1868. ap8:n92-w

NOTICE.—An application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania for the pardon of

ABEL COHEN,

who was convicted at the March sessions 1868 of secreting property for the purpose of defrauding creditors.

my5:p75-TWF BERTHA COHEN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application for the pardon of JAMES WEYMAN, convicted at the October term, 1866, of an attempt to commit Burglary, will be made to the Governor for his unexpired term of sentence.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1868. my6:w

OAK TANNED LEATHER BELTING, quality warranted good, at the lowest rates.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
ap15 36 and 38 St. Clair street.

INSURANCE.

BEN FRANKLIN

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

Office in Franklin Savings Bank Buildings,

No. 43 Ohio St., Allegheny.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

HENRY IRWIN.....President.
GEO. D. RIDDLE.....Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Henry Irwin,	D. L. Patterson,	Henry Gerwig,
Geo. R. Riddle,	Jacob Franz,	Gottlieb Faas,
Simon Drum,	J. B. Smith,	Jacob Rush,
W. M. Stewart,	Ch. P. Whiston,	Joseph Craig,
Jos. Lautner,	H. J. Zinkand,	Jeremiah Kohen.

ap10:o35

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.,

OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

Office, in ALLEGHENY TRUST COMPANY'S BUILDING.

FIRE INSURANCE ONLY.

W. W. MARTIN, President.
JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

A. H. English,	O. H. P. Williams	Jno. Thompson,
Jno. A. Myler,	Jas. Lockhart,	Jos. Myers,
Jas. L. Graham,	Robt. Lea,	C. C. Boyle,
Jno. Brown, Jr.	Geo. Gerst,	Jacob Kopp.

mh25:n34

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.

Office, 82 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alexander Nimick,	John R. McCune,
R. Miller, Jr.,	Chas. J. Clarke,
James McAuley,	William S. Evans,
Alexander Speer,	Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Andrew Ackleu,	Phillip Reymer,
David M. Long,	Wm. Morrison,
D. Ihmsen.	

no27

PENNSYLVANIA

INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTTSBURGH

OFFICE, 21 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

LEONARD WALTER, President.
C. C. BOYLE, Vice President.
ROBERT PATRICK, Treasurer.
HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Leonard Walter,	George Wilson,
C. C. Boyle,	Geo. W. Evans,
Robert Patrick,	J. C. Lappe,
Jacob Painter,	J. C. Fleiner,
Josiah King,	John Voegtley,
Jas. H. Hopkins,	A. Ammon.
Henry Sproul,	

jy4:

INDEMNITY

AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICE, 435 & 437 CHESTNUT ST., NEAR 5TH.

DIRECTORS:

Charles N. Bancker,	Mordecai H. Louis,
Tobias Wagner,	David S. Brown,
Samuel Grant,	Isaac Lea,
Jacob R. Smith,	Edward C. Dale,
George W. Richards,	George Fales.

CHARLES G. BANCKER, President.
EDW. C. DALE, Vice President.
W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
mh2:w15

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

OFFICE, No. 37 EIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK

Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
JOHN D. McCORD, Vice President.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

John Irwin, Jr.,	Capt. Wm. Dean,
John D. McCord,	B. L. Fahnestock,
C. G. Hussey,	W. H. Everson,
Harvey Childs,	Robert H. Davis,
T. J. Hoskinson,	Francis Sellers,
Charles Hays,	Capt. J. T. Stockdale.

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE, N. E. CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.

A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Phillips,	Capt. John L. Rhoads,
John Watt,	Samuel P. Shriver,
John E. Parks,	Charles Arbuckle,
Capt. James Miller,	Jared M. Brush,
Wm. Van Kirk,	Wm. F. Lang,
James D. Verner,	Samuel McCrickart

WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
W. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
CAPT. JAS. GORDON, General Agent.

COAL AND COKE.

BEST FAMILY COAL

ALWAYS ON HAND

And Delivered Promptly to Order,

AT LOWEST MARKET RATES, BY

OSCAR F. LAMM & CO.,

Corner Sandusky Street and P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.

ALLEGHENY CITY,

ANTHRACITE COAL FURNISHED AT THE LOWEST RATES. je6:

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.
my25:b25

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG,

DEALER IN

YOUGHIOGLENY AND CONNELLSVILLE COAL,

And Manufacturers of

COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.

Office and Yard—CORNER OF BUTLER AND MORTON STREETS. First yard on Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth Ward, and on Second street, near Lock No. 1, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Families and Manufacturers supplied with the best article of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash rates. Orders left at any of their offices will receive prompt attention.

ARMSTRONG & HUTCHINSON,

Successors to
PHILADELPHIA AND YOUGHIOGHENY COAL CO.,

MINERS, SHIPPERS AND DEALERS, BY RAILROAD AND RIVER, of superior Youghiogheny

CAS AND FAMILY COAL.

Office and Yard—FOOT OF TRY STREET, near the Gas Works.

SUPERIOR COAL.

C. CHERRY & CO.,

Miners and Shippers of PITTSBURGH GAS, FORGE and FAMILY COAL, NUT COAL and SLACK.

Coal delivered promptly to all parts of the cities at the lowest market rates.

Office and Yard—CORNER FOURTH AND WATSON (formerly Canal) STREETS, Pittsburgh.
P. O. BOH 1393. oc23:

FURNITURE.

118. PRACTICAL 118.

FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

LEMON & WEISE,

NO. 118 FOURTH STREET.

Constantly on hand every variety of PARLOR and CHAMBER FURNITURE, together with a complete assortment of common Furniture at reduced prices.

Those in want of anything in our line are cordially invited to call before purchasing.

Work guaranteed.
mh21:n14 LEMON & WEISE.

SEEDS.

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,

Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen.

SEED STORE—112 SMITHFIELD STREET, opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Greenhouses at Oakland. Nurseries on Squirrel Hill. mh9

AMUSEMENTS.

☞PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

FRED AIMS.....MANAGER.
GEO. H. BARTON.....STAGE MANAGER.

Great double bill of the season. First night of the celebrated CAU-CAU. First night of the expose of the secret society, KU-KLUX KLAN. Johnny Hart, Bob Hart, Campbell, Oscar Willis, and the entire double Company.

☞BURNELL'S

MUSEUM EXHIBITION,

Comprising WORKS OF ART and GREAT NATURAL LIVING CURIOSITIES,

AT FRANKLIN HALL,

Fifth street, opposite Pittsburgh Theatre.
Cards of Admission, 25 cents. Doors open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 10 P. M. ap8:o18

☞THAYER & NOYES'

GIGANTIC

CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE,

OF

TRAINED ANIMALS.

RED LION LOT,

Commencing MONDAY, May 4th.

TOURNAMENT EVERY NIGHT.

☞Doors open at 1 and 7 P. M. Performances commence at 2 and 8 P. M.
my4:p67

☞MASONIC HALL.

BARNUM'S

NEW YORK MUSEUM.

Collection of Living Wonders.

FOR SIX DAYS ONLY, COMMENCING

ON FRIDAY, MAY 8th,

☞AFTERNOON AND EVENING.☜

NOTICE.—We would respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh that these "freaks of nature" constituted one of the principal features of attraction at our Museum on Broadway, previous to its destruction by fire, in March last. Doubtless many of you, when in New York, have seen them. We therefore feel assured you will have no hesitancy in renewing an old acquaintanceship, and inviting your friends to attend these Levees, and also affording the ladies and "little ones" an opportunity of so doing. In furtherance of this object, we shall hold Levees EVERY AFTERNOON in addition to the Evening Exhibitions, in order that the ladies, children, and entire community may witness these interesting representatives of

LILLIPUT AND BROBDINGNAG.

The troupe consists of the beautiful

Circassian Girls,

Dwarfs, Fat Boys,

Giants, Etc., Etc.,

In appropriate costume and character.

Levees will be held Afternoon and Evenings.

Exhibitions from 2 o'clock until 5 in the afternoon, and from 7 until 10 in the evening.

☞Admission, 25 cents; Children under ten, 15 cents. my4:p65

HOTELS.

THE MANSION HOUSE.

The undersigned beg to announce to their friends and the public that they have purchased this OLD ESTABLISHED and POPULAR HOUSE,

No. 344 Liberty Street,

And will continue to keep it in the best style. The MANSION HOUSE has over one hundred rooms, all newly furnished in the best style, and only two minutes' walk from the Railroad Depot. Travelers will find this house an excellent one to stop at, and will be accommodated any hour, day or night.

Connected with the House is a splendid Hall for Concerts.

Families or single persons taken to board by the day, week or month, with or without rooms.

H. WAGNER,
mh17:m87 PITTSBURGH.

CONDUCTED ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

Nos. 405 and 407 Liberty St.,

Opposite Union Depot, PITTSBURGH.

JAMES K. LANAHAN, Proprietor,

This house is newly built and splendidly furnished, and convenient to all the Railroads coming into the city. Strangers visiting the city will find this a very convenient and economical plan. You secure your room and pay for your meals as you get them. The Restaurant connected with this hotel is open at all hours of the day and night. Balls and parties supplied with Suppers at the shortest notice and reasonable rates. se18:g88

LUMBER.

LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER!

ALEXANDER PATTERSON,

YARDS No. 86 Preble Street formerly Manchester, and No. 157 Rebecca street, opposite Gas Works,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Rough and Planed Lumber,

Flooring,	Doors.
Weatherboarding,	Sash.
Shingles,	Mouldings.
Saw Mill Lumber,	Cedar and Locust Posts,
Lath and Palings,	Oak and Yellow Pine.

ALSO—FIRE BRICK, TILE and CLAY. ap15:o59

FORT PITT LUMBER COMPANY

Capital, - - - $125,000.

PRESIDENT—EDWARD DITHRIDGE.
SECRETARY—T. A. WRIGHT.
SUPERINTENDENT—EDW. DAVISON.

DIRECTORS:

Edward Davison,	L. F. Duncan,
John Mellon,	E. D. Dithridge,
Geo. W. Dithridge,	M. L. Malone,
	S. R. Johnston.

LUMBER YARD—Corner of BUTLER AND ALLEGHENY STREETS, Ninth Ward.

OFFICE AT FORT PITT GLASS WORKS, Washington Street. ja20:j98

FERTILIZERS.

TO WHEAT GROWERS.

EUREKA AMMONIATED BONE,

SUP. -PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

MANUFACTURED BY

The Allegheny Fertilizer Co.,

SEWARD & CAMPBELL,

PROPRIETORS,

Office, 356 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The best Fertilizer in use, and recognized by Farmers who have given it a trial, to be the standard for raising large crops of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Potatoes, &c. We have published for gratuitous circulation a pamphlet containing interesting and valuable statements of this Fertilizer, copies of which will be sent free to any sending us their address.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF ATWELL, LEE & CO. was dissolved on the 1st of February, 1868, by mutual consent. Either partner may sign the name of the firm in settlement.

JOHN ATWELL.
CHARLES ATWELL.
A. J. LEE.

The undersigned will continue the WHOLESALE GROCERY BUSINESS, under the name and style of ATWELL & LEE, at the old place, No. 131 Second street. A continuance of the patronage of their friends and the public is respectfully solicited.

CHARLES ATWELL.
mh7:m53 A. J. LEE.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

National Christian Convention Against Secret Societies—Opening Session.

In the fall of 1867 a Christian Convention against Secret Societies, was held at Aurora, Illinois. Before adjourning a series of resolutions, setting forth the necessity of a National Convention, were adopted by the Convention, and a Committee appointed to make arrangements for holding the same. In accordance with the resolutions, the following call signed by the Committee and accompanying notice were published:

A national convention of Christians opposed to secret societies will be held in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa., on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the 5th, 6th and 7th days of May next, commencing at 7 o'clock p. m. on Tuesday. All who are included in th call are invited to attend.

J. Blanchard, President Wheaton College, Ill.
Rev. B. T. Roberts, Rochester, N. Y., Free Methodist.
Rev. T. P. Stevenson, Editor *Christian Statesman*, Philadelphia, Reformed Presbyterian.
Rev. A. Ritchie, Editor *Christian Press*, Cincinnati, Ohio, United Presbyterian.
Rev. D. Berger, editor *Religious Telescope*, Dayton, Ohio, United Brethren.
Rev. Nathan Brown, editor *American Baptist*, New York city.
Rev. A. Crooks, editor *Wesleyan*, Syracuse, N. Y.
Prof. Henry Fairchild, Oberlin College, Ohio, Congregationalist.
Rev. John Laurence, Nashville Tenn.
Rev. A. C. Van Roalte, Protestant Dutch, Holland, Mich.
Rev. M. Bennet, Presiding Elder Methodist Episcopal Church, Kilbourne, Wis.
Rev. Wm. Delos Love, Milwaukee, Wis., Congregationalist.
Rev. Nathaniel Colver, D. D., Richmond, Va., Baptist.
Rev. Dr. Cooper, Philadelphia, Penna., United Presbyterian.
Henry Kimball, Esq., Brooklyn, N. Y., of the Church of Christ.

At a meeting of ministers and members of Churches, hastily convened for consultation, in Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 19th of February, a local committee was appointed from the various denominations to make all needed arrangements, with power to fill vacancies and increase their number. This committee will announce itself soon.

Members of the National Committee, empowered to do so, have conferred with the following gentlemen, who have promised to submit prepared papers to the Convention on the following topics, viz;

1. Action of the Secret Orders on Social Relations—President J. H. Fairchild, Oberlin, Ohio.

2. Action of the Secret Orders on Christian Civilization—Hon. Henry Wilson, U. S. Senate.

3. The Secret Orders a Religion—President J. Blanchard, Wheaton College, Ill.

Further arrangements will be announced in due time by the National and Local Committees.

J. Blanchard,
Chairman National Committee.

In compliance with the foregoing call the Convention assembled last evening in Lafayette Hall, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, at 7½ o'clock. The number in attendance was respectably large, some twelve States being represented.

The meeting was called to order by Rev. Joel Blanchard, who nominated Rev. Dr. Cooper, of Philadelphia, as Chairman.

Dr. Cooper declined on account of his health, after which Dr. Brown was nominated and elected Temporary Chairman.

Mr. A. J. Bailey, of Illinois, was chosen temporary Secretary.

The Chairman then called upon Rev. Dr. Eaton to lead in prayer.

The Chairman then stated that it was proper that the call for the Convention should be read, and called upon Dr. Blanchard, Chairman of the National Committee, to read it.

Mr. Blanchard, upon taking the stand, said that the National Committee, of which he was Chairman, was appointed by a Convention held in Aurora, Illinois, in which six States were represented. He then read the call, after which he said:

It was now nearly thirty years since a Young Men's Anti-Masonic Convention was held in Allegheny county, at which a letter was read signed by Daniel Webster, stating "that the secret orders of this country were wrong in their foundation, &c., and that they ought to be prohibited by law." He quoted the words he said, not because they were stated or written by Daniel Webster, but because they were the universal sentiment of the christian community east and west.

The sentiment of the west at that time, he said, was, "that membership in secret organizations was inconsistant with the Christian religion." He referred to a Convention held in the graveyard at Grey Fryer's Church thirty years ago, where a number of Presbyterian ministers had agreed in solemn compact to "stand up for the religion of Christ and oppose the religion invented by men." He referred to the abduction of Morgan, who, he said, had been hauled through a thickly settled county in the State of New York in a yellow coach, a distance of a hundred miles, and said that there were good men connected with the affair, and it was for this reason that the people opposed the organization. He said that the history of the anti-Masonic movement had proven that a religious evil could not be cured by a political movement, and recommended prayer.

The meeting was then lead in prayer by a delegate, after which Rev. Joel Blanchard lead the Convention in singing,

"Nearer my God, to thee,"

which was followed by prayer.

After some further singing and prayer the Chairman stated that he thought it would be practicable to appoint a Committee on Permanent Organization.

Rev. Dr. Fairchilds was nominated as Chairman of the Committee, Rev. B. T. Roberts, of Rochester, N. Y., Wm. Pittinsgill, Illinois, Rev. Dr. Berger, Ohio. Dr. J. S. Easton, Allegheny, Rev. Dr. J. T. Cooper, Philadelphia, and Rev. Dr. March, of the New York State Temperance Society, were selected as the Committee.

On motion it was resolved that the Convention should hold a session at half-past eight o'clock this morning for devotional exercises, after which the Convention would proceed to the regular business.

On motion the Committee on Permanent Organization was requested to report during the present session.

A delegate suggested the propriety of employing a Phonographic reporter, to make a *verbatim* report of the proceedings of the Convention.

A gentleman stated that as this was not a delegate convention he thought it would be proper all who desired to be members of the Convention to sign a record.

On motion it was resolved that the hours of meeting should be 8½ A. M., 2 and 7½ o'clock P. M., and the hours of adjournment at 12 M. 5 and 9 o'clock P. M.

On motion a Committee on Enrollment was appointed, consisting of Rev. Travis, Orman and Milligen.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

The Committe on Permanent Organization was announced as being ready to report, when Rev. Dr. Fairchilds, Cairman of the Committee submitted ths following:

Your committee labor under some inconvenience in preparing their report, in consequence of there not being a roll of the members of the Convention, and would request that one be prepared. They submitted the following named gentlemen as permanent officers of the Convention:

President—Bishop Edwards, Ohio.

Vice Presidents—Maj. Wm. Frew, Pittsburgh. Rev. Henry Cowles, Ohio. Rev. A. Crooks, New York. Dr. Thos. Sproull, Allegheny. Rev. B. T. Roberts, New York.

Secretaries—1st, Dr. John Douglas, Pittsburgh. 2d Rev. A. A. Phelps, New York.

The report was accepted and adopted.

Bishop Edwards took the Chair, and stated that he would have been glad had the Committee excused him from the honor, but as they had seen fit to place it upon him, he would discharge the duties to the best of his ability.

The Secretaries were then called upon to take their seats.

Mr. Travis, Chairman of the Committee on Enrollment, requested the Committee to meet in the committee room to prepare a report.

A motion to appoint reporters to make a *verbatim* report of the proceedings of the Convention, was adopted.

Mr. Stratton, of New York, moved that the reporters of the Press be cordially invited to attend the Convention and report for their respective journals. Adopted.

On motion, the appointing of the reporters was referred to the Committee on Permanent Organization.

On motion, it was resolved to hear the report of Rev. Joel Blanchard Wednesday evening, and that of Rev. Dr. Fairchild at three o'clock.

Mr. Travis, Chairman of the Committee on Enrollment, reported that the Committee would have the necessary books prepared and on the Secretaries' desk at the next session, so that all may register their names.

On motion of Dr. Henry Cowles, the Committee on Permanent Organization was made a Committee on Business.

On motion, adjourned, with prayer by Rev. Dr. Cowles.

Birmingham Council.

A regular monthly meeting of Birmingham Council was held Thursday evening in the office of Burgess Salisbury.

Members present: Ihmson, Ward, Wettach, Welker, McIlwaine, Atterbury, Malone and Burgess Salisbury.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Johnson, Chairman of the Finance Committee, reported that the Committee had examined the accounts of the Borough officers and found the same correct. Also, that the Committee had seen the parties holding bounty bonds for large amounts, but did not suceed in getting them to hold off. The Committee succeeded in negotiating a loan of $4,000 to pay the installments due on said bond

Mr. Welker, from the Street Committee, reported that the lower end of the sewer on Joseph street, below Carson street, had been repaired; also, that the Water Committee were laying pipe on Grosvener street; also, that the Committee have ordered a fire plug to be placed at the corner of Grosvener and Frederick streets; also, that the borough wharf was in good condition.

Mr. McIlwain, from the Market Committee, reported the Market House and all its surroundings in good condition.

Mr. Wettach, from the Committee of Conference appointed to meet a similar Committee from East Birmingham, in relation to the improvement of Harmony street, reported that the East Birminghan Committee refused to agree upon any recommendation until they had ascertained the will of the property holders on that portion of the street lying in their borough.

Mr. Wettach stated that he had been requested by the property holders on Joseph street, from Carson to Washington, to have the same paved. Also, Washington, from Joseph to Gregg street. A resolution directing the preparation of an ordinance for paving the above streets was passed.

An order from Peter O'Neil, contractor, on the Treasurer, in favor of Peter Holson, for $150, was read and accepted.

The following bills were presented:

McIntosh, Hemphill & Co.	$7,75
S. Montgomery	6,62
Pittsburgh *Dispatch*, adv.	30,00

Warrants were ordered to be drawn for the payment of the above bills.

The Burgess stated that it had been the custom each year to pay $25 for the regulation of the town clock. In accordance with that custom he had paid that sum for the year, and asked for a warrant for the amount. Warrants authorized.

A petition from Mr. Shaffer and others, property holders on Union alley, for permission to construct a sewer, to connect with the Washington street sewer, the same to be made at their individual expense, was presented, and on motion, the prayer of the petitioners was granted.

Warrants were ordered to be drawn for the payment of monthly salaries of Borough officers, as follows:

F. Fogel, high constable		$ 50 00
H. Husted, night watch		60 00
F. Lundell,	do	60 00
Jas. Smith,	do	60 00
D. Doran, street commissioner		300 00
J. W. Rollins (on account)		30 00

On motion of Mr. Welker, ordered that the Finance Committee be instructed to pay Peter O'Niel, contractor, $500 on account, and more than that amount, if possible.

The placing of a gas lamp on the corner of Harmony and Bingham streets was authorized. Also, one on the corner of Grosvenor and Bradford streets.

On motion, the Burgess was authorized to advertise for proposals for grading and paving the streets mentioned in another part of these proceedings.

Councils adjourned to meet on Monday next, at the Burgess' office for the purpose of viewing the wharf with reference to establishing a grade thereon.

A Frightful Runaway.

Yesterday afternoon an exciting and frightful runaway occurred, which fortunately terminated without serious injury to any person. A horse attached to Mr. John Hay's furniture wagon took fright on Wylie street, near Federal, and ran down to Fifth street, scattering the furniture with which the wagon was loaded along the street, the rattle and noise of which appeared to increase his fright and give additional speed to his already rapid pace. He turned down Fifth street, running at a fearful gait, and when opposite the *Chronicle* office, the driver lost his balance and was thrown from the wagon into the mud in the middle of the street, from which he was extricated in a most deplorable condition, so far as his clothes were concerned, but fortunately without having received any bodily injury. The horse being now free from all restraint except that imposed by the light wagon to which he was attached, contined his run at an increased rate of speed, turning down Wood street, which he followed to the wharf, where he was stopped in his wild career by running into a pile of pig metal. Strange to say, the wagon was but slightly injured, but the horse was considerably used up.

The Real Estate Savings Bank.

A statement of the affairs of this institution up to the 30th ult. appears among our advertisements to-day. Our readers should examine this statement and observe the names of those prominent citizens under whose trusteeship it has made so remarkable a growth. In its very brief career its deposits have run up to $430,000; its total assets are $468,234; its contingent fund $27,409. Such institutions as this, prospering as this does, indicates a healthy state of business and a becoming frugality on the part of the operative classes, who find it a safe depository for their earnings, where every dollar becomes a co-worker with its owner in advancing his worldly prosperity. We predict a still higher appreciation of the Real Estate Savings Bank and an indefinite increase of its business.

Surety of the Peace.

John Curry yesterday made information before Alderman Strain, against Jonathan Lowe, a stone mason, for surety of the peace. Curry, who is also a stone mason, was employed by the defendant during the past month, but having severed his connection with his employer, went yesterday to collect the wages due him, when, he alleges, Lowe threatened "to kick the life out of him." Fearing that Lowe would carry his threat into execution, and having no desire to leave this "world of sin and misery" at this time, he took the necessary step to prevent the occurrence. A warrant was issued.

JAMESTOWN, PA.

The Oil Trade—Jamestown and Franklin Railroad—The Lake at Stoneboro—Desirable Watering Place.

[Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

JAMESTOWN, PA., May 4, 1868.

In Franklin, where we dated our last letter, we had the pleasure of meeting many warm and venerable friends of the GAZETTE, some of whom had been readers of it doubly as long as your correspondent has been sojourning on this mundane sphere. It is gratifying to learn that a journal can be conducted through nearly a century of time in such a manner as to carry with it the respect and esteem of succeeding generations. Such has been the history of the GAZETTE. Go where you will in the old settled portions of the Commonwealth and you find gray-headed men, who, following the example of their fathers, adhere to the "old and reliable" and tell you that they gained their early knowledge of the world from the paper you represent, and that their education has been mainly drawn from the columns of their favorite journal. One old gentleman, now ripe for the grave, took us by the hand and said, "well, I'm glad to see you. I've been a constant reader of the GAZETTE for nigh half a century, and, in my early years, my toy liberty caps were made out of old papers printed by your predecessors, before my mother was born." We tried to look old, to wrinkle our forehead and bend our shoulders as though the weight of an hundred years of journalistic responsibility bowed us down, but made a sad failure in casting off youth, for our old friend disparagingly continued—"and yet, you ain't a very old man." We assured him that that was not our fault, and in behalf of the past and present proprietors thanked him kindly for the long support he had given the journal we represent. Backed with such friends, how could the GAZETTE cease to prove popular? They will gloss over our faults and forgive us our trespasses for the sake of Auld Lang Syne. Even had the GAZETTE not a single merit they would cling to it with tenacity as it is inseparably connected with the history of their lives.

THE OIL TRADE.

From various reliable sources of information we are prepared to believe that the oil excitement is about again to burst forth, but not in such wild form as marked the early development of the trade in these sections. The business has sunk to a legitimate basis. The operations have lost the fancy color imparted by fabulous figures, and the work of development goes on quietly and orderly. The striking of a new well is marked no longer by a rush to the regions of half crazed speculators willing to venture their bottom dollar in securing space enough in close proximity to sink a pipe and coax the greasy wealth to the surface. Things have changed; conservatism reigns. The oil lands have been left in the possession of men who have survived the financial revolution which swept so many gilt edged companies from the surface, and depreciated certificate of stock to the current value of ordinary wall paper. Shrewd in business affairs, careful, but reasonably venturesome, these men pursue their business in a systematic manner, and doubtless under their management the production of oil will be eventually brought up to the same prolific yield as marked the wild days of stock jobbing and gambling. The supply held in the oil regions is very considerable, but not so large as some may imagine. There are many good producing wells which are steadily operated, thus daily increasing the stock on hand. The speculators in crude anticipate that they will realize before June five dollars per barrel for oil stowed away in immense tanks throughout the region. Col. James Bleakley and Major S. T. Kennedy, of Franklin, hold nearly half a million of gallons, which we presume hardly cost them five cents per gallon. They have been offered ten and a half cents, but hold on expecting twelve and a half before the expiration of the present month. Oil is destined to reach its full or approximate commercial value some time, and we are among those who believe that whatsoever price it realizes during the coming thirty days will prove the ruling figures throughout the summer. Of two facts the dealers in petroleum can rest assured: 1. The production is not now in excess of the demand. 2. The supply on hand is not so great as to preclude the possibility of exhaustion by any excitement in the the market. We should imagine that selling short would be a dangerous experiment unless good round prices were obtained. Six months hence there may be more brilliant prospects for cheap oil, as many persons vested with capital are preparing to enter into the producing business, and new developments may be looked for daily.

THE JAMESTOWN AND FRANKLIN RAILROAD.

If we were called on to select a model railroad, the above would certainly commend itself to our favor, and we would have but little hesitation in making our award. It is most perfect in construction, and in admirable order. There is not an unsound tie or rotten timber to be found in its entire length. The rails are of the best quality of iron, laid with a refreshing nicety and precision. The road leads from Franklin to Jamestown, a three hour's ride—connecting with the Erie and Pittsburgh line at the latter point, thus opening an outlet to all points of the country, East, West, North and South. The road is under the superintendence of G. H. McIntire, Esq., of the E & P. Railroad. This gentleman is one of the most thorough and accomplished railway officials in the United States. He has been over fifteen years in the service of the company, (the J. & F. road is under a twenty years' lease to the E. & P. Co.,) and of course has had large practical experience in railway matters. He travels over the road several times a week in order to satisfy himself of its condition. There are nine bridges in the comparatively brief stretch between Franklin and Jamestown, rendered necessary from the eccentricities of the meandering Shenango creek. These are constructed in the most substantial manner, and rest on solid cut stone foundations. They are all covered in, whitewashed and conspicuously numbered. Another feature of the line, which favorably strikes the passenger, is the uniformity and elegance of the station houses. These are very handsome frame structures, of a neat style of architecture, handsomely painted inside and out, and containing freight wareroom, ladies' and gent's separate waiting rooms, telegraph and express offices, and water closets and wash rooms. The absence of such station houses is the main cause of complaint from the traveling community with most roads throughout the country.

The GAZETTE is sold on all trains by Mr. H. A. Willing a gentlemanly news agent.

There are many thriving villages along this route, which follows the rich and beautiful Shenango Valley, abounding in romantic sceneries. At Raymilton will be observed the remains of an old furnace put up and operated nearly a quarter of a century ago, by Charles M. Reed, of Erie, Pa. The difficulty of obtaining transportation for the iron caused the abandonment of this furnace, as well as others, whose ragged ruins peer up at several points on the road. However, we learn that the Raymilton furnace is to be again put into operation, and as the country abounds in rich iron ore, limestone and bituminous coal, we cannot see why it should not pay large profits. There are a number of extensive coal mines along the route, and at several we noticed that new chutes are being erected. The coal obtained is softer and more crumbling in its nature than that dug out of the Pittsburgh mines, but it is fully equal in every other respect. The most extensive collieries are those of the Mercer iron and coal works, located back of the thriving town of Stoneboro. This company operates largely, owning a rich mineral tract of over five thousand acres, and giving employment to over a thousand men. Their employes principally compose the town of Stoneboro, and bear, like our own miners, high character as honest, industrious, sober and intelligent men.

A FAIRY LAKE.

Had our tour of observation been in Italy, Switzerland or France instead of old matter-of-fact Pennsylvania, we should here be prepared to rush into ecstacies of delight over a most charming fairy lake of crystal water, modestly located within sight of Stoneboro. How such a marvelous scrap of beauty, such a grand contribution by nature to the scenery of the State, could have escaped general observation so long, we can hardly imagine. It would fill the painters wildest dream of fancy and ruthlessly wreck the brightest imaginations of the poet, for in reality it is prettier than a picture, more charming than the sweetest song. Its waters are as clear and pure as a child's conscience, and as cold as the world's charity. Imagine a monstrous mirror laid flat with its bright reflecting surface upward, to cover a square mile or more, and you can form some estimation of this pretty body of water which, owing to the good taste of early settlers, rejoices in the romantic name of Sandy Lake. How it derived that appellation we do not know, unless from its bed, which is of pure white sand. The waters which supply it rise from springs at the bottom, and singular to say it does not vary more than fifteen inches in depth from one year to another. In some places it is a depth of one hundred feet. It abounds with fish, ranging in size from thirty pounders down to the little "chubbies." During one month last winter after the breaking of the ice, and when the fish were spawning, some inconsiderate men killed twelve thousand with harpoons and nets. These they peddled from Jamestown to Meadville and Erie and realized a handsome profit from their sale. At the last session of the Legislature a bill was passed providing for the correction of this abuse, and hereafter fishing in it by hook, line and rod will only be allowed. The scenery about the lake is very fine. Tall hills rise abruptly from its right banks and hedge it in on that side its full length. On the left side the scenery is of a less striking character, being made up of stretches of forest on a level plain, through which the iron horse has found his way. When the wonderful beauties of this lake are generally known it will be included in the programme of all tourists looking up the grand and beautiful scenery of the country.

A SUMMER RESORT.

Taking advantage of the charming site for the location of a summer resort, Col. James Bleakley, President and proprietor of the Franklin International Bank, joint owner of the Franklin Exchange, a director of the Jamestown and Franklin road, and one of the most worthy and enterprising citizens of Venango county, has purchased the frontage on the lake and erected a commodious and elegant hotel. This is in charge of Maj. S. T. Kennedy, a gentleman abundantly qualified to discharge the duties of host. The hotel is entirely new, and a very handsome specimen of architecture. It has capacity to comfortably accommotwo hundred guests. Furnished with taste throughout, surrounded by pretty walks, covered promenades, drives, ornamental gardens, ten pin alleys, billiard rooms, dancing hall and best of all sparkling springs of sulphur water of high medicinal qualities. It is just the place to spend the summer vacation from the toils and troubles of business. The spring water is so strongly impregnated with sulphur that we would imagine the place specially attractive to mothers with marriageable daughters—sulphur being so good an auxiliary for match making. The hotel keeps a full force of help, and has a good stock of sailing boats, pleasure yawls and fishing tackle for the use of guests. We spent a pleasant day here and were not only delighted with the beautiful scenery surrounding the hotel, but likewise with the clever management of the house itself. Many Pittsburgh gentlemen spent a while with their families here last summer and have secured apartments for the coming season, which speaks volumes for the new place. The section is proverbially healthy, no damp air arising from the lake, and as it is within an hour's ride of either Franklin or Jamestown being located midway between those two points. The season at the Lake House will commence a few days hence, and it promises to prove a brilliant and successful one. If our friends want healthy recreation, solid enjoyment, fresh, tempting, old fashioned meals, they will come this way and partake of the hospitality of Maj. Kennedy and his estimable lady.

JAMESTOWN.

This town is making considerable headway and boasts quite a gain in population during the past few years. The finest building we observed is the private residence of Dr. Gibson. At the Cornell House, where the passengers dine, we found our old hotel acquaintance in charge, Mr. G. Griswoldy, formerly of the Reed House, Erie. This gentleman has had large experience and we are glad to know that he is recuperating the fortune lost by the fire which swept away the Reed House. Let none of our friends pass his door without making a call. In our next we will endeavor to furnish a more precise account of the operations going on in the oil regions.

H.

Assaulted by a Woman.

William Richards yesterday made information before Alderman Thomas, charging Mary Richards with assault and battery. The parties reside in the Eighth ward. It appears that the defendant was slightly intoxicated yesterday, and in passing down Washington street met the prosecutor, and attacked him. He alleges that she fought like an enraged tigress, tearing his clothes, biting and scratching him, and "using him up" generally. Mary was arrested, and after a hearing was held to bail for her appearance at Court, in default of which she was committed to jail.

Larceny of a Watch.

J. Klingensmith, an engineer on the Pennsylvania Railroad, made information before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, charging William Brown with the larceny of a watch, worth seventy-seven dollars and seventeen cents. The parties boarded together in the Ninth ward, and the alleged robbery occurred on Sunday morning, when, it is stated, the defendant was seen leaving the prosecutor's room. The defendant claims that he can prove that he was away from the boarding house all night and all the morning. The case was held for a hearing on Friday.

Alleged Woman Beater.—Margaret Dillon yesterday made information before Alderman Taylor, charging Morris Joy with assault and battery. She alleges that Joy came to her house on Locust street, where he committed an assault and battery upon her by striking her twice with his fist and pulling her hair. He was arrested and held for a hearing.

Postponed.—Owing to the failure of some of the jury in the Freyvogle case to attend at the time appointed, the Coroner was compelled to adjourn the inquest again. The time of meeting is now fixed for half-past one o'clock Saturday, when it is hoped that the jurors, as well as all persons having any knowledge of the case, will be prompt in attendance.

Congressional.—We direct attention to a card which appears in another column bearing on the Congressional [illegible] emanating from a number of prominent citizens of the Seventh ward.

The Humau System is constantly undergoing the processes of repair and decay.

So long as these processes exactly balance each other there is health.

Any disburbance of this balance is *disease*.

The infinite variety of ways in which the disturbance of this balance may be effected, make it a wonder that the full vigor of health is ever enjoyed by any.

In fact, but few persons do pass any considerable time of life without experiencing some of the aches, pains, weaknesses, sicknesses, etc., which are the monitors of existing disease.

These monitors should never be passed over lightly, nor considered slightly, as their neglect is the great cause of so many lingering sicknesses.

Many of the Chronic Diseases of to-day might have been arrested in their incipient stages, and speedy cures long since obtained, had timely application been made to a conscientious physician of learning, of judgment, and of skill in treatment.

The slightest feeling of distress is positive evidence of existing disease, and the sooner it is removed the better.

By thus nipping disease when these *signs* first appear, hundreds of lingering cases may be avoided and much suffering prevented.

It is not enough, however, for the physician to know the anatomy of the human body, the pathology of disease, and the nature and properties of his medicines.

He must know how to interpret these signs of diseases, that he may anticipate their actions.

He must know how to determine the *nature* of the disease, that he may select the appropriate remedy with which to abbreviate its course.

He must know how to determine the *extent* of the disease, that he may prescribe the remedy in sufficient strength to cut short its progress.

He must know how to estimate the *strength* and *endurance* of the patient that he may calculate the prospects of a cure.

These are some of the advantages we propose to gain by a scientific examination of the urine.

The *facts* which the optical appearances, chemical analyses, and microscopic observations reveal to the physician, compensate more than a hundred fold, for the time required to make the examination.

They throw such a flood of light upon the nature of the disease, and give such demonstrative evidence of the extent, that both the kind and degree may often be definitely determined by an examination of the urine alone, and, whatever the disease, seldom fails in furnishing us with the clue to the principles upon which it is to be tested.

No one should disregard the slightest feeling of indisposition no more than the severest suffering, but repair at once to a physician whose whole time and attention is devoted to the discovery of the best mode of relieving the most afflicted, in the shortest time, and at the least possible expense.

L. OLDSHUE, M. D.,
132 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record, before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, May 3d, 1868:

David A. Lecky to Samuel J. King, March 21, 1868; the undivided third part of a tract of land in Elizabeth township, containing 61 acres and 20 perches $2,700

Joseph Laurent, trustee, to George Keim, April 16, 1868; lots No. 77, 78, 79 and 80 in the plan of "East Liberty Bauverein," fronting on Liberty street 81 feet and extending in depth to Run street, 212 feet $444

Casper Kirchner to Peter Newman, March 1, 1868; lots No. 129 and 134 in John Brown's plan in Lower St. Clair township, 40 by 151 feet $1,050

John H. Beckfield et al. to Timothy O'Connell, Feb. 26, 1868; lot on Chestnut street, Fourth ward, Allegheny, 22 by 55 feet $1,010

John R. Bingler to Lucinda Piper, March 28, 1868; lots No. 1, 2 and 3 in Bingler's plan in Peebles township, on Ross street, 66 by 96 feet $902

Albert Uhlman to John G. Klouss, April 20, 1868; tract of land in Pitt township, comprising lots No. 19, 20 and 21 in R. E. McGowin's plan on Pennsylvania avenue, 60 by 160 feet $4,000

John Campbell to Thomas Martin, March 20, 1868; lot on Forbes street, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, 25 by 65 feet $1,000

Benjamin Bolton to Catharine Wander, April 15, 1868; lot in the village of Green Oak, containing 1¾ acre $225

John Sylvis to John Joyce, April 18, 1868, lot in Patton township, containing 24 perches $300

A. Ammon to Elizabeth Klinzing, March 30, 1868; lot on Harcum alley, East Birmingham, 20 by 60 feet $500

A. J. Woolslayer to Nathan Donnell, Feb. 21, 1868; lot on Torrens street, Collins township, 25 by 100 feet $200

Wilhelm & Siebert to Jane Belford, May 1, 1867; lot No. 40 in Wilhelm & Siebert's plan in Lawrenceville, on Chestnut street, 22 feet front $485

Joseph McNaugher et al. to Gustav Kann, April 30, 1868; lot on North avenue, Allegheny, 60 by 170 feet; buildings $9,000

At a Meeting of the Committee on Location of the Normal School Building, held at the House of Refuge of Beaver, Beaver county, a few days since, a resolution was passed instructing their Chairman to appoint a committee of three from each of the counties of the district, which is composed of Allegheny, Beaver and Butler counties, to confer together on the subject of location of the building. The Chair appointed the following said Committee: A. T. Douthett, Joseph Dilworth, James Kelly, of Allegheny county; John P. Dravo, J. M. Fields, F. Hise, of Beaver. Butler county not heard from. WM. ESPY, Chairman.

The above Committee, in connection with the General Committee of Allegheny county, are requested to meet on Saturday, the 9th of May, at ten o'clock A. M., at No. 54 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh. W. E.

Female Bruisers.—Nida Byerly and Mary Gaskill occupy adjoining houses on Locust street in the Fifth ward, and a few days since a difficulty arose between them which yesterday terminated in a regular "mill." Several blows passed, and finally they clinched, when hair-pulling and scratching was the order. Mrs. Gaskill having greater powers of endurance than her adversary, came out of the affray victorious, wherefore Nida made information before Alderman Taylor charging her with assault and battery. A warrant was issued, Mrs. Gaskill arrested and held for a hearing.

Barnum's Museum.—At Masonic Hall on Friday next, Barnum's collection of living wonders, from the recently destroyed New York museum. The troupe consists of the beautiful Circassian girls, giants, dwarfs, &c., forming a rare combination of Nature's oddities. Each afternoon a family matinee will be held, at which the irrepressible Phineas himself will be in attendance. A grand gala time may be anticipated, as the visit of Barnum's Museum may rightly be regarded as an epoch in our municipal history.

$3,000 Wanted on 200 Acres of the best timber land in Somerset county, which for timber alone is worth $5,000. The soil is good, and there are five veins of coal of the aggregate thickness of twenty feet, and in addition there are good and reliable veins of iron ore.

To the above I invite the attention of coal and iron men, as it is near to Railroad.

D. P. HATCH, 91 Grant street.

Committed.—John Smith, charged, on oath of W. C. Jones, with illegal liquor selling, was arrested and taken before the Mayor yesterday, who, after a hearing, committed him to jail to answer at Court. He was charged with violating the Sunday liquor law, and a fine of fifty dollars was imposed upon him, in default of which a commitment was lodged against him for trial.

If any of our readers want a good article of Old Cogniac Brandy or Old Rye Whisky, English or Scotch Ales, Wines of every description, for medicinal purposes, go to BURNS & CAUGHEY'S Drug Store, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets.

The Great Sale of Dress Goods, at Barker's.

Headache, from whatever cause, is one of those unpleasant symptoms not easily borne nor speedily relieved. Wilson's pills are peculiarly effective in relieving it. All the leading druggists in the United States sell them.

The Great Sale of Dress Goods, at Barker's.

"Look on this Picture, then on that,"

Here you behold the infirm step,
The pallid cheek, wasting form,
Untasted food, and a social atmosphere
Poisoned with the tales of aches, pains,
Sleepless nights and mental despondency.
There, laughing health, sparkling eyes,
Elastic step, craving appetite, forgotten cares,
Genial thought and ambitious resolves,
Show the contrast and mark the picture.
One took the Plantation Bitters—the other didn't. They are very beneficial for weak and delicate persons.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne, and at half the price. MWF&F

Shirt Fronts,

Sewed and woven, plain and embrodered.
Linen Handkerchiefs,
From 10c upward.
Ladies' Ribbed Hose,
Only 12½c.
Children's Ribbed Hose,
Only 12½c.
Children's Fancy Cotton Hose,
Only 12½c.
Ladies' Gloves,
Only 12½c.
At Barker's.

Chapped Hands, face and all roughness of the skin, certainly cured by using the *Juniper Tar Soap*, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It surpasses all other remedies as it will prevent roughness of the skin if used during cold weather. It is easily applied, avoiding all the trouble of the greasy compounds now in use. It can be used by ladies with the most tender skin, without irritation or pain, making it soft and clear. Sold by the druggists generally. wT.

Nainsook,
Bark,
Swiss,
Jaconet,
Bishop Lawn,
Bird's Eye Linen,
In great variety, at Barker's.

The Great Sale of Dress Goods, at Barker's.

DIED:

SCHWARTZ—On Sunday evening, May 3d, 1868, JACOB L. SCHWARTZ, in the 52d year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 136 North Avenue, Allegheny City, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished: also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, and No. 80 DIAMOND SQUARE, (by John Wilson & Bros.,) keeps always on hands the best Metal, Rosewood, Walnut and imitation Rosewood Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Coffins $20 upwards, all other Coffins in proportion. Carriages and Hearses furnished at low rates. Crape, Gloves, Plate and Engraving furnished gratis. Office open day and night.

MINERAL WATERS.

We are now receiving our SPRING AND SUMMER SUPPLY OF

Saratoga Star Spring Water.

Kissingen Water.

Vichy Water.

Congress Water, &c.

For sale by the bottle, dozen or gross.

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,

Corner Smithfield and Fourth Sts.

NWF

SPECTACLES,

WARRANTED TO

IMPROVE THE SIGHT,

AT

DUNSEATH & HASLETT'S,

JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS,

65 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

Adapted to a FIRST CLASS MERCHANT TAILORING TRADE,

JUST OPENED, AT

HENRY G. HALE'S,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets,

ONLY $10,

FOR A GOOD SET OF TEETH,

WARRANTED FOR ONE YEAR.

Something ENTIRELY NEW. Can only be obtained of the Inventor,

DR. SPENCER, 254 Penn St.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

N. B.—The ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYE inserted without pain. ap25:p6

WALK IN! WALK IN!

AND SEE THE NEW

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED AT

H. SMITH'S Tailoring Establishment,

No. 98 WYLIE STREET,

Corner of Federal.

FOR SALE.—HOBOKEN.—THE balance of those desirable Lots are now offered at private sale, and any one desirous of the building sites would do well to make a selection. The village is located on a beautiful and healthy spot, two and a half miles from Sharpsburg, on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, which runs through it, making it much more valuable and agreeable. Extensive preparations are now making for erecting a number of fine houses, which will prove an ornament to the town. The remainder of these Lots will be sold at very reasonable rates and on terms exceedingly easy. SILL & SHUTTERLY, Real Estate and Insurance Age s, Lawrenceville